

# INFORMATIONAL PROPOSAL (For information only, not to be used for bidding)

NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF ROADS  
LETTING DATE : November 13, 2003

CALL ORDER: F04                      CONTRACT ID: 1516X

CONTROL NO./SEQ. NO.: 12516 /000 PROJECT NO.: BRO-7067(15)

TENTATIVE START DATE: 07/26/04                      CONTRACT TIME: 70 WORKING DAYS

LOCATION: ON A COUNTY ROAD SOUTHWEST OF PAWNEE CITY  
IN COUNTY: PAWNEE

BIDDER

GROUP 6 BRIDGE AT STA. 24+23.00

THIS PROPOSAL CONTAINS A DBE GOAL OF 6.0 %.

## NOTES

THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF WORK WHICH WILL BE ACCEPTED IN THIS LETTING IS LIMITED TO \$_____.
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THE NUMBER OF _____ CONTRACTS WHICH WILL BE ACCEPTED IN THIS LETTING IS LIMITED TO _____.
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## **NOTICE TO ALL BIDDERS**

To report bid rigging activities, call: 1-800-424-9071

The U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) operates the above toll-free "hotline" Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. eastern time. Anyone with knowledge of possible bid rigging, bidder collusion, or other fraudulent activities should use the "hotline" to report such activities.

The "hotline" is part of the DOT's continuing effort to identify and investigate highway construction contract fraud and abuse and is operated under the direction of the DOT Inspector General. All information will be treated confidentially and caller anonymity will be respected.

## **LETTING QUESTIONS**

Prior to the letting, any questions pertaining to the Special Provisions or the plans for this project should be directed to Construction Division personnel at (402) 479-4568 or (402) 479-4529.

**REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS  
FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS**

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**ATTACHMENTS**

- A. Employment Preference for Appalachian Contracts  
(included in Appalachian contracts only)

**I. GENERAL**

1. These contract provisions shall apply to all work performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piece-work, station work, or by subcontract.

2. Except as otherwise provided in each section, the contractor shall insert in each subcontract all of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions, and further require their inclusion in any lower tier subcontract or purchase order that may in turn be made. The Required Contract Provisions shall not be incorporated by reference in any case. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with these Required Contract Provisions.

3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions shall be sufficient grounds for termination of the contract.

4. A breach of the following clauses of the Required Contract Provisions may also be grounds for debarment as provided in 29 CFR 5.12:

Section I, paragraph 2;  
Section IV, paragraphs 1, 2, 3, 4, and 7;  
Section V, paragraphs 1 and 2a through 2g.

5. Disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of Section IV (except paragraph 5) and Section V of these Required Contract Provisions shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the U.S. Department of Labor (DOL) as set forth in 29 CFR 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the DOL, or the contractor's employees or their representatives.

6. **Selection of Labor:** During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not:

- a. discriminate against labor from any other State, possession, or territory of the United States (except for employment

preference for Appalachian contracts, when applicable, as specified in Attachment A), or

- b. employ convict labor for any purpose within the limits of the project unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation.

**II. NONDISCRIMINATION**

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts of \$10,000 or more.)

1. **Equal Employment Opportunity:** Equal employment opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (28 CFR 35, 29 CFR 1630 and 41 CFR 60) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140 shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under this contract. The Equal Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications set forth under 41 CFR 60-4.3 and the provisions of the American Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR 35 and 29 CFR 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:

- a. The contractor will work with the State highway agency (SHA) and the Federal Government in carrying out EEO obligations and in their review of his/her activities under the contract.

- b. The contractor will accept as his operating policy the following statement:

"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, preapprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."

2. **EEO Officer:** The contractor will designate and make known to the SHA contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active contractor program of EEO and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.

3. **Dissemination of Policy:** All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action, or who are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of, and will implement, the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:

- a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer.

b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.

c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minority group employees.

d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.

e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.

4. **Recruitment:** When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minority groups in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.

a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minority group applicants. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees, and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority group applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.

b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, he is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system permits the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. (The DOL has held that where implementation of such agreements have the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Executive Order 11246, as amended.)

c. The contractor will encourage his present employees to refer minority group applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring minority group applicants will be discussed with employees.

5. **Personnel Actions:** Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:

a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to insure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.

b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.

c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.

d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with his obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve

such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of his avenues of appeal.

#### 6. Training and Promotion:

a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minority group and women employees, and applicants for employment.

b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs, i.e., apprenticeship, and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance. Where feasible, 25 percent of apprentices or trainees in each occupation shall be in their first year of apprenticeship or training. In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision.

c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.

d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of minority group and women employees and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.

7. **Unions:** If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use his/her best efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minority groups and women within the unions, and to effect referrals by such unions of minority and female employees. Actions by the contractor either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent will include the procedures set forth below:

a. The contractor will use best efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minority group members and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minority group employees and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.

b. The contractor will use best efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability.

c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the SHA and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.

d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of minority and women referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minority group persons and women. (The DOL has held that it shall be no excuse that the union with which the contractor has a collective bargaining agreement providing for exclusive referral failed to refer minority employees.) In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246 (Rev. 3-94)

tive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the SHA.

**8. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment:** The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment.

a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors and suppliers of his/her EEO obligations under this contract.

b. Disadvantaged business enterprises (DBE), as defined in 49 CFR 23, shall have equal opportunity to compete for and perform subcontracts which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract. The contractor will use his best efforts to solicit bids from and to utilize DBE subcontractors or subcontractors with meaningful minority group and female representation among their employees. Contractors shall obtain lists of DBE construction firms from SHA personnel.

c. The contractor will use his best efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.

**9. Records and Reports:** The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following completion of the contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the SHA and the FHWA.

a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:

(1) The number of minority and non-minority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;

(2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women;

(3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minority and female employees; and

(4) The progress and efforts being made in securing the services of DBE subcontractors or subcontractors with meaningful minority and female representation among their employees.

b. The contractors will submit an annual report to the SHA each July for the duration of the project, indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on Form FHWA-1391. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor will be required to collect and report training data.

### III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts of \$10,000 or more.)

a. By submission of this bid, the execution of this contract or subcontract, or the consummation of this material supply agreement or purchase order, as appropriate, the bidder, Federal-aid construction contractor, subcontractor, material supplier, or vendor, as appropriate, certifies that the firm does not maintain or provide for its employees any segregated facilities at any of its establishments, and that the firm does not permit its employees to perform their services at any location, under its control, where segregated facilities are maintained. The firm agrees that a breach of this certification is a violation of the EEO provisions of this contract. The firm further certifies that no employee will be denied access to adequate facilities on the basis of sex or disability.

b. As used in this certification, the term "segregated facilities" means any waiting rooms, work areas, restrooms and washrooms, restaurants and other eating areas, timeclocks, locker rooms, and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing facilities provided for employees which are segregated by explicit directive, or are, in fact, segregated on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, age or disability, because of habit, local custom, or otherwise. The only exception will be for the disabled when the demands for accessibility override (e.g. disabled parking).

c. The contractor agrees that it has obtained or will obtain identical certification from proposed subcontractors or material suppliers prior to award of subcontracts or consummation of material supply agreements of \$10,000 or more and that it will retain such certifications in its files.

### IV. PAYMENT OF PREDETERMINED MINIMUM WAGE

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts, except for projects located on roadways classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt.)

#### 1. General:

a. All mechanics and laborers employed or working upon the site of the work will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account [except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations (29 CFR 3) issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (40 U.S.C. 276c)] the full amounts of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment. The payment shall be computed at wage rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor (hereinafter "the wage determination") which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor or its subcontractors and such laborers and mechanics. The wage determination (including any additional classifications and wage rates conformed under paragraph 2 of this Section IV and the DOL poster (WH-1321) or Form FHWA-1495) shall be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers. For the purpose of this Section, contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under Section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 276a) on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of Section IV, paragraph 3b, hereof. Also, for the purpose of this Section, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more

than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs, which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in paragraphs 4 and 5 of this Section IV.

b. Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein, provided, that the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed.

c. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon Act and related acts contained in 29 CFR 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract.

## 2. Classification:

a. The SHA contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics employed under the contract, which is not listed in the wage determination, shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination.

b. The contracting officer shall approve an additional classification, wage rate and fringe benefits only when the following criteria have been met:

(1) the work to be performed by the additional classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination;

(2) the additional classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry;

(3) the proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination; and

(4) with respect to helpers, when such a classification prevails in the area in which the work is performed.

c. If the contractor or subcontractors, as appropriate, the laborers and mechanics (if known) to be employed in the additional classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the contracting officer to the DOL, Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, Washington, D.C. 20210. The Wage and Hour Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

d. In the event the contractor or subcontractors, as appropriate, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the additional classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Wage and Hour Administrator for determination. Said Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

e. The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraph 2c or 2d of this Section IV shall be paid to all workers performing work in the additional classification from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.

## 3. Payment of Fringe Benefits:

a. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor or subcontractors, as appropriate, shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly case equivalent thereof.

b. If the contractor or subcontractor, as appropriate, does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, he/she may consider as a part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, provided, that the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

## 4. Apprentices and Trainees (Programs of the U.S. DOL) and Helpers:

### a. Apprentices:

(1) Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the DOL, Employment and Training Administration, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, or with a State apprenticeship agency recognized by the Bureau, or if a person is employed in his/her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training or a State apprenticeship agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice.

(2) The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeyman-level employees on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any employee listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate listed in the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor or subcontractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman-level hourly rate) specified in the contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed.

(3) Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman-level hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator for

the Wage and Hour Division determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination

(4) In the event the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, or a State apprenticeship agency recognized by the Bureau, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor or subcontractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the comparable work performed by regular employees until an acceptable program is approved.

**b. Trainees:**

(1) Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the DOL, Employment and Training Administration.

(2) The ratio of trainees to journeyman-level employees on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

(3) Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for his/her level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman-level hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman-level wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices, in which case such trainees shall receive the same fringe benefits as apprentices.

(4) In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the contractor or subcontractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

**c. Helpers:**

Helpers will be permitted to work on a project if the helper classification is specified and defined on the applicable wage determination or is approved pursuant to the conformance procedure set forth in Section IV.2. Any worker listed on a payroll at a helper wage rate, who is not a helper under a approved definition, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed.

**5. Apprentices and Trainees (Programs of the U.S. DOT):**

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeymen shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

**6. Withholding:**

The SHA shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the DOL withhold, or cause to be withheld, from the contractor or subcontractor under this contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other Federally-assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements which is held by the same prime contractor, as much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the contract, the SHA contracting officer may, after written notice to the contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

**7. Overtime Requirements:**

No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers, mechanics, watchmen, or guards (including apprentices, trainees, and helpers described in paragraphs 4 and 5 above) shall require or permit any laborer, mechanic, watchman, or guard in any workweek in which he/she is employed on such work, to work in excess of 40 hours in such workweek unless such laborer, mechanic, watchman, or guard receives compensation at a rate not less than one-and-one-half times his/her basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of 40 hours in such workweek.

**8. Violation:**

**Liability for Unpaid Wages; Liquidated Damages:**  
In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 7 above, the contractor and any subcontractor responsible thereof shall be liable to the affected employee for his/her unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory) for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer, mechanic, watchman, or guard employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 7, in the sum of \$10 for each calendar day on which such employee was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard work week of 40 hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph 7.

#### 9. Withholding for Unpaid Wages and Liquidated Damages:

The SHA shall upon its own action or upon written request of any authorized representative of the DOL withhold, or cause to be withheld, from any monies payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other Federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in paragraph 8 above.

#### V. STATEMENTS AND PAYROLLS

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts, except for projects located on roadways classified as local roads or rural collectors, which are exempt.)

##### 1. Compliance with Copeland Regulations (29 CFR 3):

The contractor shall comply with the Copeland Regulations of the Secretary of Labor which are herein incorporated by reference.

##### 2. Payrolls and Payroll Records:

a. Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the contractor and each subcontractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of 3 years from the date of completion of the contract for all laborers, mechanics, apprentices, trainees, watchmen, helpers, and guards working at the site of the work.

b. The payroll records shall contain the name, social security number, and address of each such employee; his or her correct classification; hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalent thereof the types described in Section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis Bacon Act); daily and weekly number of hours worked; deductions made; and actual wages paid. In addition, for Appalachian contracts, the payroll records shall contain a notation indicating whether the employee does, or does not, normally reside in the labor area as defined in Attachment A, paragraph 1. Whenever the Secretary of Labor, pursuant to Section IV, paragraph 3b, has found that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in Section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis Bacon Act, the contractor and each subcontractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and show the cost anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing benefits. Contractors or subcontractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprentices and trainees, and ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

c. Each contractor and subcontractor shall furnish, each week in which any contract work is performed, to the SHA resident engineer a payroll of wages paid each of its employees (including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, described in Section IV, paragraphs 4 and 5, and watchmen and guards engaged on work during the preceding weekly payroll period). The payroll submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under paragraph 2b of this Section V. This information may be submitted in any form

desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose and may be purchased from the Superintendent of Documents (Federal stock number 029-005-0014-1), U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors.

d. Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor or his/her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:

(1) that the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be maintained under paragraph 2b of this Section V and that such information is correct and complete;

(2) that such laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in the Regulations, 29 CFR 3;

(3) that each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rate and fringe benefits or cash equivalent for the classification of worked performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.

e. The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 2d of this Section V.

f. The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor to civil or criminal prosecution under 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 31 U.S.C. 231.

g. The contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph 2b of this Section V available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the SHA, the FHWA, or the DOL, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, the SHA, the FHWA, the DOL, or all may, after written notice to the contractor, sponsor, applicant, or owner, take such actions as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

#### VI. RECORD OF MATERIALS, SUPPLIES, AND LABOR

1. On all Federal-aid contracts on the National Highway System, except those which provide solely for the installation of protective devices at railroad grade crossings, those which are constructed on a force account or direct labor basis, highway beautification contracts, and contracts for which the total final construction cost for roadway and bridge is less than \$1,000,000 (23 CFR 635) the contractor shall:

a. Become familiar with the list of specific materials and supplies contained in Form FHWA-47, "Statement of Materials and Labor Used by Contractor of Highway Construction Involving Federal Funds," prior to the commencement of work under this contract.

b. Maintain a record of the total cost of all materials and supplies purchased for and incorporated in the work, and also of

Form FHWA-1273 (Rev. 3-94)



the quantities of those specific materials and supplies listed on Form FHWA-47, and in the units shown on Form FHWA-47.

c. Furnish, upon the completion of the contract, to the SHA resident engineer on Form FHWA-47 together with the data required in paragraph 1b relative to materials and supplies, a final labor summary of all contract work indicating the total hours worked and the total amount earned.

2. At the prime contractor's option, either a single report covering all contract work or separate reports for the contractor and for each subcontract shall be submitted.

#### VII. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the State. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635).

a. "Its own organization" shall be construed to include only workers employed and paid directly by the prime contractor and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor, assignee, or agent of the prime contractor.

b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract.

2. The contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph 1 of Section VII is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.

3. The contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the SHA contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.

4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the SHA contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the SHA has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract.

#### VIII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the SHA contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees

Form FHWA-1273 (Rev. 3-94)

on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract.

2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and health standards (29 CFR 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 333).

3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 333).

#### IX. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal-aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, the following notice shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

#### NOTICE TO ALL PERSONNEL ENGAGED ON FEDERAL-AID HIGHWAY PROJECTS

18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

*"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or*

*Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or*

*Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 1, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;*

*Shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."*

**X. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT**

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts of \$100,000 or more.)

By submission of this bid or the execution of this contract, or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, Federal-aid construction contractor, or subcontractor, as appropriate, will be deemed to have stipulated as follows:

1. That any facility that is or will be utilized in the performance of this contract, unless such contract is exempt under the Clean Air Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1857 *et seq.*, as amended by Pub.L. 91-604), and under the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251 *et seq.*, as amended by Pub.L. 92-500), Executive Order 11738, and regulations in implementation thereof (40 CFR 15) is not listed, on the date of contract award, on the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) List of Violating Facilities pursuant to 40 CFR 15.20.

2. That the firm agrees to comply and remain in compliance with all the requirements of Section 114 of the Clean Air Act and Section 308 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act and all regulations and guidelines listed thereunder.

3. That the firm shall promptly notify the SHA of the receipt of any communication from the Director, Office of Federal Activities, EPA, indicating that a facility that is or will be utilized for the contract is under consideration to be listed on the EPA List of Violating Facilities.

4. That the firm agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of paragraph 1 through 4 of this Section X in every nonexempt subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the government may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements.

**XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION****1. Instructions for Certification - Primary Covered Transactions:**

(Applicable to all Federal-aid contracts - 49 CFR 29)

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective primary participant is providing the certification set out below.

b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective primary participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction.

c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the department or agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective primary participant know-

ingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default.

d. The prospective primary participant shall provide immediate written notice to the department or agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective primary participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "lower tier covered transaction," "participant," "person," "primary covered transaction," "principal," "proposal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of rules implementing Executive Order 12549. You may contact the department or agency to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations.

f. The prospective primary participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction.

g. The prospective primary participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," provided by the department or agency entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.

h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant may decide the method and frequency by which it determines the eligibility of its principals. Each participant may, but is not required to, check the nonprocurement portion of the "Lists of Parties Excluded From Federal Procurement or Nonprocurement Programs" (Nonprocurement List) which is compiled by the General Services Administration.

i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph f of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

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**Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Primary Covered Transactions**

1. The prospective primary participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:

- a. Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
- b. Have not within a 3-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgement rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;
- c. Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph 1b of this certification; and
- d. Have not within a 3-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.

2. Where the prospective primary participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

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## 2. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Covered Transactions:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders and other lower tier transactions of \$25,000 or more - 49 CFR 29)

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.
- c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "primary covered transaction," "participant," "person," "principal," "proposal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of rules implementing Executive Order 12549. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations.
- e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated.

f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.

g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant may decide the method and frequency by which it determines the eligibility of its principals. Each participant may, but is not required to, check the Nonprocurement List.

h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

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## Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Covered Transactions:

- 1. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction by any Federal department or agency.
- 2. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

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## XII. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000 - 49 CFR 20)

- 1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:
  - a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting his or her bid or proposal that he or she shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

**NOTICE OF REQUIREMENT FOR AFFIRMATIVE  
ACTION TO ENSURE EQUAL EMPLOYMENT  
OPPORTUNITY  
(EXECUTIVE ORDER 11246)**

1. The Offeror's or Bidder's attention is called to the "Equal Opportunity Clause" and the "Standard Federal Equal Employment Specifications" set forth herein.
2. The goals and timetables for minority and female participation, expressed in percentage terms for the Contractor's aggregate work force in each trade on all construction work in the covered area are as follows:

**GOALS FOR MINORITY PARTICIPATION IN EACH TRADE**

<b>Economic Area</b>	<b>Goal %</b>	<b>Economic Area</b>	<b>Goal %</b>
103 Sioux City, IA:		Non-SMSA Counties . . . . .	5.3
SMSA Counties:		IA Adams, IA Audubon, IA Cass,	
7720 Sioux City, IA-NE . . . . .	1.9	IA Fremont, IA Harrison, IA Mills,	
IA Woodbury, NE Dakota		IA Montgomery, IA Page, IA Shelby,	
Non-SMSA Counties . . . . .	1.2	IA Taylor, NE Burt, NE Cass, NE Colfax,	
IA Cherokee, IA Crawford, IA Ida,		NE Dodge, NE Platte, NE Saunders,	
IA Monona, IA O'Brien, IA Plymouth,		NE Washington	
IA Sioux, NE Antelope, NE Cedar,		144 Grand Island, NE:	
NE Cuming, NE Dixon, NE Knox,		Non-SMSA Counties . . . . .	1.4
NE Madison, NE Pierce, NE Stanton,		NE Adams, NE Arthur, NE Blaine,	
NE Thurston, NE Wayne, SD BonHomme,		NE Boone, NE Boyd, NE Brown,	
SD Clay, SD Union, SD Yankton		NE Buffalo, NE Chase, NE Cherry,	
142 Lincoln, NE:		NE Clay, NE Custer, NE Dawson,	
SMSA Counties:		NE Dundy, NE Franklin, NE Frontier,	
4360 Lincoln, NE . . . . .	2.8	NE Furnas, NE Garfield, NE Gosper,	
NE Lancaster		NE Grant, NE Greeley, NE Hall, NE	
Non-SMSA Counties . . . . .	1.9	Hamilton, NE Harlan, NE Hayes,	
NE Butler, NE Fillmore, NE Gage,		NE Hitchcock, NE Holt, NE Hooker,	
NE Jefferson, NE Johnson, NE Nemaha,		NE Howard, NE Kearney, NE Keith,	
NE Otoe, NE Pawnee, NE Polk, NE		NE Keya Paha, NE Lincoln, NE Logan,	
Richardson, NE Saline, NE Seward,		NE Loup, NE McPherson, NE Merrick,	
NE Thayer, NE York		NE Nance, NE Nuckolls, NE Perkins,	
143 Omaha, NE:		NE Phelps, NE Red Willow, NE Rock,	
SMSA Counties:		NE Sherman, NE Thomas, NE Valley,	
5920 Omaha, NE-IA . . . . .	7.6	NE Webster, NE Wheeler	
IA Pottawattamie, NE Douglas,		145 Scottsbluff, NE:	
NE Sarpy		Non-SMSA Counties . . . . .	5.3
		NE Banner, NE Box Butte, NE Chey-	
		enne, NE Dawes, NE Deuel, NE	
		Garden, NE Kimball, NE Morrill,	
		NE Scotts Bluff, NE Sheridan, NE	
		Sioux, WY Goshen	

**GOALS AND TIMETABLES FOR FEMALE PARTICIPATION IN EACH TRADE**

<b>Timetables</b>	<b>Goals (Percent)</b>
From April 1, 1980 until further notice	6.9

These goals are applicable to all the Contractor's construction work (whether or not it is Federal or federally assisted) performed in the covered area. If the contractor performs construction work in a geographical area located outside of the covered area, it shall apply the goals established for such geographical area where the work is actually performed. With regard to this second area, the contractor also is subject to the goals for both its federally involved and nonfederally involved construction.

The Contractor's compliance with the Executive Order and the regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4 shall be based on its implementation of the Equal Opportunity Clause, specific affirmative action obligations required by the specifications set forth in 41 CFR 60-4.3(a), and its efforts to meet the goals. The hours of minority and female employment and training must be substantially uniform throughout the length of the contract, and in each trade, and the contractor shall make a good faith effort to employ minorities and women evenly on each of its projects. The transfer of minority or female employees or trainees from Contractor to Contractor or from project to project for the sole purpose of meeting the Contractor's goals shall be a violation of the contract, the Executive Order and the regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4. Compliance with the goals will be measured against the total work hours performed.

3. The Contractor shall provide written notification to the Director of the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs within 10 working days of award of any construction subcontract in excess of \$10,000 at any tier for construction work under the contract resulting from this solicitation. The notification shall list the name, address and telephone number of the subcontractor; employer identification number of the subcontractor; estimated dollar amount of the subcontract; estimated starting and completion dates of the subcontract; and the geographical area in which the subcontract is to be performed.
4. As used in this Notice, and in the contract resulting from this solicitation, the "covered area" is by county.

November 3, 1980

**STANDARD FEDERAL EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY  
CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT SPECIFICATIONS  
(EXECUTIVE ORDER 11246)**

1. As used in these specifications:
  - a. "Covered area" means the geographical area described in the solicitation from which this contract resulted;
  - b. "Director" means Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, United States Department of Labor, or any person to whom the Director delegates authority;
  - c. "Employer Identification Number" means the Federal Social Security number used on the Employer's Quarterly Federal Tax Return, U.S. Treasury Department Form 941.
  - d. "Minority" includes:
    - (i) Black (all persons having origins in any of the Black African racial groups not of Hispanic origin);
    - (ii) Hispanic (all persons of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American or other Spanish Culture or origin, regardless of race);
    - (iii) Asian and Pacific Islander (all persons having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or the Pacific Islands); and
    - (iv) American Indian or Alaskan Native (all persons having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and maintaining identifiable tribal affiliations through membership and participation or community identification).
2. Whenever the Contractor, or any Subcontractor at any tier, subcontracts a portion of the work involving any construction trade, it shall physically include in each subcontract in excess of \$10,000 the provisions of these specifications and the Notice, which contains the applicable goals for minority and female participation and which is set forth in the solicitations from which this contract resulted.
3. If the Contractor is participating (pursuant to 41 CFR 60-4.5) in a Hometown Plan approved by the U.S. Department of Labor in the covered area either individually or through an association, its affirmative action obligations on all work in the Plan area (including goals and timetables) shall be in accordance with that Plan for those trades which have unions participating in the Plan. Contractors must be able to demonstrate their participation in and compliance with the provisions of any such Hometown Plan. Each Contractor or Subcontractor participating in an approved Plan is individually required to comply with its obligations under the EEO clause, and to make a good faith effort to achieve each goal under the Plan in each trade in which it has employees. The overall good faith performance by other Contractors or Subcontractors toward a goal in an approved Plan does not excuse any covered Contractor's or Subcontractor's failure to take good faith efforts to achieve the Plan goals and timetables.
4. The Contractor shall implement the specific affirmative action standards provided in paragraphs 7a through p of these specifications. The goals set forth in the solicitation from which this contract resulted are expressed as percentages of the total hours of employment and training of minority and female utilization the Contractor should reasonably be able to achieve in each construction trade in which it has employees in the covered area. Covered Construction contractors performing construction work in geographical areas where they do not have a Federal or federally assisted construction contract shall apply the minority and female goals established for the geographical area where the work is being performed. Goals are published periodically in the Federal Register in notice form, and such notices may be obtained from any Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs office or from Federal procurement contracting officers. The Contractor is expected to make substantially uniform progress in meeting its goals in each craft during the period specified.
5. Neither the provisions of any collective bargaining agreement, nor the failure by a union with whom the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement, to refer either minorities or women shall excuse the Contractor's obligations under these specifications, Executive Order 11246, or the regulations promulgated pursuant thereto.
6. In order for the nonworking training hours of apprentices and trainees to be counted in meeting the goals, such apprentices and trainees must be employed by the Contractor during the training period, and the Contractor must have made a commitment to employ the apprentices and trainees at the completion of their training, subject to the availability of employment opportunities. Trainees must be trained pursuant to training programs approved by the U.S. Department of Labor.

November 3, 1980

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7. The Contractor shall take specific affirmative actions to ensure equal employment opportunity. The evaluation of the Contractor's compliance with these specifications shall be based upon its effort to achieve maximum results from its action. The Contractor shall document these efforts fully and shall implement affirmative action steps at least as extensive as the following:
  - a. Ensure and maintain a working environment free of harassment, intimidation, and coercion at all sites, and in all facilities at which the Contractor's employees are assigned to work. The Contractor, where possible, will assign two or more women to each construction project. The Contractor shall specifically ensure that all foremen, superintendents, and other on-site supervisory personnel are aware of and carry out the Contractor's obligation to maintain such a working environment, with specific attention to minority or female individuals working at such sites or in such facilities.
  - b. Establish and maintain a current list of minority and female recruitment sources, provide written notification to minority and female recruitment sources and to community organizations when the Contractor or its unions have employment opportunities available, and maintain a record of the organizations' responses.
  - c. Maintain a current file of the names, addresses and telephone numbers of each minority and female off-the-street applicant and minority or female referral from a union, a recruitment source or community organization and of what action was taken with respect to each such individual. If such individual was sent to the union hiring hall for referral and was not referred back to the Contractor by the union or, if referred, not employed by the Contractor, this shall be documented in the file with the reason therefor, along with whatever additional actions the Contractor may have taken.
  - d. Provide immediate written notification to the Director when the union or unions with which the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement has not referred to the Contractor a minority person or woman sent by the Contractor, or when the Contractor has other information that the union referral process has impeded the Contractor's efforts to meet its obligations.
  - e. Develop on-the-job training opportunities and/or participate in training programs for the area which expressly include minorities and women, including upgrading programs and apprenticeship and trainee programs relevant to the Contractor's employment needs, especially those programs funded or approved by the Department of Labor. The Contractor shall provide notice of these programs to the sources compiled under 7b above.
  - f. Disseminate the Contractor's EEO policy by providing notice of the policy to unions and training programs and requesting their cooperation in assisting the Contractor in meeting its EEO obligations; by including it in any policy manual and collective bargaining agreement; by publicizing it in the company newspaper, annual report, etc.; by specific review of the policy with all management personnel and with all minority and female employees at least once a year; and by posting the company EEO policy on bulletin boards accessible to all employees at each location where construction work is performed.
  - g. Review, at least annually, the company's EEO policy and affirmative action obligations under these specifications with all employees having any responsibility for hiring, assignment, layoff, termination or other employment decisions including specific review of these items with on-site supervisory personnel such as Superintendents, General Foremen, etc., prior to the initiation of construction work at any job site. A written record shall be made and maintained identifying the time and place of these meetings, persons attending, subject matter discussed, and disposition of the subject matter.
  - h. Disseminate the Contractor's EEO policy externally by including it in any advertising in the news media, specifically including minority and female news media, and providing written notification to and discussing the Contractor's EEO policy with other Contractors and Subcontractors with whom the Contractor does or anticipates doing business.

Direct its recruitment efforts, both oral and written, to minority, female and community organizations, to schools with minority and female students and to minority and female recruitment and training organizations serving the Contractor's recruitment area and employment needs. Not later than one month prior to the date for the acceptance of applications for apprenticeship or other training by any recruitment source, the Contractor shall send written notification to organizations such as the above, describing the openings, screening procedures, and tests to be used in the selection process.

Encourage present minority and female employees to recruit other minority persons and women and, where reasonable, provide after school, summer and vacation employment to minority and female youth both on the site and in other areas of a Contractor's work force.

- k. Validate all tests and other selection requirements where there is an obligation to do so under 41 CFR Part 60-3.
    - Conduct, at least annually, an inventory and evaluation at least of all minority and female personnel for promotional opportunities and encourage these employees to seek or to prepare for, through appropriate training, etc., such opportunities.
  - m. Ensure that seniority practices, job classifications, work assignments and other personnel practices, do not have a discriminatory effect by continually monitoring all personnel and employment related activities to ensure that the EEO policy and the Contractor's obligations under these specifications are being carried out.
  - n. Ensure that all facilities and company activities are nonsegregated except that separate or single-user toilet and necessary changing facilities shall be provided to assure privacy between the sexes.
  - o. Document and maintain a record of all solicitations of offers for subcontracts from minority and female construction contractors and suppliers, including circulation of solicitations to minority and female contractor associations and other business associations.
  - p. Conduct a review, at least annually, of all supervisors' adherence to and performance under the Contractor's EEO policies and affirmative action obligations.
8. Contractors are encouraged to participate in voluntary associations which assist in fulfilling one or more of their affirmative action obligations (7a through p). The efforts of a contractor association, joint contractor-union, contractor-community, or other similar group of which the contractor is a member and participant, may be asserted as fulfilling any one or more of its obligations under 7a through p of these Specifications provided that the contractor actively participates in the group, makes every effort to assure that the group has a positive impact on the employment of minorities and women in the industry, ensures that the concrete benefits of the program are reflected in the Contractor's minority and female work force participation, makes a good faith effort to meet its individual goals and timetables, and can provide access to documentation which demonstrates the effectiveness of actions taken on behalf of the Contractor. The obligation to comply, however, is the Contractor's and failure of such a group to fulfill an obligation shall not be a defense for the Contractor's noncompliance.
9. A single goal for minorities and a separate single goal for women have been established. The Contractor, however, is required to provide equal employment opportunity and to take affirmative action for all minority groups, both male and female, and all women, both minority and non-minority. Consequently, the Contractor may be in violation of the Executive Order if a particular group is employed in a substantially disparate manner (for example, even though the Contractor has achieved its goals for women generally, the Contractor may be in violation of the Executive Order if a specific minority group of women is underutilized).
10. The Contractor shall not use the goals and timetables or affirmative action standards to discriminate against any person because of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin.
- The contractor shall not enter into any Subcontract with any person or firm debarred from Government contracts pursuant to Executive Order 11246.
12. The Contractor shall carry out such sanctions and penalties for violation of these specifications and of the Equal Opportunity Clause, including suspension, termination and cancellation of existing subcontracts as may be imposed or ordered pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and its implementing regulations, by the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs. Any Contractor who fails to carry out such sanctions and penalties shall be in violation of these specifications and Executive Order 11246, as amended.
13. The Contractor, in fulfilling its obligations under these specifications, shall implement specific affirmative action steps, at least as extensive as those standards prescribed in paragraph 7 of these specifications, so as to achieve maximum results from its efforts to ensure equal employment opportunity. If the Contractor fails to comply with the requirements of the Executive Order, the implementing regulations, or these specifications, the Director shall proceed in accordance with 41 CFR 60-4.8.
14. The Contractor shall designate a responsible official to monitor all employment related activity to ensure that the company EEO policy is being carried out, to submit reports relating to the provisions hereof as may be required by the Government and to keep records. Records shall at least include for each employee the name, address, telephone numbers, construction trade, union affiliation if any, employee identification number when assigned, social security number, race, sex, status (e.g., mechanic, apprentice, trainee, helper, or laborer), dates of changes in status, hours worked per week in the indicated trade, rate of pay, and locations at which the



work was performed. Records shall be maintained in an easily understandable and retrievable form; however, to the degree that existing records satisfy this requirement, contractors shall not be required to maintain separate records.

15. Nothing herein provided shall be construed as a limitation upon the application of other laws which establish different standards of compliance or upon the application of requirements for the hiring of local or other area residents (e.g., those under the Public Works Employment Act of 1977 and the Community Development Block Grant Program).

**Supplemental Reporting Requirements**

- A. The contractor will keep such records as are necessary to determine compliance with the contractor's equal employment opportunity obligations. The records kept by the contractor will be designed to indicate the number of minority and non-minority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project.
- B. All such records must be retained for a period of three years following completion of the contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the State Highway agency and the Federal Highway Administration.
- C. The Contractor and each covered subcontractor will submit to the State Highway agency, for the month of July, for the duration of the project, a report (Form PR-1391) "Federal-aid Highway Construction Contractors Annual EEO Report), indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. If on-the-job training is being required by "Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Specifications" the contractor will be required to furnish (Form FHWA 1409) "Federal-aid Highway Construction Contractor's Semi-Annual Training Report".

**Equal Employment Opportunity Policy**

The contractor will accept as his operating policy the following statement which is designed to further the provision of equal employment opportunity to all persons without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, or national origin, and to promote the full realization of equal employment opportunity through a positive continuing program:

It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, color, or national origin. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, preapprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training.

**SPECIAL PROVISIONS  
FOR  
FEDERAL AID  
PROJECT NO. BRO-7067(15)**

**GENERAL CONDITIONS**

Sealed bids for the work contemplated in this proposal form will be received by the Department of Roads of the State of Nebraska, for Pawnee County, Nebraska, at the office of the Nebraska Department of Roads in Room 104 of the Central Office Building at 1500 Highway 2 at Lincoln, Nebraska on November 13, 2003, until 1:30 P.M.

Bids submitted by mail should be addressed to the Nebraska Department of Roads, c/o Contract Lettings Section, P.O. Box 94759, Lincoln, NE 68509-4759.

The 1997 English Edition of the Standard Specifications for Highway Construction, including all amendments and additions thereto effective at the date of the contract, are made a part of these Special Provisions, through reference.

The Supplemental Specifications to the 1997 English Edition of the Standard Specifications for Highway Construction dated July 12, 2001, including all amendments and additions thereto effective at the date of the contract, are made part of these Special Provisions, through reference.

The Required Contract Provisions, Form FHWA 1273, (Rev. 4-93), and the Notice of Requirement for Affirmative Action to Ensure Equal Employment Opportunity and Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications dated November 3, 1980, are attached to and are a part of this proposal form.

The attention of bidders is directed to the Required Contract Provisions covering subletting or assigning the contract.

The proposal contains a statement that the contractor is complying with, and will continue to comply with, fair labor standards in the pursuit of his business and in the execution of the work contemplated in this proposal.

Fair labor standards shall be construed to mean such a scale of wages and conditions of employment as are paid and maintained by at least fifty per cent of the contractors in the same business or field of endeavor as the contractor filing this proposal.

**DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISES  
(S1-8-0801)**

A. Policy

The Contractor agrees to ensure that disadvantaged business enterprises as defined in 49 CFR Part 26 shall have a "level playing field" and equal opportunity to participate in the performance of contracts financed in whole or in part with Federal funds under this contract. Consequently, the disadvantaged business requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 are hereby made a part of and incorporated by this reference into this contract.

B. Disadvantaged Business Enterprises Obligation

The Contractor agrees to ensure that disadvantaged business enterprises as defined in 49 CFR Part 26 have a “level playing field” and equal opportunity to participate in the performance of contracts and subcontracts financed in whole or in part with Federal funds provided under this agreement. In this regard, the Contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps in accordance with 49 CFR Part 26 to ensure that disadvantaged business enterprises have a “level playing field” and equal opportunity to compete for and perform contracts. The Contractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the award and performance of FHWA assisted contracts.

Failure of the Contractor to carry out the requirements set forth above shall constitute breach of contract and, after the notification of the FHWA, may result in termination of the agreement or contract by the State or such remedy as the State deems appropriate.

**USE OF DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISES  
(S1-9-1103)**

I. INTRODUCTION: The specific requirements of the use of Disadvantaged Business Enterprises, hereinafter referred to as DBEs, are set forth in these Required Contract Provisions and are imposed pursuant to the *Code of Federal Regulations, Title 49, Part 26 and the Nebraska Department of Roads’ Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Program*, which are hereby made a part of and incorporated by this reference into this proposal. Copies of these documents are available, upon request, from the Nebraska Department of Roads, Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Office, P.O. Box 94759, Lincoln, Nebraska 68509-4759.

A. Definitions:

1. Whenever “NDOR” is used within these special provisions it shall refer to the Nebraska Department of Roads.
2. Whenever “DOT” is used within these special provisions, it shall refer to the United States Department of Transportation.
3. For the purpose of these special provisions, the following definitions will apply:
  - a. Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) means a for profit small business concern, as defined pursuant to Section 3 of the Small Business Act and Small Business Administration regulations implementing it, which is independently owned and controlled by one or more socially and economically disadvantaged individuals.
  - b. Owned and controlled means a business:
    - (1) Which is at least 51 percent (51%) owned by one or more socially and economically disadvantaged individuals or women, or, in the case of a public owned business, such individuals must own at least 51 percent (51%) of each class of voting stock and 51 percent of the aggregate of all stock outstanding.

- (2) Whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more of the socially and economically disadvantaged owners.
- c. Socially and economically disadvantaged individual means a person who is a citizen (or lawful permanent resident) of the United States, and who is:
  - (1) "African American," which includes persons having origins in any of the Black racial groups of Africa;
  - (2) "Hispanic American," which includes persons of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Dominican, Central or South American, or other Spanish or Portuguese culture or origin, regardless of race;
  - (3) "Native American," which includes persons who are American Indians, Eskimos, Aleuts, or Native Hawaiians;
  - (4) "Asian-Pacific American," which includes persons whose origins are from Japan, China, Taiwan, Korea, Burma (Myanmar), Vietnam, Laos, Cambodia (Kampuchea), Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia, the Philippines, Brunei, Samoa, Guam, the U.S. Trust Territories of the Pacific Islands (Republic of Palau), the Commonwealth of the Northern Marianas Islands, Macao, Fiji, Tonga, Kiribati, Juvalu, Nauru, Federated States of Micronesia, or Hong Kong;
  - (5) "Subcontinent Asian American," which includes persons whose origins are from India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan, the Maldives Islands, Nepal or Sri Lanka;
  - (6) A Woman;
  - (7) Any additional groups whose members are designated as socially and economically disadvantaged by the SBA, at such time as the SBA designation becomes effective.

## II. DBE CONTRACT GOALS:

- A. DBE goals are set by the NDOR for specific contracts. The specific DBE contract goals are stated on the Required DBE Participation Form included in the proposal. The Contractor must meet or exceed the goal or demonstrate good faith efforts to meet the goal. Requirements for submission of DBE good faith effort information are contained in Section IV of these special provisions.
- B. A current list of certified DBE firms will be posted on the NDOR website ([www.dor.state.ne.us](http://www.dor.state.ne.us)). Only the DBE firms whose names appear on the list will be considered in meeting the contract goal for this project. The DBE firms will be considered only for the items of work listed under the heading, "Nature of Business." DBE firms may request to have additional items of work added to their "Nature of Business," however, no items of work will be added after 5:00 p.m., ten (10) calendar days preceding the letting.

- C. Contractors shall, as a minimum, seek DBE subcontractors in the same geographic area in which they seek subcontractors generally for a given solicitation. If the contractor cannot meet the DBE goals using DBEs from the normal area, the contractor will expand its search to a reasonably greater geographic area.
- D. Contractors are required to make good faith efforts to replace a DBE subcontractor that is unable to perform with another DBE. In order to ensure compliance with this requirement, any substitution of DBE subcontractors after execution of the contract must be approved by the NDOR.
- E. Contractors are also encouraged to use the services of banks owned and controlled by minorities and women; however, this will not be counted toward the contract DBE goal.

III. MEETING DBE CONTRACT GOAL CRITERIA: The award of the contract will be made upon satisfaction of the requirements of these special provisions. The apparent low bidder must either meet or exceed the DBE goals for the contract or satisfy the NDOR that good faith efforts were made to meet the goals.

- A. REQUIRED DBE PARTICIPATION INFORMATION: All bidders are required to submit to the NDOR the "Required DBE Participation Form" with their bid proposal on the form provided in this proposal.
- B. THE REQUIRED DBE PARTICIPATION FORM SHALL INCLUDE:
  - 1. The names and addresses of the DBE subcontractors that will actually participate in meeting the contract goal.
  - 2. A complete description (by item number or group, etc.) of the work each named DBE subcontractor will perform.
  - 3. The dollar amount of participation by each named DBE subcontractor.
  - 4. Written and signed documentation from the bidder of commitment to use a DBE subcontractor whose participation it submits to meet a contract goal.
  - 5. The apparent low bidder must submit written and signed confirmation from each DBE that it is participating in the contract as provided in the prime contractor's commitment, by 5:00 p.m. on the fifth (5<sup>th</sup>) calendar day following the letting.
  - 6. If the contract goal is not met, evidence of good faith efforts.
- C. The proposal will not be read if the "Required DBE Participation Form" is not included.

If no DBE participation is intended, the form must indicate that good faith effort documentation will be submitted. A blank form that is signed will be interpreted as meaning no DBE participation is intended and will be read.

Listing options and/or alternates for DBE subcontractors and/or items or groups of work to be performed is not allowed, and will cause this bid to be declared non-responsive.

Required DBE information shall not be subject to revision after bids are opened.

- D. The information submitted on the DBE Participation Form will be verified by the NDOR. Errors in addition will be treated in accordance with current NDOR specifications and procedures.
- E. If the use of non-certified firms or the use of DBE firms not certified for the type of work indicated results in under achievement of the goal, the bid will be declared non-responsive.
- F. If, at any time prior to execution of the contract, previously undetected errors result in under-achievement of the goal, the low bidder, along with the other bidders on the project, will be given 5 days from receipt of notification by the NDOR to submit good faith information as outlined in Section IV of these specifications.
- G. REQUIRED SUBCONTRACTOR/SUPPLIER QUOTATIONS LIST: At bid submittal, all bidders must provide to the NDOR the identity of all firms who provided quotations on DOT-assisted projects, including both DBEs and non-DBEs. This information must be on a form provided by the NDOR Contracts Office.

If no quotations were received, the bidder must indicate this in the space provided.

Each bidder will be required to submit one list per letting to cover all projects bid.

IV. GOOD FAITH DETERMINATION: It is the low bidder's responsibility to meet the DBE contract goals or to provide sufficient information to enable the NDOR to determine that, prior to bidding, the low bidder actually made good faith efforts to meet such goals.

- A. The NDOR will, in the "Apparent Low Bidder" listing (available 24 hours after bid opening) identify all projects which contain a DBE goal. The listing will indicate the apparent low bidder's status in attaining the goal, i.e. "Contractor Meets DBE Goal," or "Contractor Requires Good Faith Determination."
- B. If the low bidder's "Required DBE Participation Form" submitted with the bid indicates the DBE contract goal will be met, and the NDOR concurs, the contract will proceed toward award and the low bidder need not submit any further DBE information prior to award.
- C. Good Faith Information Submittal: If the contract DBE goals have not been met, the "Apparent Low Bidders" listing will reflect that the apparent low bidder is required to submit good faith effort information. Complete and accurate documented information to support a good faith efforts determination must be submitted by 5:00 p.m. on the fifth (5<sup>th</sup>) day following the letting.
- D. Any other bidder on the contract who requires a good faith effort submittal must also follow the time frames set forth in "C" above if they wish to be considered for award of the contract. Any bidder who does not meet the submittal deadlines, will be not be eligible for award of the contract. (The only exception is a case where the apparent low bidder who met the goal initially is declared ineligible for the award for reasons other than DBE goal attainment.) If this results in a new apparent low bidder who did not initially meet the goal, all other bidders on the contract indicating good faith effort will be notified, and given 5 days after receipt, to submit complete information to support their good faith efforts. Bidders are cautioned by the NDOR to retain documentation of their good faith efforts until an award is made, or all bids are rejected.

- E. The NDOR will review all information submitted to determine whether the apparent low bidder actually made good faith efforts to meet the contract goal. The decision as to whether the good faith efforts are acceptable will be made jointly by a committee comprised of the NDOR Highway Civil Rights Coordinator, the Contracts Letting Manager, and an at-large NDOR staff member.

A NDOR determination that the low bidder's information failed to show acceptable good faith efforts shall be cause for declaring the low bid non-responsive. In making a determination, information submitted by other bidders will be considered. If the low bid is declared non-responsive, the above procedure will be applied to the next lowest bid, and other higher bids if necessary, until a bid is found that meets the goal, or establishes that good faith efforts were made to meet it. NDOR reserves the right to reject all bids and readvertise the contract if none of the bids result in a satisfactory level of DBE participation at a reasonable price.

- F. Establishing Good Faith Efforts: To demonstrate good faith efforts to meet the DBE contract goals, documentation shall be maintained and submitted to the NDOR as set forth above. Such documentation may include any or all of the following: This list is not intended to be a mandatory checklist, nor is it intended to be exclusive or exhaustive. Other factors or types of efforts may be relevant in appropriate cases.
1. Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising and/or written notices) the interest of all Certified DBE firms that have the capability to perform the work of the contract. The bidder must solicit this interest within sufficient time to allow the DBE firms to respond to the solicitation. The bidder must determine with certainty if the DBE firms are interested, by taking steps to follow up initial solicitations.
  2. Selecting portions of the work to be performed by DBE firms in order to increase the likelihood that the DBE goals will be achieved. This includes, where appropriate, breaking out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation, even when the prime contractor might otherwise prefer to perform work items with its own workforce.
  3. Providing interested DBE firms with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.
  4. (1) Negotiating in good faith with interested DBE firms. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to DBE subcontractors and suppliers, and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate DBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation should include the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of DBE firms that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for DBE firms to perform the work.  
  
(2) A bidder using good business judgement would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including DBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as contract goals into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using DBE firms, is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the

contract DBE goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also, the ability or desire of a prime contractor to perform the work of a contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith efforts. Prime contractors are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from DBE firms if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable.

5. Not rejecting DBE firms as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The contractor's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associations and political or social affiliations (for example union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection, or non-solicitation of bids in the contractor's efforts to meet the project DBE goal.
  6. Making efforts to assist interested DBE firms in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or contractor.
  7. Making efforts to assist interested DBE firms in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.
  8. Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; local, state, and Federal minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of DBEs.
- G. If the NDOR's preliminary finding is that the bidder did not demonstrate a satisfactory effort to meet the contract goal, the bidder may appeal the decision by submitting a written request for reconsideration within three (3) days of the decision. The bidder may then present information either in a written narrative supporting its good faith effort submittal, or may appear in person. Any new information not included in the original submittal will not be used in the final determination. The appeal will be heard by a Hearing Officer appointed by the NDOR Director. The Hearing Officer will be an individual who is knowledgeable about the DBE Program and its good faith efforts provision, but who had no part in the initial decision.

The Hearing Officer will hear the appeal within five (5) days of receipt of the written request, and will issue a written decision within three (3) days after the appeal. The reconsideration process is administratively final and has no further appeal.

#### V. COMMERCIALLY USEFUL FUNCTION:

- A. A contractor may count toward its DBE goals only expenditures to DBE firms that perform a commercially useful function in the work of a contract. A DBE firm is considered to perform a commercially useful function when it is responsible for the execution of a distinct element of the work of a contract, and carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. The DBE firm must also be responsible for materials and supplies used on the contract, for negotiating price, determining quality and quantity, ordering the material, installing (where applicable), and paying for the material.



Guidelines:

1. As a general rule, it is expected that workers on a DBE subcontract shall be regular employees of the DBE subcontractor, and shall be listed on the subcontractor's payroll. A regular employee is a person who would normally be working for the DBE firm on any other subcontract with any other prime contractor, and whose immediate past employment has not been with the prime contractor on the present project, or with the renter-lessor of equipment being used on the present project.
2. On DBE subcontracts, the DBE must perform or exercise responsibility for at least 30 percent of the total cost of its contract with its own work force, or the DBE will not be considered to be performing a commercially useful function. (If a DBE subcontracts part of its work to another firm, the value of the subcontracted work may be counted toward DBE goals only if the DBE's subcontractor is itself a DBE. Work that a DBE subcontracts to a non-DBE firm does not count toward DBE goals.)

Operators of leased specialized equipment are included under this provision. In any case, all employees shall be listed on the DBE firm's payroll and paid by that firm.

3. In addition, a DBE subcontractor shall be required to designate a project superintendent/foreman who is a regular employee of the subcontractor, and who shall be active in the day-to-day management of the project.
4. DBE subcontractors who purchase supplies and materials from the prime contractor, which are to be incorporated into the project will not count toward the established DBE contract goals.
5. TWO PARTY CHECKS: The NDOR does not totally prohibit a DBE firm and a prime contractor from using two-party checks to pay for material and/or supplies under certain circumstances, so long as the prime contractor acts solely as a guarantor, and the funds do not come from the prime contractor. Two-party checks cannot be used unless formal written requests to do so from the DBE firm and the prime contractor are delivered to the NDOR DBE Office and written approval is given. If this provision is not strictly followed, the prime contractor will not be allowed credit for the cost of the material and/or supplies toward the DBE contract goal commitment. The NDOR will closely monitor the use of two-party checks to avoid abuse of this practice.

A DBE does not perform a commercially useful function if its role is limited to that of an extra participant in a transaction, contract, or project through which funds are passed in order to obtain the appearance of DBE participation. In determining whether a DBE is such an extra participant, you must examine similar transactions, particularly those in which DBEs do not participate.

When a prime contractor commits to use material and/or supplies provided by a DBE Supplier to meet a DBE contract goal, the DBE Supplier must pay for the material and/or supplies without the use of two-party checks or the cost of the material and/or supplies will not be counted toward the prime contractor meeting the contract goal. The only exception to this policy might be if unanticipated circumstances prevent the DBE Supplier from being able to pay for a portion of

the material and/or supplies and the use of two-party checks is the only viable alternative. The NDOR DBE Office will make the final determination on allowing the use of two-party checks in all such circumstances.

VI. PROHIBITED PRACTICES:

- A. An area of special concern is exclusive arrangements between the prime contractor and DBE subcontractors. The DBE subcontractors must be willing to contract with more than one prime contractor.
- B. Any subcontracting arrangement which artificially inflates DBE participation is not acceptable. Of utmost concern are the interjection of DBE middlemen or passive conduits and arrangements in which a DBE subcontractor is acting essentially as a broker.

VII. ADMINISTRATION OF THE DBE PROGRAM:

- A. The NDOR intends to achieve its annual overall DBE participation goal with a “narrowly tailored” DBE Program that meets the “strict scrutiny” requirements as defined by case law. The NDOR will adhere to all of the rules and regulations of the DOT’s DBE Program Regulations as contained in CFR 49 part 26.

It is the intention of the NDOR that DBE subcontractors be independent companies, and function in the same capacity as majority contractors. It is not the intention of the NDOR to be involved with “in name only” DBE subcontractors who are not providing a commercially useful function to the highway industry. The following will be used in administering the DBE Program.

Situation #1:

Prime Contractor “A” subcontracts to a DBE subcontractor, who performs the work with its own workforce (the employees work on a full-time basis for the DBE firm, or were hired from a union hall, employment service, or other hiring sources by the DBE firm, and are supervised by a full-time employee of the DBE), and uses its own equipment, or equipment rented or leased from an equipment dealer. Prime Contractor “A” is not involved in the DBE firm’s operation, other than coordinating when the work is to be performed, and/or other normal industry practices of contracts between a prime contractor and a subcontractor.

This is the ideal situation, is totally acceptable, and is within the intent of the DBE Program.

Situation #2:

Prime Contractor “A” subcontracts to a DBE firm, that performs the work with its own workforce, (the employees work on a full-time basis for the DBE firm, or were hired from a union hall, employment service, or other sources by the DBE firm for the project, and are supervised by a full-time employee of the DBE). The DBE firm uses equipment owned by a majority contractor, (other than Prime Contractor “A”), on a long-term rent or lease arrangement at rates consistent with normal industry standards, and not leased on an “as equipment is needed” basis. This situation would be no different than the DBE firm leasing or renting equipment from a commercial equipment supplier.

This is totally acceptable, and is within the intent of the DBE Program.

Situation #3:

A DBE firm is a subcontractor to Prime Contractor "A." When it is time for the subcontract work to be performed, the work is actually performed using Prime Contractor "A's" equipment, work force, and supervisory personnel. The DBE firm then makes a certified payroll using the names of Prime Contractor "A's" employees. Basically, the subcontract work was performed by Prime Contractor "A." This is a very close association with the prime contractor, and the DBE's owner is not considered to be in control of the DBE firm, or the project in question.

This situation described is not considered to be a commercially useful function, and may be subject to any of the administrative actions as cited in Section VIII, C. below.

Situation #4:

A DBE firm is a subcontractor to Prime Contractor "A." When it is time for the subcontract work to be performed, the work is actually done using the workforce, equipment, and supervisory personnel of a majority contractor, Contractor "B." The DBE firm makes a certified payroll showing Contractor "B's" employees. This condition is not considered to be within the intent of the DBE Program. In reality, majority Contractor "B" is the one that performed the work. The NDOR does not consider this to be a commercially useful function, as Prime Contractor "A" is actually subcontracting to majority Contractor "B," in an unapproved status, rather than the DBE firm.

This situation described is not considered to be a commercially useful function, and may be subject to any of the administrative actions as cited in Section VIII, C. below.

Situation #5:

Prime Contractor "A" is buying supplies from a DBE supplier or contractor to fulfill the DBE goal. This is only acceptable if the DBE firm is a true supplier. The mere fact that the DBE firm purchases the material from another supplier, then adds some cost and sells the material to a prime contractor, does not constitute the DBE as being a supplier. A supplier must have an inventory and be generally recognized as a material supplier.

The above situations are very broad and general. While it is known that many different situations may arise, these are basic guidelines used to administer the DBE Program.

The NDOR is more than willing to discuss particular situations with either DBE firms or prime contractors prior to a letting in the hope of developing DBE firms.

VIII. INVESTIGATORY POWERS, ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES FOR ENFORCEMENT AND PENALTIES

A. INVESTIGATORY POWERS:

1. The NDOR specifically reserves the right and power to investigate, monitor and/or review all actions taken, statements made, documents submitted, by any contractor, subcontractor or DBE firm under the terms of these provisions.

B. ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES FOR ENFORCEMENT:

Whenever the NDOR believes a contractor, subcontractor or DBE firm may not be operating in compliance with the terms of these provisions, the NDOR will conduct an investigation. If the NDOR finds any person or entity not in compliance with these provisions, the NDOR will notify such person or entity in writing as to the specific instances or matters found to be in non-compliance. At the option of the NDOR, the person or entity shall then be allowed a reasonable time to correct any deficiencies noted, and to come into compliance. In the event that the person or entity cannot, thereafter, come into compliance, or fails or refuses to do so, then the NDOR may impose one or more of the penalties hereafter provided for. It is specifically provided by the NDOR that any person or entity will be found to be out of compliance with these provisions if an investigation reveals any violation or act of such serious or compelling nature that the violation or act indicates a serious lack of business integrity or honesty.

C. PENALTIES:

1. In the event the NDOR finds any contractor, subcontractor, or DBE firm, to be out of compliance with these provisions, the NDOR may impose one or more of the following sanctions:
  - a. Termination of the contract.
  - b. The DBE firm may be decertified and/or suspended from participating in the NDOR DBE Program.
  - c. The prime contractor may not be able to count the work performed toward his project DBE goal, and if possible to do so, may need to subcontract other work on the project to DBE subcontractors to achieve the goal.
  - d. The contract items involved may be considered for a monetary reduction equal to the amount of work not done by the DBE subcontractor.
  - e. The prime contractor may be suspended and/or debarred.
  - f. If at any time during the life of the contract, it is determined that the contractor is out of compliance with these provisions, the NDOR may withhold payment of progress payments.
  - g. If at the completion of the project, the contractor is determined to be out of compliance, the NDOR may sustain damages, the exact extent of which would be difficult or impossible to ascertain and, therefore, in order to liquidate such damages, the monetary difference between the amount stated by the contractor and the amount actually paid to the DBEs will be deducted from the contractor's payment as liquidated damages. These damages would be in addition to any liquidated damages assessed in accordance with Subsection 108.08 of the Standard Specifications.
  - h. Referral to the Attorney General for possible prosecution for fraud.
  - i. Other action as appropriate, within the discretion of the NDOR.

**DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE (DBE) GOAL  
(S1-9-0603)**

All bidders shall submit written assurance that the minimum goal for Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) participation will be met. The required DBE Participation Form included in this proposal shall be used. The bidder shall submit the name and address of the DBE(s), a complete description of the participation by the DBE(s), and the dollar value of the participation. If the bidder cannot meet the minimum goal for DBE participation, as specified herein, the bidder shall submit complete documentation of its efforts, following the time limits set forth in IV. A., "Good Faith Information Submittal." These efforts shall include but not be limited to those stated previously in IV. E., "Establishing Good Faith Efforts."

Bidders that fail to meet DBE goals or fail to demonstrate sufficient good faith efforts shall be declared non-responsive and ineligible for award of the contract.

Bidders shall assume the responsibility of determining if they are the apparent low bidders by contacting the Nebraska Department of Roads, Contract Lettings Section in Lincoln, Nebraska. Such information is made public 24 hours after the announced time for opening bids. This information is available from the NDOR Internet web site (<http://www.dor.state.ne.us/>).

The contract shall be awarded to the lowest responsive responsible bidder.

The standard NDOR procedure concerning subcontractors and suppliers shall apply.

The DBE firms identified at the time of bid opening are the firms to whom subcontracts will be issued. The work subcontracted to be done, and the amount to be paid for the work, shall be as identified at the time of bid opening.

If the prime contractor desires to alter this list after execution of the contract, it must demonstrate to the NDOR that the listed DBE firm(s) is unable to perform, and provide the necessary written justification for approval. Justification must also include written documentation from the affected DBE firm(s) stating their position on the prime contractor's request. There must be a solid basis for any change.

Any substitution of the named DBE firms must be approved by the Department of Roads Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Office. Substitution of DBE's will only be allowed when the DBE firm(s) is not able to perform because of default or over-extension on other jobs or other similar justification. A prime contractor's ability to negotiate a more advantageous contract with another subcontractor is not considered as a valid basis for change.

**VERIFICATION OF DBE GOAL COMMITMENTS**

In order to verify achievement of the DBE commitments on each project, the following forms must be completed and submitted to the NDOR DBE Office.

- A. DR Form 411, DBE I. This form shall be filled out and submitted by the prime contractor, indicating the DBE firms used, actual work performed, the total amount of money paid to the DBE firms, and the date on which it was paid.
- B. DR Form 442, DBE II. This form shall be filled out and submitted by the DBE subcontractor, indicating the name of the DBE firm, actual work performed, the

total amount of money received from the prime contractor, and the date on which it was received.

- C. The above referenced forms will be sent out by the DBE Office when notification of the project completion has been received. The forms are also available on NDOR's website, [www.dor.state.ne.us](http://www.dor.state.ne.us).

### **SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING OF CONTRACT (S1-9-0603)**

Prior to beginning work, a copy of all executed subcontracts, written agreements and/or lease agreements used to meet DBE goals shall be submitted to the construction engineer for forwarding to the minority business office. These copies must contain prices.

#### **PROMPT PAYMENT CLAUSE:**

The prime contractor shall include a "Prompt Payment Clause" as a part of every subcontract (including second tier subcontracts) for work and material. The "Prompt Payment Clause" will require payment to all subcontractors for all labor and material, for work completed, within twenty (20) calendar days of receipt of progress payments from the NDOR for said work. The "Prompt Payment Clause" will also stipulate the return of retainage within thirty (30) calendar days after the subcontractor achieves the specified work as verified by payment from the NDOR.

The failure by the prime contractor to carry out the requirements of the "Prompt Payment Clause" and/or timely return of retainage, without just cause, is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the NDOR withholding the amount of payment from the prime contractor that should have been paid to the subcontractor, termination of this contract, or other such remedy as the NDOR deems appropriate.

NOTE: The prime contractor may withhold payment only for just cause, and must notify the NDOR in writing of its intent to withhold payment prior to actually withholding payment. The prime contractor shall not withhold, delay or postpone payment without first receiving written approval from the NDOR.

### **DBE GOAL CREDIT (S1-9-0603)**

It is the intent of the NDOR to assure eligible DBE firms have a "level playing field" and equal opportunity to participate in federal-aid contracts, and maintain the integrity of the DBE program. DBE participation is counted toward goals as follows:

When a DBE firm participates in a contract, only the value of the work actually performed by the DBE firm counts toward the goal.

1. The entire amount of that portion of a construction contract that is performed by the DBE firm's own forces is counted toward the goal. This includes the cost of supplies and materials obtained by the DBE firm for the work of the contract, including supplies purchased or equipment leased by the DBE, but not supplies or equipment the DBE purchases or leases from the prime contractor or its affiliate.

Example: A DBE firm furnishing and erecting steel or concrete superstructure members, furnishing and driving piling for bridge structures, furnishing and placing prestressed concrete deck panels, and furnishing and placing panels for retained earth walls will be considered a commercially useful function for attaining contract goals for disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) participation unless the supplies or materials are purchased from the prime contractor or its affiliate.

When a DBE subcontractor is responsible for substantially constructing a complete structure the total value of the subcontract may be credited to the DBE goal.

Paragraph 8.a. (5) of Subsection 109.07 in the 1997 English Edition of the Standard Specifications is void and superseded by the following:

When applicable a DR Form 441, "Identification of DBE Goal Achievement".

**B. Manufacturers, Suppliers, and Haulers:**

DBE Manufacturers may be given 100% credit towards the DBE goal for products they produce for the contract.

DBE Suppliers may be given 60% credit towards the DBE goal for products they furnish for the contract.

DBE Haulers may be given 100% credit towards a DBE goal for the delivery fees charged.

A DBE firm certified as both a supplier and hauler may be given 60% credit for supplying a given product and 100% credit for hauling that same product.

See the DBE Goal Credit Table for a guide to DBE credit.

**DESCRIPTIONS  
(S1-9-0603)**

Manufacturer - To be certified as a manufacturer, a DBE firm must operate or maintain a factory or establishment that produces, on the premises, the materials, supplies, articles or equipment required under the contract and of the general character described by the specifications.

Supplier - A DBE supplier, or regular dealer, is a firm that owns, operates, or maintains a store, warehouse, or other establishment in which the materials, supplies, articles, or equipment of the general character described by the specifications, and required under the contract are bought, kept in stock, and regularly sold or leased to the public in the usual course of business. To be a supplier or regular dealer, the firm must be an established, regular business that engages, as its principal business and under its own name, in the purchase and sale or lease of the products in question.

A DBE firm may be a supplier or regular dealer in such bulk products as petroleum products, steel, cement, gravel, stone, or asphalt without owning a place of business if the DBE firm both owns and operates distribution equipment for the products. Any supplementing of a DBE

supplier's or regular dealer's own distribution equipment shall be by a long-term lease agreement and not on an ad hoc or contract-by-contract basis.

Hauler - The DBE firm must be responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible on a particular contract. There cannot be a contrived arrangement for the purpose of meeting DBE goals.

The DBE firm must itself own and operate at least one fully licensed, insured, and operational truck used on the contract.

The DBE firm receives credit for the total value of the transportation services it provides on the contract using trucks it owns, insures, and operates using drivers it employs.

The DBE firm may lease trucks from another DBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a DBE. The DBE firm that leases trucks from another DBE firm receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the lessee DBE firm provides on the contract.

The DBE firm may also lease trucks from a non-DBE firm, including an owner-operator. The DBE firm that leases the trucks from a non-DBE firm is entitled to credit only for the fee or commission it receives as a result of the lease agreement. The DBE firm does not receive credit for the total value of the transportation services provided by the lessee, since these services are not provided by a DBE firm.

For the purposes of the above paragraphs, a lease must indicate that the DBE firm has exclusive use of, and control over the truck. This does not preclude the leased truck from working for others during the term of the lease with the consent of the DBE firm, so long as the lease gives the DBE firm absolute priority for the use of the leased truck. Leased trucks must display the name and identification number of the DBE firm.

If a DBE firm performs in the manner outlined above, it will be performing a commercially useful function.

Pass-throughs and/or brokering will not be tolerated. A pass-through/brokering situation is one in which a DBE firm contracts to haul materials for a project, then hires another hauler to actually perform on the contract.

### **CERTIFICATION (S1-9-0603)**

Certain DBE's may be certified in multiple classifications as manufacturers, suppliers, and haulers. The certification will be limited by the products being manufactured, supplied, or hauled.

For example, a manufacturer of certain steel products or aggregates, may also be a supplier of products they store or deliver, but do not manufacture.

A supplier of bulk products, such as aggregates or fuel, may also be certified as a hauler.



## DBE GOAL CREDIT TABLE

<b>DBE Manufacturer</b> <b>&amp;</b> <b>DBE Hauler</b>	<b>100% Credit for Materials</b> <b>&amp;</b> <b>100% Credit for Hauling</b>
<b>DBE Manufacturer</b> <b>&amp;</b> <b>Non-DBE Hauler</b>	<b>100% Credit for Materials</b> <b>&amp;</b> <b>No Credit for Hauling</b>
<b>Non-DBE Manufacturer</b> <b>&amp;</b> <b>DBE Hauler</b>	<b>No Credit for Materials</b> <b>&amp;</b> <b>100% Credit for Hauling</b>
<b>DBE Supplier</b> <b>&amp;</b> <b>DBE Hauler</b>	<b>60% Credit for Materials</b> <b>&amp;</b> <b>100% Credit for Hauling</b>
<b>DBE Supplier</b> <b>&amp;</b> <b>Non-DBE Hauler</b>	<b>60% Credit for Materials</b> <b>&amp;</b> <b>No Credit for Hauling</b>
<b>Non-DBE Manufacturer</b> <b>&amp;</b> <b>DBE Hauler</b>	<b>No Credit for Materials</b> <b>&amp;</b> <b>100% Credit for Hauling</b>

### CERTIFICATION FOR FEDERAL-AID CONTRACTS (S1-11-0801)

The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

- (1) No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
- (2) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by Section 1352, Title 31, U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

The prospective participant also agrees by submitting his or her bid or proposal that he or she shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

### WORK TO BE DONE BY UTILITIES

According to the best information available at this time it may be necessary for the following utilities to perform work within the limits of the project concurrently with the highway construction work.

Utility Company	Date Authorized/ Notified To Move	Actual/ Anticipated Starting Date	Estimated Number of Working Days	Actual/ Anticipated Completion Date
No utilities will be involved with this project.				

**STATUS OF RIGHT-OF-WAY  
(S1-16-0801)**

According to the best information available, all necessary right-of-way has been acquired.

**REQUIRED SUBCONTRACTOR/SUPPLIER QUOTATIONS LIST  
(S1-43-0603)**

At bid submittal, all bidders must provide to the NDOR the identity of all firms who provided quotations on all projects, including both DBEs and non-DBEs. This information must be on a form provided by the NDOR Contracts Office.

If no quotations were received, the bidder must indicate this in the space provided.

Each bidder will be required to submit one list per letting to cover all projects bid.

**CONTROL OF WORK  
(S1-43-0901)**

Subsection 105.08 in the 1997 Standard Specifications is void and replaced by the following:

**105.08 - Authority and Duty of the Inspector**

Department inspectors are authorized to inspect all work performed and all materials furnished. Such inspection may extend to the preparation, fabrication, or manufacture of the materials. The inspector has the authority to reject work or materials until any issues can be decided, including the right to suspend work. The inspector is not authorized to alter or waive the provisions of the contract or act as a supervisor for the Contractor.

**105.13 – Tentative Acceptance of Portions of the Project**

Paragraph 3.a. of Subsection 105.13 is amended by deleting the word “normal”.

**LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITY TO THE PUBLIC  
(S1-43-1001)**

**107.14 – Opening of Sections of the Project to Traffic**

Subsection 107.14 Paragraphs 2.b.(1) and (2) are void and replaced by the following:

- 2.b. (1) Whenever the Department permits the public use of a highway undergoing construction, repair, or maintenance in lieu of a detour route, the Contractor shall not be held responsible for damages to those portions of the project upon which the Department permitted public use, when such damages are the result of no proximate act or failure to act on the part of the Contractor.

- (2) If the traveling public should cause damage to the roadway, the Contractor shall assist the State in identifying the responsible party and the Contractor shall as a minimum if present at the time of the damage record pertinent information regarding the accident. (Who caused the damage; when the damage occurred; and how the damage occurred.)

#### 107.15 – Contractor’s Responsibility for Work

Subsection 107.15 is amended by adding Paragraph 1.b.(3) as follows:

- (3) The Contractor shall not be held responsible for damage caused by the traveling public on those portions of the project where the Department has permitted public use of the road in lieu of using a detour route and the damage as not the result of any proximate act or failure to act on the part of the Contractor.

### **MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT (S1-43-0901)**

#### 109.08 – Acceptance, Final Payment, and Termination of Contractor’s Responsibility

Subsection 109.08 Paragraph c. amended by deleting the word “normal”.

Subsection 109.08 Paragraph d. is void and replaced by the following:

- d. If the traveling public should cause damage to the roadway the Contractor shall assist the State in identifying the responsible party and the Contractor shall as a minimum if present at the time of the damage record pertinent information regarding the accident. (Who caused the damage; when the damage occurred; and how the damage occurred.)

### **LIABILITY INSURANCE (S1-43-1103)**

Paragraph 2.a. of Subsection 107.13 in the Standard Specifications is void and superseded by the following:

- a. The General Liability coverage for bodily injury liability shall be not less than \$1,000,000 for injuries, including accidental death, in any one occurrence, and subject to an aggregate limit of not less than \$2,000,000.

Paragraph 2.b. of Subsection 107.13 is void and superseded by the following:

- b. The amount of property damage liability insurance shall be not less than \$1,000,000.

## **PLANS AND WORKING DRAWINGS (S1-41-0801)**

The last sentence in Paragraph 5. of Subsection 105.02 in the Standard Specifications is void and superseded by the following:

The Contractor shall furnish the Engineer as many copies of working drawings as are required in each Division specifying submission of working drawing, or seven copies (8 copies if the submission is a precast structure or element), if the quantity is not specified.

Paragraph 6.c. of Subsection 105.02 is void and superseded by the following:

- c. (1) The project number, structure number, control number and project location as it appears on the plans, shall be shown on each sheet of all shop drawings.

## **SPECIAL PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS (Migratory Birds)**

Paragraph 4.h. of Subsection 107.01 in the Standard Specifications for Highway Construction is void.

## **CONSTRUCTION DETAILS**

### **OBLITERATE OLD ROADWAY**

This work shall be performed by the grading contractor and shall consist of obliterating the old roadway as called for in the plans.

The work of obliterating the old roadway will not be measured and paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to "Excavation Established Quantity".

## **FUEL COST ADJUSTMENT PAYMENT (S2-1-0801)**

Section 205 in the Standard Specifications and Supplemental Specifications is amended to include the following:

Payment will be made to the contractor for monthly fluctuations in the cost of diesel fuel used in performing the items of work, "Excavation", "Excavation, Borrow", "Excavation, Established Quantity", and/or "Earthwork Measured in Embankment" when the fuel cost fluctuates by more than 10% from the base price defined below. Payments may be positive, negative, or nonexistent depending on the circumstances. Payments or deductions will only be calculated on that portion of the fuel cost fluctuation that exceeds the 10% specified above.

Payments or deductions for the fuel cost adjustment will be included in the contractor's progress estimates; and the payment or deduction authorized for each estimate will be based upon the algebraic difference between the quantities for "Excavation", "Excavation, Borrow", "Excavation, Established Quantity", and/or "Earthwork Measured in Embankment" on the current estimate and the quantities shown on the previous estimate.

The fuel cost adjustment for the current estimate will be computed according to the following formula:

$$FCA = QFD \text{ where}$$

FCA = Fuel cost adjustment, in dollars;

Q = The algebraic difference between the quantities (in cubic yards or cubic meters) for "Excavation", "Excavation, Borrow", "Excavation, Established Quantity", and/or "Earthwork Measured in Embankment" on the current estimate and the quantities shown on the previous estimate;

F = English  
The fuel use factor for diesel fuel, in gallons per cubic yard. For the items of work "Excavation", "Excavation, Borrow", and "Excavation, Established Quantity", "F" shall be equal to .15. For the item of work "Earthwork Measured in Embankment", "F" shall be equal to .20.

Metric

The fuel use factor for diesel fuel, in liters per cubic meter. For the items of work "Excavation", "Excavation, Borrow", and "Excavation, Established Quantity", "F" shall be equal to .74. For the item of work "Earthwork Measured in Embankment", "F" shall be equal to 1.00.

D = Allowable price differential.

The allowable price differential, "D", for the current estimate will be computed according to the following formula:

When the current price, P, is greater than the base price, P(b).

$$D = P - 1.10P(b), \text{ but not less than zero.}$$

When the current price, P, is less than the base price, P(b).

$$D = P - .90P(b), \text{ but not greater than zero.}$$

In either case, P(b) shall be the base diesel price, in dollars per gallon (liter), defined as the average of the minimum and maximum prices for No. 2 Diesel Fuel (Oklahoma) published in the first issue of "*Platt's Oilgram Price Report*" for the month in which bids for the work were received.

In either case, P, shall be the current diesel price, in dollars per gallon (liter), defined as the average of the minimum and maximum prices for No. 2 Diesel Fuel (Oklahoma) published in the first issue of "*Platt's Oilgram Price Report*" for the month in which the progress estimate is generated.

**WATER  
(S2-1-0603)**

Paragraph 4.a. of Subsection 205.04 in the Standard Specifications is amended to include the following:

Payment shall be made at the established contract unit price.

**CRUSHED ROCK EMBEDMENT**

This work shall consist of spreading a 2 inch layer of crushed rock for surfacing over the surface of the roadbed as shown in the plans, scarifying to uniformly blend the crushed rock into the upper four inches of the subgrade soil and compacting the area with a sheepsfoot roller until firm and stable as determined by the engineer.

Water shall be added as necessary to facilitate compaction.

Crushed rock for embedment shall conform to the requirements of Crushed Rock for Surfacing in Paragraph 7. of Subsection 1033.02 in the 1997 English Edition of the Standard Specifications.

After the crushed rock embedment is completed the Contractor shall place and spread approximately 2 inches of crushed rock on the roadway. Additional crushed rock shall be placed and spread during the life of the project if requested by the Engineer.

Water will not be measured and paid for but shall be considered subsidiary to the Crushed Rock Embedment.

Crushed Rock embedment shall be measured by the Station, measured horizontally along the project centerline, of completed and accepted work.

The work of scarifying and compacting the roadbed, measured as provided herein, will be paid for at the contract unit price per Station for the item "Crushed Rock Embedment". This price shall be full compensation for scarifying, smoothing, and compacting the subgrade and for all labor, equipment, tools, and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Crushed rock used in the work will be measured and paid for in accordance with Section 310 in the 1997 English Edition of the Standard Specifications.

**TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES  
(S4-9-1201)**

Paragraphs 2.a. of Subsection 422.05 in the Standard Specifications is void and superseded by the following:

2.a. If signs are not returned or are returned damaged, and the damage is beyond reasonable “wear and tear” and the damage was caused by the Contractor, then the Contractor shall be charged the value of the missing or damaged items. These charges shall be deducted from monies due the Contractor upon final payment.

**TYPE B HIGH INTENSITY WARNING LIGHTS  
(S4-9-1002)**

All references in the plans to Type B High Intensity Warning Lights shall be considered void. The plans will not be revised to reflect this change.

**CONTRACTOR FURNISHED SIGNS  
(S4-11-0303)**

“Contractor Furnished Sign Day” shall consist of approved retroreflective fluorescent orange or white signs mounted on NCHRP-350 approved traffic control devices, i.e. Type III Barricades or Plastic Drums. The Contractor furnished sign, mounted on a traffic control device, shall together be NCHRP-350 Test Level 3 approved. The signs shall be of the size and shape required by the plans. The color and design of the signs shall be as required by the MUTCD and the NDR Traffic Engineering Division. Sign legends and symbols shall be of professional quality workmanship and in uniformity with the Standard Highway Signs design guide. Contractor furnished Signs shall meet the requirements of the American Traffic Safety Services Association (ATSSA), “Quality Standard for Work Zone Traffic Control Devices”, hand printing or poor workmanship shall not be allowed.

Rigid sign substrates that have been approved to NCHRP 350 (TL-3) mounted on a traffic control device may be used.

Retroreflective orange fluorescent sheeting used for Contractor Furnished Signs shall be 3M diamond grade, Avery Dennison 6500 sheeting or other approved equal material.

Subsection 422.03 is amended by adding Paragraph 1.h.

Contractor Furnished Signs shall be installed as shown in the plans, or as directed by the Engineer. Contractor Furnished Signs shall be installed as prescribed in the MUTCD.

Paragraph 1.a. of Subsection 422.04 is void and superseded by the following:

- 1.a. Sign days of permanent, temporary and Contractor furnished signs installed in accordance with the plans, or as directed by the Engineer, will be measured and paid for by the each.



Paragraph 1. of Subsection 422.05 is amended to include the following:

<b>Pay Item</b>	<b>Pay Unit</b>
Contractor Furnished Sign Day	Each (ea)

### **REMOVAL OF EXISTING STRUCTURE**

Scrape samples of paint were taken from the existing structure located at Station 24+42.50, and were analyzed for the presence of toxic metals. Analysis of the samples shows that the existing paint contains the metals lead and chromium, and may also contain other toxic metals. Analysis indicates a concentration of 340,000 PPM (parts per million) total lead and 6.7 PPM total chromium.

Removal of paint containing hazardous metals at the levels indicated by this analysis could create exposure conditions above regulatory limits for health and safety requirements.

Any test results provided by the Department are for bidding purposes only. The Contractor is required to conduct their own monitoring at project start-up, and adjust worker protection and work practices according to the results.

### **REMOVE STRUCTURE AT STATION 24+42.50**

The item, "Remove Structure at Sta. 24+42.50" shall be in accordance with the pertinent provisions of Section 203 of the Standard Specifications, 1997 English Edition.

The existing super structure at Station 24+42.50 will be removed, and the substructure, the abutments, will be left in place as embankment stabilization.

All structural steel on existing bridge that is coated with a toxic metal paint shall be recycled in the same manner described for Lead plates in Section 203 of the Supplemental Specifications to the Standard Specifications for Highway Construction. All other work involved with the removal and handling of this structural steel shall be in accordance with Section 732 of the Supplemental Specifications to the Standard Specifications for Highway construction.

### **CONCRETE BRIDGE FLOORS (S7-8-1102)**

Paragraph 2.b. of Subsection 706.03 in the Standard Specifications is void and superseded by the following:

- b. Bridge floor concrete shall not be placed when the ambient air or concrete temperature is above 90°F (32°C).

Table 706.01 in Subsection 706.03 is void and superseded by the following:

**Table 706.01**

<b>Temperature and Wind Velocity Limitations</b>	
<b>Air Temperature in the Shade</b>	<b>Maximum Wind Velocity</b>
90°F (32°C)	10 mph (16 kph)
77°F (25°C)	16 mph (25 kph)
68°F (20°C)	22 mph (35 kph)
59°F (15°C)	28 mph (45 kph)
50°F (10°C)	40 mph (65 kph)

**PAINTED STRUCTURAL STEEL**

Subsection 709.03, Paragraph 3 in the Standard Specifications, 1997 English Edition, is amended to include the following:

- g. All surfaces previously painted in the shop, requiring only the prime coat and damaged during shipping, handling, and erection, shall be cleaned as specified under surface preparation and painted with the primer to a condition equal to that required for the prime coat applied in the shop.

**MELT**

Paragraph 2.d. of Subsection 902.04 in the 1997 English Edition of the Standard Specifications is amended to include the MELT end treatment.

Paragraph 1. of Subsection 902.05 is amended to include the following:

<b>Pay Item</b>	<b>Pay Unit</b>
MELT	Each (Ea)

**47B CONCRETE PAVEMENTS AND  
47BD CONCRETE FOR BRIDGES  
(S10-4-0403)**

**General**

Section 1002 in the 1997 Standard Specifications and Supplemental Specifications is amended to include the following:

For the purpose of this Special Provision, Type IPN shall mean Type IP cement made with 15 to 25 percent natural pozzolan and Type IPF shall mean Type IP cement made with 15 to 25 percent Class F fly ash. All cements must conform to the requirements of Section 1004 in the 1997 Standard Specifications and Supplemental Specifications.

## 47BD Concrete for Bridges and Barriers

The 47BD concrete used in bridge decks, approach slabs, bridge rails, and barriers shall be proportioned using one of the alternates shown in Table I.

TABLE I (ENGLISH)  
CLASS 47BD CONCRETE PROPORTIONS

Alt.	Cement Type	Pounds of Cement per Cu.Yd.	Pounds of Class F Fly Ash	Air Content Percent		Pounds of Total Agg. per Cu.Yd.		Ratio of Total Agg. Percent	Type of Coarse Agg.****
				Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
1	I or II	590	130 Min.	5.0	7.5	2530	2950	30±3	Limestone
2	IPN	658	0*	5.0	7.5	2530	2950	30±3	Limestone
3	IPF	658	0**	5.0	7.5	2530	2950	30±3	Limestone
4	I or II	658***	0***	5.0	7.5	2530	2950	30±3	Limestone

TABLE I (METRIC)  
CLASS 47BD CONCRETE PROPORTIONS

Alt.	Cement Type	Kg of Cement per Cu. Meter	Kg of Class F Fly Ash	Air Content Percent		Kg of Total Agg. per Cu.Meter		Ratio of Total Agg. Percent	Type of Coarse Agg.****
				Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
1	I or II	350	77 Min.	5.0	7.5	1500	1750	30±3	Limestone
2	IPN	390	0*	5.0	7.5	1500	1750	30±3	Limestone
3	IPF	390	0**	5.0	7.5	1500	1750	30±3	Limestone
4	I or II	390***	0***	5.0	7.5	1500	1750	30±3	Limestone

\* Class C or F fly ash may be substituted in the mix design provided the total pozzolan content does not exceed 25 percent. The mix may be modified by substituting an amount of fly ash equal to the weight of cement removed.

\*\* No additional fly ash substitution is allowed.

\*\*\* Total alkali content shall not exceed 3 lbs./yd.<sup>3</sup> (1.8 Kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

\*\*\*\* Alternate Aggregate from an approved source may be substituted for limestone.

Water reducing and set retarding admixtures shall be used in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations of dosage rates.

## 47B Concrete Pavements

The 47B concrete used in concrete pavements shall be proportioned using one of the alternates shown in Table II.

TABLE II (ENGLISH)  
CLASS 47B CONCRETE PAVEMENT PROPORTIONS

Alt.	Cement Type	Pounds of Cement per Cu.Yd.	Pounds of Class F Fly Ash	Air Content Percent		Pounds of Total Agg. per Cu.Yd.		Ratio of Total Agg. Percent	Type of Coarse Agg.****
				Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
1	I or II	510	110 Min.	5.0	7.5	2876	3130	30±3	Limestone
2	IPN	564*	0*	5.0	7.5	2876	3130	30±3	Limestone
3	IPF	564**	0**	5.0	7.5	2876	3130	30±3	Limestone
4	I or II	564***	0***	5.0	7.5	2876	3130	30±3	Limestone

TABLE II (METRIC)  
CLASS 47B CONCRETE PAVEMENT PROPORTIONS

Alt.	Cement Type	Kg of Cement per Cu. Meter	Kg of Class F Fly Ash	Air Content Percent		Kg of Total Agg. per Cu.Meter		Ratio of Total Agg. Percent	Type of Coarse Agg.****
				Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
1	I or II	303	65 Min.	5.0	7.5	1706	1857	30±3	Limestone
2	IPN	335*	0*	5.0	7.5	1706	1857	30±3	Limestone
3	IPF	335**	0**	5.0	7.5	1706	1857	30±3	Limestone
4	I or II	335***	0***	5.0	7.5	1706	1857	30±3	Limestone

\* Class C or F fly ash may be substituted in the mix design provided the total pozzolan content does not exceed 25 percent. The mix may be modified by substituting an amount of fly ash equal to the weight of cement removed.

\*\* No additional fly ash substitution is allowed.

\*\*\* Total alkali content shall not exceed 3 lbs./yd.<sup>3</sup> (1.8 Kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

\*\*\*\* Alternate Aggregate from an approved source may be substituted for limestone.

Water reducing admixtures shall be used in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations of dosage rates.

### FLY ASH (S10-5-0801)

Subsection 1008.01 in the Standard Specifications is void and superseded by the following:

Fly ash shall be Class C or F meeting the requirements of ASTM C 618.

## STRUCTURAL STEEL (S10-5-0801)

Section 1045 of the Standard Specifications is amended to include the following:

### 1045.03 -- Steel Plate Substitution

The Contractor may use either English or Metric steel plates in accordance with Table 1045.01.

<b>Table 1045.01</b>			
<b>English-Metric Steel Plate Substitution Table</b>			
<b>Metric (millimeters)</b>	<b>English (inches)</b>	<b>Metric (millimeters)</b>	<b>English (inches)</b>
9	3/8	32	1 1/4
10	3/8	35	1 3/8
11	7/16	38	1 1/2
12	1/2	40	1 5/8
14	9/16	45	1 3/4
16	11/16	50	2
18	3/4	55	2 1/4
20	13/16	60	2 3/8
22	7/8	70	2 3/4
25	1	80	3 1/4
28	1 1/8	90	3 1/2
30	1 1/4		

## REPAIR OF DAMAGED METALLIC COATINGS (S10-5-0801)

Paragraph 2. of Subsection 1061.01 in the Standard Specifications is void and superseded by the following:

2. The material used for repair shall provide a minimum coating thickness of at least 50 µm with one application.

**CORRUGATED METAL PIPE  
(S10-5-0801)**

Table 1035.01 in Section 1035 of the Supplemental Specifications is amended by deleting the title "Steel and Aluminum Culvert Thickness".

**METAL FLARED-END SECTIONS  
(S10-5-0801)**

Table 1036.01 in Section 1036 of the Supplemental Specifications is amended by deleting the title "Steel and Aluminum Flared-End Thickness".

**REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE, MANHOLE RISERS,  
AND FLARED-END SECTIONS  
(S10-5-0801)**

Paragraph 3.a. of Subsection 1037.02 in the Supplemental Specifications is void and superseded by the following:

3.a. Round reinforced concrete pipe shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 170-95 with the exception of the minimum circumferential reinforcing (in<sup>2</sup>/ft. (mm<sup>2</sup>/m) of pipe wall) for 15, 21, and 24 inch (380, 460, 600 mm) Class III pipe, as shown below:

Paragraph 3.b. of Subsection 1037.02 is void and superseded by the following:

b. AASHTO M 170-95 Specifications are modified as follows:

Paragraph 4. of Subsection 1037.02 is void and superseded by the following:

4. Reinforced concrete arch pipe shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 206-95.

Paragraph 5. of Subsection 1037.02 is void and superseded by the following:

5. Reinforced concrete elliptical pipe shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 207-95.

Paragraph 7. of Subsection 1037.02 is void and superseded by the following:

7. Concrete flared-end sections shall be of the design shown in the plans and in conformance with the applicable requirements of AASHTO M 170-95, Class II pipe, AASHTO M 206-95, Class A-II pipe, or AASHTO M 207-95, Class HE-II pipe for the diameter of pipe which it is to be installed.

**HIGH TENSILE BOLTS, NUTS, AND WASHERS  
(S10-5-1001)**

Subsection 1058.02 in the Supplemental Specifications is void.

Paragraph 4.b.(5) in the Standard Specifications is void and superseded by the following:

- (5) The bolt, nut, and washer assembly shall be assembled in a Skidmore-Wilhelm calibrator or an acceptable equivalent device. For bolts that are too short to be assembled in the calibrator, see Subsection 1058.03, Paragraph 4.b.(9).

**ELASTOMERIC BEARINGS AND LAMINATED  
BEARING PADS  
(S10-5-0903)**

Paragraph 2. of Subsection 1068.02 in the Standard Specifications is void and superseded by the following:

2. Samples and Certification shall be furnished in accordance with NDR's *Materials Sampling Guide*.

Paragraph 3. of Subsection 1068.02 is void.

**STEEL BARS FOR CONCRETE REINFORCEMENT  
(S10-5-1201)**

Section 1020 in the Standard Specifications is void and superseded by the following:

1020.01 - Description

Steel tie bars for longitudinal joint reinforcement in concrete pavements shall be epoxy coated and deformed Grade 40 or 60 billet steel as shown in the plans, specifications or Special Provisions.

1020.02 - Material Characteristics

1. Billet-steel bars shall conform to the requirements of ASTM A 615/A 615M.
2. Epoxy coatings shall conform to the requirements in Section 1021 of the Standard Specifications and Supplemental Specifications.

1020.03 - Acceptance Requirements

Acceptance shall be based on sampling, testing, and certification requirements in accordance with the NDR *Materials Sampling Guide*.

**EPOXY COATED REINFORCING STEEL  
(S10-5-0403)**

Table 1021.01 in Section 1021 of the Standard Specifications is void and superseded by the following:

<b>Table 1021.01</b>			
<b>Bend Test Requirements</b>			
<b>English</b>		<b>Metric</b>	
<b>Bar No.</b>	<b>Mandrel Diameter (inches)</b>	<b>Bar</b>	<b>Mandrel Diameter (millimeters)</b>
3	3	10	75
4	4	13	100
5	5	16	125
6	6	19	150
7	7	22	175
8	8	25	200
9	9	29	230
10	10	32	250
11	11	36	280
14	17	43	430
18	23	57	580

**PROPOSAL GUARANTY  
(S1-38-0801)**

As an evidence of good faith in submitting a proposal for this work or for any portion thereof as provided in the proposal form, the bidder must file with his proposal a bid bond, which must be executed on the Department of Roads' Bid Bond form, in the amount of 5 percent of the amount bid for any group of items or collection of groups for which the bid is submitted. Any alterations, conditions or limitations added to the Department of Roads' Bid Bond form will be unacceptable and cause the bid not to be opened and read.

\* \* \* \* \*

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