

INFORMATIONAL PROPOSAL (For information only, not to be used for bidding)

NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF ROADS
LETTING DATE : March 13, 2003

METRIC

CALL ORDER: F22 CONTRACT ID: 8619

CONTROL NO./SEQ. NO.: 80619 /000 PROJECT NO.: EACSTPD-281-4(114)

TENTATIVE START DATE: 06/02/03 CONTRACT TIME: 195 WORKING DAYS

LOCATION: US-281, O'NEILL NORTH.
IN COUNTY: HOLT

BIDDER

GROUP 1 GRADING
GROUP 4 CULVERTS
GROUP 5 SEEDING
GROUP 9 BITUMINOUS
GROUP 10 GENERAL ITEMS

THIS PROPOSAL CONTAINS A DBE GOAL OF 6.0 %.

SEE SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR GROUP TIES

NOTES

THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF WORK WHICH WILL BE ACCEPTED IN THIS LETTING IS LIMITED TO \$_____.

THE NUMBER OF _____ CONTRACTS WHICH WILL BE ACCEPTED IN THIS LETTING IS LIMITED TO ____.

NOTICE TO ALL BIDDERS

To report bid rigging activities, call: 1-800-424-9071

The U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) operates the above toll-free "hotline" Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. eastern time. Anyone with knowledge of possible bid rigging, bidder collusion, or other fraudulent activities should use the "hotline" to report such activities.

The "hotline" is part of the DOT's continuing effort to identify and investigate highway construction contract fraud and abuse and is operated under the direction of the DOT Inspector General. All information will be treated confidentially and caller anonymity will be respected.

LETTING QUESTIONS

Prior to the letting, any questions pertaining to the Special Provisions or the plans for this project should be directed to Construction Division personnel at (402) 479-4568 or (402) 479-4529.

**REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS
FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS**

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ATTACHMENTS

- A. Employment Preference for Appalachian Contracts
(included in Appalachian contracts only)

I. GENERAL

1. These contract provisions shall apply to all work performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piece-work, station work, or by subcontract.

2. Except as otherwise provided for in each section, the contractor shall insert in each subcontract all of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions, and further require their inclusion in any lower tier subcontract or purchase order that may in turn be made. The Required Contract Provisions shall not be incorporated by reference in any case. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with these Required Contract Provisions.

3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions shall be sufficient grounds for termination of the contract.

4. A breach of the following clauses of the Required Contract Provisions may also be grounds for debarment as provided in 29 CFR 5.12:

Section I, paragraph 2;
Section IV, paragraphs 1, 2, 3, 4, and 7;
Section V, paragraphs 1 and 2a through 2g.

5. Disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of Section IV (except paragraph 5) and Section V of these Required Contract Provisions shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the U.S. Department of Labor (DOL) as set forth in 29 CFR 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the DOL, or the contractor's employees or their representatives.

6. **Selection of Labor:** During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not:

- a. discriminate against labor from any other State, possession, or territory of the United States (except for employment

preference for Appalachian contracts, when applicable, as specified in Attachment A), or

- b. employ convict labor for any purpose within the limits of the project unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation.

II. NONDISCRIMINATION

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts of \$10,000 or more.)

1. **Equal Employment Opportunity:** Equal employment opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (28 CFR 35, 29 CFR 1630 and 41 CFR 60) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140 shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under this contract. The Equal Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications set forth under 41 CFR 60-4.3 and the provisions of the American Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR 35 and 29 CFR 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:

- a. The contractor will work with the State highway agency (SHA) and the Federal Government in carrying out EEO obligations and in their review of his/her activities under the contract.

- b. The contractor will accept as his operating policy the following statement:

"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, preapprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."

2. **EEO Officer:** The contractor will designate and make known to the SHA contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active contractor program of EEO and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.

3. **Dissemination of Policy:** All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action, or who are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of, and will implement, the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:

- a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer.

b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.

c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minority group employees.

d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.

e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.

4. **Recruitment:** When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minority groups in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.

a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minority group applicants. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees, and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority group applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.

b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, he is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system permits the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. (The DOL has held that where implementation of such agreements have the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Executive Order 11246, as amended.)

c. The contractor will encourage his present employees to refer minority group applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring minority group applicants will be discussed with employees.

5. **Personnel Actions:** Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:

a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to insure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.

b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.

c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.

d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with his obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve

such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of his avenues of appeal.

6. Training and Promotion:

a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minority group and women employees, and applicants for employment.

b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs, i.e., apprenticeship, and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance. Where feasible, 25 percent of apprentices or trainees in each occupation shall be in their first year of apprenticeship or training. In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision.

c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.

d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of minority group and women employees and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.

7. **Unions:** If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use his/her best efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minority groups and women within the unions, and to effect referrals by such unions of minority and female employees. Actions by the contractor either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent will include the procedures set forth below:

a. The contractor will use best efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minority group members and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minority group employees and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.

b. The contractor will use best efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability.

c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the SHA and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.

d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of minority and women referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minority group persons and women. (The DOL has held that it shall be no excuse that the union with which the contractor has a collective bargaining agreement providing for exclusive referral failed to refer minority employees.) In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246 (Rev. 3-94)

tive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the SHA.

8. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment: The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment.

a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors and suppliers of his/her EEO obligations under this contract.

b. Disadvantaged business enterprises (DBE), as defined in 49 CFR 23, shall have equal opportunity to compete for and perform subcontracts which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract. The contractor will use his best efforts to solicit bids from and to utilize DBE subcontractors or subcontractors with meaningful minority group and female representation among their employees. Contractors shall obtain lists of DBE construction firms from SHA personnel.

c. The contractor will use his best efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.

9. Records and Reports: The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following completion of the contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the SHA and the FHWA.

a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:

(1) The number of minority and non-minority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;

(2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women;

(3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minority and female employees; and

(4) The progress and efforts being made in securing the services of DBE subcontractors or subcontractors with meaningful minority and female representation among their employees.

b. The contractors will submit an annual report to the SHA each July for the duration of the project, indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on Form FHWA-1391. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor will be required to collect and report training data.

III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts of \$10,000 or more.)

a. By submission of this bid, the execution of this contract or subcontract, or the consummation of this material supply agreement or purchase order, as appropriate, the bidder, Federal-aid construction contractor, subcontractor, material supplier, or vendor, as appropriate, certifies that the firm does not maintain or provide for its employees any segregated facilities at any of its establishments, and that the firm does not permit its employees to perform their services at any location, under its control, where segregated facilities are maintained. The firm agrees that a breach of this certification is a violation of the EEO provisions of this contract. The firm further certifies that no employee will be denied access to adequate facilities on the basis of sex or disability.

b. As used in this certification, the term "segregated facilities" means any waiting rooms, work areas, restrooms and washrooms, restaurants and other eating areas, timeclocks, locker rooms, and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing facilities provided for employees which are segregated by explicit directive, or are, in fact, segregated on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, age or disability, because of habit, local custom, or otherwise. The only exception will be for the disabled when the demands for accessibility override (e.g. disabled parking).

c. The contractor agrees that it has obtained or will obtain identical certification from proposed subcontractors or material suppliers prior to award of subcontracts or consummation of material supply agreements of \$10,000 or more and that it will retain such certifications in its files.

IV. PAYMENT OF PREDETERMINED MINIMUM WAGE

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts, except for projects located on roadways classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt.)

1. General:

a. All mechanics and laborers employed or working upon the site of the work will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account [except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations (29 CFR 3) issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (40 U.S.C. 276c)] the full amounts of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment. The payment shall be computed at wage rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor (hereinafter "the wage determination") which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor or its subcontractors and such laborers and mechanics. The wage determination (including any additional classifications and wage rates conformed under paragraph 2 of this Section IV and the DOL poster (WH-1321) or Form FHWA-1495) shall be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers. For the purpose of this Section, contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under Section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 276a) on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of Section IV, paragraph 3b, hereof. Also, for the purpose of this Section, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more

than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs, which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in paragraphs 4 and 5 of this Section IV.

b. Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein, provided, that the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed.

c. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon Act and related acts contained in 29 CFR 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract.

2. Classification:

a. The SHA contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics employed under the contract, which is not listed in the wage determination, shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination.

b. The contracting officer shall approve an additional classification, wage rate and fringe benefits only when the following criteria have been met:

(1) the work to be performed by the additional classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination;

(2) the additional classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry;

(3) the proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination; and

(4) with respect to helpers, when such a classification prevails in the area in which the work is performed.

c. If the contractor or subcontractors, as appropriate, the laborers and mechanics (if known) to be employed in the additional classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the contracting officer to the DOL, Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, Washington, D.C. 20210. The Wage and Hour Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

d. In the event the contractor or subcontractors, as appropriate, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the additional classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Wage and Hour Administrator for determination. Said Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

e. The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraph 2c or 2d of this Section IV shall be paid to all workers performing work in the additional classification from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.

3. Payment of Fringe Benefits:

a. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor or subcontractors, as appropriate, shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly case equivalent thereof.

b. If the contractor or subcontractor, as appropriate, does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, he/she may consider as a part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, provided, that the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

4. Apprentices and Trainees (Programs of the U.S. DOL) and Helpers:

a. Apprentices:

(1) Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the DOL, Employment and Training Administration, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, or with a State apprenticeship agency recognized by the Bureau, or if a person is employed in his/her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training or a State apprenticeship agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice.

(2) The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeyman-level employees on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any employee listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate listed in the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor or subcontractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman-level hourly rate) specified in the contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed.

(3) Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman-level hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator for

the Wage and Hour Division determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination

(4) In the event the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, or a State apprenticeship agency recognized by the Bureau, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor or subcontractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the comparable work performed by regular employees until an acceptable program is approved.

b. Trainees:

(1) Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the DOL, Employment and Training Administration.

(2) The ratio of trainees to journeyman-level employees on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

(3) Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for his/her level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman-level hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman-level wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices, in which case such trainees shall receive the same fringe benefits as apprentices.

(4) In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the contractor or subcontractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

c. Helpers:

Helpers will be permitted to work on a project if the helper classification is specified and defined on the applicable wage determination or is approved pursuant to the conformance procedure set forth in Section IV.2. Any worker listed on a payroll at a helper wage rate, who is not a helper under an approved definition, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed.

5. Apprentices and Trainees (Programs of the U.S. DOT):

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeymen shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

6. Withholding:

The SHA shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the DOL withhold, or cause to be withheld, from the contractor or subcontractor under this contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other Federally-assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements which is held by the same prime contractor, as much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the contract, the SHA contracting officer may, after written notice to the contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

7. Overtime Requirements:

No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers, mechanics, watchmen, or guards (including apprentices, trainees, and helpers described in paragraphs 4 and 5 above) shall require or permit any laborer, mechanic, watchman, or guard in any workweek in which he/she is employed on such work, to work in excess of 40 hours in such workweek unless such laborer, mechanic, watchman, or guard receives compensation at a rate not less than one-and-one-half times his/her basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of 40 hours in such workweek.

8. Violation:

Liability for Unpaid Wages; Liquidated Damages:
In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 7 above, the contractor and any subcontractor responsible thereof shall be liable to the affected employee for his/her unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory) for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer, mechanic, watchman, or guard employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 7, in the sum of \$10 for each calendar day on which such employee was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard work week of 40 hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph 7.

9. Withholding for Unpaid Wages and Liquidated Damages:

The SHA shall upon its own action or upon written request of any authorized representative of the DOL withhold, or cause to be withheld, from any monies payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other Federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in paragraph 8 above.

V. STATEMENTS AND PAYROLLS

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts, except for projects located on roadways classified as local roads or rural collectors, which are exempt.)

1. Compliance with Copeland Regulations (29 CFR 3):

The contractor shall comply with the Copeland Regulations of the Secretary of Labor which are herein incorporated by reference.

2. Payrolls and Payroll Records:

a. Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the contractor and each subcontractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of 3 years from the date of completion of the contract for all laborers, mechanics, apprentices, trainees, watchmen, helpers, and guards working at the site of the work.

b. The payroll records shall contain the name, social security number, and address of each such employee; his or her correct classification; hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalent thereof the types described in Section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis Bacon Act); daily and weekly number of hours worked; deductions made; and actual wages paid. In addition, for Appalachian contracts, the payroll records shall contain a notation indicating whether the employee does, or does not, normally reside in the labor area as defined in Attachment A, paragraph 1. Whenever the Secretary of Labor, pursuant to Section IV, paragraph 3b, has found that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in Section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis Bacon Act, the contractor and each subcontractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and show the cost anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing benefits. Contractors or subcontractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprentices and trainees, and ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

c. Each contractor and subcontractor shall furnish, each week in which any contract work is performed, to the SHA resident engineer a payroll of wages paid each of its employees (including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, described in Section IV, paragraphs 4 and 5, and watchmen and guards engaged on work during the preceding weekly payroll period). The payroll submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under paragraph 2b of this Section V. This information may be submitted in any form

desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose and may be purchased from the Superintendent of Documents (Federal stock number 029-005-0014-1), U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors.

d. Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor or his/her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:

(1) that the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be maintained under paragraph 2b of this Section V and that such information is correct and complete;

(2) that such laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in the Regulations, 29 CFR 3;

(3) that each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rate and fringe benefits or cash equivalent for the classification of worked performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.

e. The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 2d of this Section V.

f. The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor to civil or criminal prosecution under 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 31 U.S.C. 231.

g. The contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph 2b of this Section V available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the SHA, the FHWA, or the DOL, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, the SHA, the FHWA, the DOL, or all may, after written notice to the contractor, sponsor, applicant, or owner, take such actions as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

VI. RECORD OF MATERIALS, SUPPLIES, AND LABOR

1. On all Federal-aid contracts on the National Highway System, except those which provide solely for the installation of protective devices at railroad grade crossings, those which are constructed on a force account or direct labor basis, highway beautification contracts, and contracts for which the total final construction cost for roadway and bridge is less than \$1,000,000 (23 CFR 635) the contractor shall:

a. Become familiar with the list of specific materials and supplies contained in Form FHWA-47, "Statement of Materials and Labor Used by Contractor of Highway Construction Involving Federal Funds," prior to the commencement of work under this contract.

b. Maintain a record of the total cost of all materials and supplies purchased for and incorporated in the work, and also of

Form FHWA-1273 (Rev. 3-94)

the quantities of those specific materials and supplies listed on Form FHWA-47, and in the units shown on Form FHWA-47.

c. Furnish, upon the completion of the contract, to the SHA resident engineer on Form FHWA-47 together with the data required in paragraph 1b relative to materials and supplies, a final labor summary of all contract work indicating the total hours worked and the total amount earned.

2. At the prime contractor's option, either a single report covering all contract work or separate reports for the contractor and for each subcontract shall be submitted.

VII. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the State. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635).

a. "Its own organization" shall be construed to include only workers employed and paid directly by the prime contractor and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor, assignee, or agent of the prime contractor.

b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract.

2. The contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph 1 of Section VII is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.

3. The contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the SHA contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.

4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the SHA contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the SHA has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract.

VIII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the SHA contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees

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on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract.

2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and health standards (29 CFR 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 333).

3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 333).

IX. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal-aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, the following notice shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

NOTICE TO ALL PERSONNEL ENGAGED ON FEDERAL-AID HIGHWAY PROJECTS

18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 1, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

X. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts of \$100,000 or more.)

By submission of this bid or the execution of this contract, or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, Federal-aid construction contractor, or subcontractor, as appropriate, will be deemed to have stipulated as follows:

1. That any facility that is or will be utilized in the performance of this contract, unless such contract is exempt under the Clean Air Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1857 *et seq.*, as amended by Pub.L. 91-604), and under the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251 *et seq.*, as amended by Pub.L. 92-500), Executive Order 11738, and regulations in implementation thereof (40 CFR 15) is not listed, on the date of contract award, on the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) List of Violating Facilities pursuant to 40 CFR 15.20.

2. That the firm agrees to comply and remain in compliance with all the requirements of Section 114 of the Clean Air Act and Section 308 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act and all regulations and guidelines listed thereunder.

3. That the firm shall promptly notify the SHA of the receipt of any communication from the Director, Office of Federal Activities, EPA, indicating that a facility that is or will be utilized for the contract is under consideration to be listed on the EPA List of Violating Facilities.

4. That the firm agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of paragraph 1 through 4 of this Section X in every nonexempt subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the government may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements.

XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

1. Instructions for Certification - Primary Covered Transactions:

(Applicable to all Federal-aid contracts - 49 CFR 29)

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective primary participant is providing the certification set out below.

b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective primary participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction.

c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the department or agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective primary participant know-

ingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default.

d. The prospective primary participant shall provide immediate written notice to the department or agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective primary participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "lower tier covered transaction," "participant," "person," "primary covered transaction," "principal," "proposal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of rules implementing Executive Order 12549. You may contact the department or agency to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations.

f. The prospective primary participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction.

g. The prospective primary participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," provided by the department or agency entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.

h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant may decide the method and frequency by which it determines the eligibility of its principals. Each participant may, but is not required to, check the nonprocurement portion of the "Lists of Parties Excluded From Federal Procurement or Nonprocurement Programs" (Nonprocurement List) which is compiled by the General Services Administration.

i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph f of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Primary Covered Transactions

1. The prospective primary participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:

- a. Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
- b. Have not within a 3-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgement rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;
- c. Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph 1b of this certification; and
- d. Have not within a 3-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.

2. Where the prospective primary participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

2. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Covered Transactions:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders and other lower tier transactions of \$25,000 or more - 49 CFR 29)

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.
- c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "primary covered transaction," "participant," "person," "principal," "proposal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of rules implementing Executive Order 12549. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations.
- e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated.

f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.

g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant may decide the method and frequency by which it determines the eligibility of its principals. Each participant may, but is not required to, check the Nonprocurement List.

h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Covered Transactions:

- 1. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction by any Federal department or agency.
- 2. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

XII. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000 - 49 CFR 20)

- 1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:
 - a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting his or her bid or proposal that he or she shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

**NOTICE OF REQUIREMENT FOR AFFIRMATIVE
ACTION TO ENSURE EQUAL EMPLOYMENT
OPPORTUNITY
(EXECUTIVE ORDER 11246)**

1. The Offeror's or Bidder's attention is called to the "Equal Opportunity Clause" and the "Standard Federal Equal Employment Specifications" set forth herein.
2. The goals and timetables for minority and female participation, expressed in percentage terms for the Contractor's aggregate work force in each trade on all construction work in the covered area are as follows:

GOALS FOR MINORITY PARTICIPATION IN EACH TRADE

Economic Area	Goal %	Economic Area	Goal %
103 Sioux City, IA:		Non-SMSA Counties	5.3
SMSA Counties:		IA Adams, IA Audubon, IA Cass,	
7720 Sioux City, IA-NE	1.9	IA Fremont, IA Harrison, IA Mills,	
IA Woodbury, NE Dakota		IA Montgomery, IA Page, IA Shelby,	
Non-SMSA Counties	1.2	IA Taylor, NE Burt, NE Cass, NE Colfax,	
IA Cherokee, IA Crawford, IA Ida,		NE Dodge, NE Platte, NE Saunders,	
IA Monona, IA O'Brien, IA Plymouth,		NE Washington	
IA Sioux, NE Antelope, NE Cedar,		144 Grand Island, NE:	
NE Cuming, NE Dixon, NE Knox,		Non-SMSA Counties	1.4
NE Madison, NE Pierce, NE Stanton,		NE Adams, NE Arthur, NE Blaine,	
NE Thurston, NE Wayne, SD BonHomme,		NE Boone, NE Boyd, NE Brown,	
SD Clay, SD Union, SD Yankton		NE Buffalo, NE Chase, NE Cherry,	
142 Lincoln, NE:		NE Clay, NE Custer, NE Dawson,	
SMSA Counties:		NE Dundy, NE Franklin, NE Frontier,	
4360 Lincoln, NE	2.8	NE Furnas, NE Garfield, NE Gosper,	
NE Lancaster		NE Grant, NE Greeley, NE Hall, NE	
Non-SMSA Counties	1.9	Hamilton, NE Harlan, NE Hayes,	
NE Butler, NE Fillmore, NE Gage,		NE Hitchcock, NE Holt, NE Hooker,	
NE Jefferson, NE Johnson, NE Nemaha,		NE Howard, NE Kearney, NE Keith,	
NE Otoe, NE Pawnee, NE Polk, NE		NE Keya Paha, NE Lincoln, NE Logan,	
Richardson, NE Saline, NE Seward,		NE Loup, NE McPherson, NE Merrick,	
NE Thayer, NE York		NE Nance, NE Nuckolls, NE Perkins,	
143 Omaha, NE:		NE Phelps, NE Red Willow, NE Rock,	
SMSA Counties:		NE Sherman, NE Thomas, NE Valley,	
5920 Omaha, NE-IA	7.6	NE Webster, NE Wheeler	
IA Pottawattamie, NE Douglas,		145 Scottsbluff, NE:	
NE Sarpy		Non-SMSA Counties	5.3
		NE Banner, NE Box Butte, NE Chey-	
		enne, NE Dawes, NE Deuel, NE	
		Garden, NE Kimball, NE Morrill,	
		NE Scotts Bluff, NE Sheridan, NE	
		Sioux, WY Goshen	

GOALS AND TIMETABLES FOR FEMALE PARTICIPATION IN EACH TRADE

Timetables	Goals (Percent)
From April 1, 1980 until further notice	6.9

These goals are applicable to all the Contractor's construction work (whether or not it is Federal or federally assisted) performed in the covered area. If the contractor performs construction work in a geographical area located outside of the covered area, it shall apply the goals established for such geographical area where the work is actually performed. With regard to this second area, the contractor also is subject to the goals for both its federally involved and nonfederally involved construction.

The Contractor's compliance with the Executive Order and the regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4 shall be based on its implementation of the Equal Opportunity Clause, specific affirmative action obligations required by the specifications set forth in 41 CFR 60-4.3(a), and its efforts to meet the goals. The hours of minority and female employment and training must be substantially uniform throughout the length of the contract, and in each trade, and the contractor shall make a good faith effort to employ minorities and women evenly on each of its projects. The transfer of minority or female employees or trainees from Contractor to Contractor or from project to project for the sole purpose of meeting the Contractor's goals shall be a violation of the contract, the Executive Order and the regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4. Compliance with the goals will be measured against the total work hours performed.

3. The Contractor shall provide written notification to the Director of the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs within 10 working days of award of any construction subcontract in excess of \$10,000 at any tier for construction work under the contract resulting from this solicitation. The notification shall list the name, address and telephone number of the subcontractor; employer identification number of the subcontractor; estimated dollar amount of the subcontract; estimated starting and completion dates of the subcontract; and the geographical area in which the subcontract is to be performed.
4. As used in this Notice, and in the contract resulting from this solicitation, the "covered area" is by county.

November 3, 1980

**STANDARD FEDERAL EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY
CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT SPECIFICATIONS
(EXECUTIVE ORDER 11246)**

1. As used in these specifications:
 - a. "Covered area" means the geographical area described in the solicitation from which this contract resulted;
 - b. "Director" means Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, United States Department of Labor, or any person to whom the Director delegates authority;
 - c. "Employer Identification Number" means the Federal Social Security number used on the Employer's Quarterly Federal Tax Return, U.S. Treasury Department Form 941.
 - d. "Minority" includes:
 - (i) Black (all persons having origins in any of the Black African racial groups not of Hispanic origin);
 - (ii) Hispanic (all persons of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American or other Spanish Culture or origin, regardless of race);
 - (iii) Asian and Pacific Islander (all persons having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or the Pacific Islands); and
 - (iv) American Indian or Alaskan Native (all persons having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and maintaining identifiable tribal affiliations through membership and participation or community identification).
2. Whenever the Contractor, or any Subcontractor at any tier, subcontracts a portion of the work involving any construction trade, it shall physically include in each subcontract in excess of \$10,000 the provisions of these specifications and the Notice, which contains the applicable goals for minority and female participation and which is set forth in the solicitations from which this contract resulted.
3. If the Contractor is participating (pursuant to 41 CFR 60-4.5) in a Hometown Plan approved by the U.S. Department of Labor in the covered area either individually or through an association, its affirmative action obligations on all work in the Plan area (including goals and timetables) shall be in accordance with that Plan for those trades which have unions participating in the Plan. Contractors must be able to demonstrate their participation in and compliance with the provisions of any such Hometown Plan. Each Contractor or Subcontractor participating in an approved Plan is individually required to comply with its obligations under the EEO clause, and to make a good faith effort to achieve each goal under the Plan in each trade in which it has employees. The overall good faith performance by other Contractors or Subcontractors toward a goal in an approved Plan does not excuse any covered Contractor's or Subcontractor's failure to take good faith efforts to achieve the Plan goals and timetables.
4. The Contractor shall implement the specific affirmative action standards provided in paragraphs 7a through p of these specifications. The goals set forth in the solicitation from which this contract resulted are expressed as percentages of the total hours of employment and training of minority and female utilization the Contractor should reasonably be able to achieve in each construction trade in which it has employees in the covered area. Covered Construction contractors performing construction work in geographical areas where they do not have a Federal or federally assisted construction contract shall apply the minority and female goals established for the geographical area where the work is being performed. Goals are published periodically in the **Federal Register** in notice form, and such notices may be obtained from any Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs office or from Federal procurement contracting officers. The Contractor is expected to make substantially uniform progress in meeting its goals in each craft during the period specified.
5. Neither the provisions of any collective bargaining agreement, nor the failure by a union with whom the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement, to refer either minorities or women shall excuse the Contractor's obligations under these specifications, Executive Order 11246, or the regulations promulgated pursuant thereto.
6. In order for the nonworking training hours of apprentices and trainees to be counted in meeting the goals, such apprentices and trainees must be employed by the Contractor during the training period, and the Contractor must have made a commitment to employ the apprentices and trainees at the completion of their training, subject to the availability of employment opportunities. Trainees must be trained pursuant to training programs approved by the U.S. Department of Labor.

7. The Contractor shall take specific affirmative actions to ensure equal employment opportunity. The evaluation of the Contractor's compliance with these specifications shall be based upon its effort to achieve maximum results from its action. The Contractor shall document these efforts fully and shall implement affirmative action steps at least as extensive as the following:

- a. Ensure and maintain a working environment free of harassment, intimidation, and coercion at all sites, and in all facilities at which the Contractor's employees are assigned to work. The Contractor, where possible, will assign two or more women to each construction project. The Contractor shall specifically ensure that all foremen, superintendents, and other on-site supervisory personnel are aware of and carry out the Contractor's obligation to maintain such a working environment, with specific attention to minority or female individuals working at such sites or in such facilities.
- b. Establish and maintain a current list of minority and female recruitment sources, provide written notification to minority and female recruitment sources and to community organizations when the Contractor or its unions have employment opportunities available, and maintain a record of the organizations' responses.
- c. Maintain a current file of the names, addresses and telephone numbers of each minority and female off-the-street applicant and minority or female referral from a union, a recruitment source or community organization and of what action was taken with respect to each such individual. If such individual was sent to the union hiring hall for referral and was not referred back to the Contractor by the union or, if referred, not employed by the Contractor, this shall be documented in the file with the reason therefor, along with whatever additional actions the Contractor may have taken.
- d. Provide immediate written notification to the Director when the union or unions with which the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement has not referred to the Contractor a minority person or woman sent by the Contractor, or when the Contractor has other information that the union referral process has impeded the Contractor's efforts to meet its obligations.
- e. Develop on-the-job training opportunities and/or participate in training programs for the area which expressly include minorities and women, including upgrading programs and apprenticeship and trainee programs relevant to the Contractor's employment needs, especially those programs funded or approved by the Department of Labor. The Contractor shall provide notice of these programs to the sources compiled under 7b above.
- f. Disseminate the Contractor's EEO policy by providing notice of the policy to unions and training programs and requesting their cooperation in assisting the Contractor in meeting its EEO obligations; by including it in any policy manual and collective bargaining agreement; by publicizing it in the company newspaper, annual report, etc.; by specific review of the policy with all management personnel and with all minority and female employees at least once a year; and by posting the company EEO policy on bulletin boards accessible to all employees at each location where construction work is performed.
- g. Review, at least annually, the company's EEO policy and affirmative action obligations under these specifications with all employees having any responsibility for hiring, assignment, layoff, termination or other employment decisions including specific review of these items with on-site supervisory personnel such as Superintendents, General Foremen, etc., prior to the initiation of construction work at any job site. A written record shall be made and maintained identifying the time and place of these meetings, persons attending, subject matter discussed, and disposition of the subject matter.
- h. Disseminate the Contractor's EEO policy externally by including it in any advertising in the news media, specifically including minority and female news media, and providing written notification to and discussing the Contractor's EEO policy with other Contractors and Subcontractors with whom the Contractor does or anticipates doing business.

Direct its recruitment efforts, both oral and written, to minority, female and community organizations, to schools with minority and female students and to minority and female recruitment and training organizations serving the Contractor's recruitment area and employment needs. Not later than one month prior to the date for the acceptance of applications for apprenticeship or other training by any recruitment source, the Contractor shall send written notification to organizations such as the above, describing the openings, screening procedures, and tests to be used in the selection process.

Encourage present minority and female employees to recruit other minority persons and women and, where reasonable, provide after school, summer and vacation employment to minority and female youth both on the site and in other areas of a Contractor's work force.

- k. Validate all tests and other selection requirements where there is an obligation to do so under 41 CFR Part 60-3.
 - Conduct, at least annually, an inventory and evaluation at least of all minority and female personnel for promotional opportunities and encourage these employees to seek or to prepare for, through appropriate training, etc., such opportunities.
 - m. Ensure that seniority practices, job classifications, work assignments and other personnel practices, do not have a discriminatory effect by continually monitoring all personnel and employment related activities to ensure that the EEO policy and the Contractor's obligations under these specifications are being carried out.
 - n. Ensure that all facilities and company activities are nonsegregated except that separate or single-user toilet and necessary changing facilities shall be provided to assure privacy between the sexes.
 - o. Document and maintain a record of all solicitations of offers for subcontracts from minority and female construction contractors and suppliers, including circulation of solicitations to minority and female contractor associations and other business associations.
 - p. Conduct a review, at least annually, of all supervisors' adherence to and performance under the Contractor's EEO policies and affirmative action obligations.
8. Contractors are encouraged to participate in voluntary associations which assist in fulfilling one or more of their affirmative action obligations (7a through p). The efforts of a contractor association, joint contractor-union, contractor-community, or other similar group of which the contractor is a member and participant, may be asserted as fulfilling any one or more of its obligations under 7a through p of these Specifications provided that the contractor actively participates in the group, makes every effort to assure that the group has a positive impact on the employment of minorities and women in the industry, ensures that the concrete benefits of the program are reflected in the Contractor's minority and female work force participation, makes a good faith effort to meet its individual goals and timetables, and can provide access to documentation which demonstrates the effectiveness of actions taken on behalf of the Contractor. The obligation to comply, however, is the Contractor's and failure of such a group to fulfill an obligation shall not be a defense for the Contractor's noncompliance.
9. A single goal for minorities and a separate single goal for women have been established. The Contractor, however, is required to provide equal employment opportunity and to take affirmative action for all minority groups, both male and female, and all women, both minority and non-minority. Consequently, the Contractor may be in violation of the Executive Order if a particular group is employed in a substantially disparate manner (for example, even though the Contractor has achieved its goals for women generally, the Contractor may be in violation of the Executive Order if a specific minority group of women is underutilized).
10. The Contractor shall not use the goals and timetables or affirmative action standards to discriminate against any person because of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin.
- The contractor shall not enter into any Subcontract with any person or firm debarred from Government contracts pursuant to Executive Order 11246.
12. The Contractor shall carry out such sanctions and penalties for violation of these specifications and of the Equal Opportunity Clause, including suspension, termination and cancellation of existing subcontracts as may be imposed or ordered pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and its implementing regulations, by the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs. Any Contractor who fails to carry out such sanctions and penalties shall be in violation of these specifications and Executive Order 11246, as amended.
13. The Contractor, in fulfilling its obligations under these specifications, shall implement specific affirmative action steps, at least as extensive as those standards prescribed in paragraph 7 of these specifications, so as to achieve maximum results from its efforts to ensure equal employment opportunity. If the Contractor fails to comply with the requirements of the Executive Order, the implementing regulations, or these specifications, the Director shall proceed in accordance with 41 CFR 60-4.8.
14. The Contractor shall designate a responsible official to monitor all employment related activity to ensure that the company EEO policy is being carried out, to submit reports relating to the provisions hereof as may be required by the Government and to keep records. Records shall at least include for each employee the name, address, telephone numbers, construction trade, union affiliation if any, employee identification number when assigned, social security number, race, sex, status (e.g., mechanic, apprentice, trainee, helper, or laborer), dates of changes in status, hours worked per week in the indicated trade, rate of pay, and locations at which the

work was performed. Records shall be maintained in an easily understandable and retrievable form; however, to the degree that existing records satisfy this requirement, contractors shall not be required to maintain separate records.

15. Nothing herein provided shall be construed as a limitation upon the application of other laws which establish different standards of compliance or upon the application of requirements for the hiring of local or other area residents (e.g., those under the Public Works Employment Act of 1977 and the Community Development Block Grant Program).

Supplemental Reporting Requirements

- A. The contractor will keep such records as are necessary to determine compliance with the contractor's equal employment opportunity obligations. The records kept by the contractor will be designed to indicate the number of minority and non-minority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project.
- B. All such records must be retained for a period of three years following completion of the contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the State Highway agency and the Federal Highway Administration.
- C. The Contractor and each covered subcontractor will submit to the State Highway agency, for the month of July, for the duration of the project, a report (Form PR-1391) "Federal-aid Highway Construction Contractors Annual EEO Report), indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. If on-the-job training is being required by "Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Specifications" the contractor will be required to furnish (Form FHWA 1409) "Federal-aid Highway Construction Contractor's Semi-Annual Training Report".

Equal Employment Opportunity Policy

The contractor will accept as his operating policy the following statement which is designed to further the provision of equal employment opportunity to all persons without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, or national origin, and to promote the full realization of equal employment opportunity through a positive continuing program:

It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, color, or national origin. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, preapprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training.

GENERAL DECISION **NE020002** 03/01/02 NE2
 General Decision Number **NE020002**

Superseded General Decision No. NE010002

State: Nebraska

Construction Type:
 HEAVY
 HIGHWAY

County(ies):

ADAMS	FURNAS	NANCE
ANTELOPE	GAGE	NEMAHA
ARTHUR	GARDEN	NUCKOLLS
BANNER	GARFIELD	OTOE
BLAINE	GOSPER	PAWNEE
BOONE	GRANT	PERKINS
BOX BUTTE	GREELEY	PHELPS
BOYD	HALL	PIERCE
BROWN	HAMILTON	PLATTE
BUFFALO	HARLAN	POLK
BURT	HAYES	RED WILLOW
BUTLER	HITCHCOCK	RICHARDSON
CEDAR	HOLT	ROCK
CHASE	HOOVER	SALINE
CHERRY	HOWARD	SAUNDERS
CHEYENNE	JEFFERSON	SCOTTS BLUFF
CLAY	JOHNSON	SEWARD
COLFAX	KEARNEY	SHERIDAN
CUMING	KEITH	SHERMAN
CUSTER	KEYA PAHA	SIOUX
DAKOTA	KIMBALL	STANTON
DAWES	KNOX	THAYER
DAWSON	LANCASTER	THOMAS
DEUEL	LINCOLN	THURSTON
DIXON	LOGAN	VALLEY
DODGE	LOUP	WAYNE
DUNDY	MADISON	WEBSTER
FILLMORE	MCPHERSON	WHEELER
FRANKLIN	MERRICK	YORK
FRONTIER	MORRILL	

HEAVY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS (does not include water well drilling); HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS (excluding tunnels, building structures in rest area projects, and railroad construction; bascule, suspension & spandrel arch bridges; bridges designed for commercial navigation; bridges involving marine construction; other major bridges)

SAUNDERS COUNTY (WEST OF HWY. #109 EXTENDED NORTH AND SOUTH TO THE COUNTY LINE)

Modification Number	Publication Date
0	03/01/2002

COUNTY(ies):

ADAMS	FURNAS	NANCE
ANTELOPE	GAGE	NEMAHA

ARTHUR	GARDEN	NUCKOLLS
BANNER	GARFIELD	OTOE
BLAINE	GOSPER	PAWNEE
BOONE	GRANT	PERKINS
BOX BUTTE	GREELEY	PHELPS
BOYD	HALL	PIERCE
BROWN	HAMILTON	PLATTE
BUFFALO	HARLAN	POLK
BURT	HAYES	RED WILLOW
BUTLER	HITCHCOCK	RICHARDSON
CEDAR	HOLT	ROCK
CHASE	HOOKER	SALINE
CHERRY	HOWARD	SAUNDERS
CHEYENNE	JEFFERSON	SCOTTS BLUFF
CLAY	JOHNSON	SEWARD
COLFAX	KEARNEY	SHERIDAN
CUMING	KEITH	SHERMAN
CUSTER	KEYA PAHA	SIOUX
DAKOTA	KIMBALL	STANTON
DAWES	KNOX	THAYER
DAWSON	LANCASTER	THOMAS
DEUEL	LINCOLN	THURSTON
DIXON	LOGAN	VALLEY
DODGE	LOUP	WAYNE
DUNDY	MADISON	WEBSTER
FILLMORE	MCPHERSON	WHEELER
FRANKLIN	MERRICK	YORK
FRONTIER	MORRILL	

SUNE2002E 06/16/1999

	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER	13.30	
CEMENT FINISHER	12.50	
ELECTRICIAN	11.90	
FLAGGER	7.60	
FORM SETTER	10.80	
LABORER	8.30	
MANHOLE BUILDER	10.20	
MECHANIC	12.95	
PAINTER	8.35	
PILE DRIVER LEADPERSON	8.35	
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS:		
Asphalt distributor	9.65	
Asphalt paving machine	12.35	
Asphalt paving machine (screed)	10.45	
Asphalt roller, self-propelled	11.20	
Backhoe excavator (track type)	12.55	
Concrete finishing machine or slip		
form paver	12.80	
Concrete saw operator	11.20	
Concrete cure machine	9.20	
Concrete texture machine	9.20	
Bulldozer or push tractors:		
Less than 115 drawbar h.p.	11.60	
115 drawbar h.p. and over	12.80	
Material stockpiler	10.20	
Motor grader (finisher)	13.15	
Motor grader (rough)	10.90	

Power broom operator	9.15
Roller or compactor, earthwork, self-propelled	10.05
Scraper	12.40
Traveling plant stabilization	11.60
Water tankers:	
Under 6000 gallons	9.65
6000 gallons and over	11.20
All purpose spreader	9.50
Clamshell, dragline, crane, pile driver/shovel	13.60
Dredge pump	9.50
Front end loaders:	
4 cu. yds. or less	11.40
Over 4 cu. yds.	12.10
Hydrohammer	9.60
Loader/backhoe (rubber-tired)	9.85
Power grader machine (trimmer & profiler)	12.80
Skid steer loader	9.50
Tractor (farm type)	9.50
Trenching machine	9.85
Stationary plant (base or stabili- zation)	11.75
Stationary plant (asphalt or concrete)	12.75
Crusher (including those with integral screening plant)	11.75
TRUCK DRIVERS:	
Single axle	8.40
Tandem axle	9.65
Semi-trailer or lowboy	10.85
Transit mix	9.65
WELDER	12.25

Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses (29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(v)).

In the listing above, the "SU" designation means that rates listed under that identifier do not reflect collectively bargained wage and fringe benefit rates. Other designations

indicate unions whose rates have been determined to be prevailing.

WAGE DETERMINATION APPEALS PROCESS

1.) Has there been an initial decision in the matter? This can be:

- * an existing published wage determination
- * a survey underlying a wage determination
- * a Wage and Hour Division letter setting forth a position on a wage determination matter
- * a conformance (additional classification and rate) ruling

On survey related matters, initial contact, including requests for summaries of surveys, should be with the Wage and Hour Regional Office for the area in which the survey was conducted because those Regional Offices have responsibility for the Davis-Bacon survey program. If the response from this initial contact is not satisfactory, then the process described in 2.) and 3.) should be followed.

With regard to any other matter not yet ripe for the formal process described here, initial contact should be with the Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. Write to:

Branch of Construction Wage Determinations
Wage and Hour Division
U. S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N. W.
Washington, D. C. 20210

2.) If the answer to the question in 1.) is yes, then an interested party (those affected by the action) can request review and reconsideration from the Wage and Hour Administrator (See 29 CFR Part 1.8 and 29 CFR Part 7). Write to:

Wage and Hour Administrator
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N. W.
Washington, D. C. 20210

The request should be accompanied by a full statement of the interested party's position and by any information (wage payment data, project description, area practice material, etc.) that the requestor considers relevant to the issue.

3.) If the decision of the Administrator is not favorable, an interested party may appeal directly to the Administrative Review Board (formerly the Wage Appeals Board). Write to:

Administrative Review Board
U. S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N. W.
Washington, D. C. 20210

4.) All decisions by the Administrative Review Board are final.
END OF GENERAL DECISION

**SPECIAL PROVISIONS
FOR
FEDERAL AID
PROJECT NO. EACSTPD-281-4(114)**

GENERAL CONDITIONS

Sealed bids for the work contemplated in this proposal form will be received at the office of the Nebraska Department of Roads in Room 104 of the Central Office Building at 1500 Highway 2 at Lincoln, Nebraska, on March 13, 2003, until 1:30 P.M.

Bids submitted by mail should be addressed to the Nebraska Department of Roads, c/o Contract Lettings Section, P.O. Box 94759, Lincoln, NE 68509-4759.

The 1997 Metric Edition of the Standard Specifications for Highway Construction, including all amendments and additions thereto effective at the date of the contract, are made a part of these Special Provisions, through reference.

The Supplemental Specifications to the 1997 Metric Edition of the Standard Specifications for Highway Construction dated July 12, 2001, including all amendments and additions thereto effective at the date of the contract, are made part of these Special Provisions, through reference.

The Required Contract Provisions, Form FHWA 1273, (Rev. 4-93), and the Notice of Requirement for Affirmative Action to Ensure Equal Employment Opportunity and Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications dated November 3, 1980, are attached to and are a part of this proposal form. The Standard Labor Classifications and Descriptions for Highway Construction dated September 1, 1996, are made a part of these special provisions, through reference.

The General Wage Decision issued under the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts is attached to and is a part of this proposal form.

The attention of bidders is directed to the Required Contract Provisions covering subletting or assigning the contract.

GROUPS 1, 4, 5, 9 AND 10 ARE TIED TOGETHER AND BIDDING PROPOSAL FORMS FOR THIS WORK WILL BE ISSUED AND A CONTRACT AWARDED TO A CONTRACTOR WHO IS QUALIFIED FOR BITUMINOUS.

**DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISES
(S1-8-0801)**

A. Policy

The Contractor agrees to ensure that disadvantaged business enterprises as defined in 49 CFR Part 26 shall have a "level playing field" and equal opportunity to participate in the performance of contracts financed in whole or in part with Federal funds under this contract. Consequently, the disadvantaged business requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 are hereby made a part of and incorporated by this reference into this contract.

B. Disadvantaged Business Enterprises Obligation

The Contractor agrees to ensure that disadvantaged business enterprises as defined in 49 CFR Part 26 have a "level playing field" and equal opportunity to participate in the performance of contracts and subcontracts financed in whole or in part with Federal funds provided under this agreement. In this regard, the Contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps in accordance with 49 CFR Part 26 to ensure that disadvantaged business enterprises have a "level playing field" and equal opportunity to compete for and perform contracts. The Contractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the award and performance of FHWA assisted contracts.

Failure of the Contractor to carry out the requirements set forth above shall constitute breach of contract and, after the notification of the FHWA, may result in termination of the agreement or contract by the State or such remedy as the State deems appropriate.

**USE OF DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISES
(S1-9-0801)**

I. INTRODUCTION: The specific requirements of the use of Disadvantaged Business Enterprises, hereinafter referred to as DBEs, are set forth in these Required Contract Provisions and are imposed pursuant to 49 CFR Part 26.

A. Definitions:

1. Whenever "NDR" is used within these special provisions it shall refer to the Nebraska Department of Roads.
2. For the purpose of these special provisions, the following definitions will apply:
 - a. Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) means a for profit small business concern, as defined pursuant to Section 3 of the Small Business Act and Small Business Administration regulations implementing it, which is independently owned and controlled by one or more socially and economically disadvantaged individuals.
 - b. Owned and controlled means a business:
 - (1) Which is at least 51 percent (51%) owned by one or more socially and economically disadvantaged individuals or women, or, in the case of a public owned business, such individuals must own at least 51 percent (51%) of each class of voting stock and 51 percent of the aggregate of all stock outstanding.
 - (2) Whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more of the socially and economically disadvantaged owners.
 - c. Socially and economically disadvantaged individual means a person who is a citizen (or lawful permanent resident) of the United States, and who is:

- (1) "African American," which includes persons having origins in any of the Black racial groups of Africa;
- (2) "Hispanic American," which includes persons of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Dominican, Central or South American, or other Spanish or Portuguese culture or origin, regardless of race;
- (3) "Native American," which includes persons who are American Indians, Eskimos, Aleuts, or Native Hawaiians;
- (4) "Asian-Pacific American," which includes persons whose origins are from Japan, China, Taiwan, Korea, Burma (Myanmar), Vietnam, Laos, Cambodia (Kampuchea), Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia, the Philippines, Brunei, Samoa, Guam, the U.S. Trust Territories of the Pacific Islands (Republic of Palau), the Commonwealth of the Northern Marianas Islands, Macao, Fiji, Tonga, Kiribati, Juvalu, Nauru, Federated States of Micronesia, or Hong Kong;
- (5) "Subcontinent Asian American," which includes persons whose origins are from India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan, the Maldives Islands, Nepal or Sri Lanka;
- (6) A Woman;
- (7) Any additional groups whose members are designated as socially and economically disadvantaged by the SBA, at such time as the SBA designation becomes effective.

II. DBE CONTRACT GOALS:

- A. DBE goals are set by the NDR for specific contracts. The specific DBE contract goals are stated on the Required DBE Participation Form included in the proposal. The Contractor must meet or exceed the goal or demonstrate good faith efforts to meet the goal. Requirements for submission of DBE good faith effort information are contained in Section IV of these special provisions.
- B. A current list of certified DBE Contractors will be posted on the NDR website (www.dor.state.ne.us). Only the DBE firms whose names appear on the list will be considered in meeting the contract goal for this project. The DBE firms will be considered only for the items of work listed under the heading, "Nature of Business". DBE firms may request to have additional items of work added to their "Nature of Business"; however, no items of work will be added after 5:00 p.m., ten (10) calendar days preceding the letting.
- C. Contractors shall, as a minimum, seek DBE subcontractors in the same geographic area in which they seek subcontractors generally for a given solicitation. If the contractor cannot meet the DBE goals using DBEs from the normal area, the contractor will expand its search to a reasonably greater geographic area.
- D. Contractors are required to make good faith efforts to replace a DBE subcontractor that is unable to perform with another DBE. In order to ensure compliance with this

requirement, any substitution of DBE subcontractors after execution of the contract must be approved by the NDR.

- E. Contractors are also encouraged to use the services of banks owned and controlled by minorities and women; however, this will not be counted toward the contract DBE goal.

III. MEETING DBE CONTRACT GOAL CRITERIA: The award of the contract will be made upon satisfaction of the requirements of these special provisions. The apparent low bidder must either meet or exceed the DBE goals for the contract or satisfy the NDR that good faith efforts were made to meet the goals.

- A. REQUIRED DBE PARTICIPATION INFORMATION: All bidders are required to submit to the NDR the "Required DBE Participation Form" with their bid proposal on the form provided in this proposal.

B. THE REQUIRED DBE PARTICIPATION FORM SHALL INCLUDE:

1. The names and addresses of the DBE subcontractors that will actually participate in meeting the contract goal.
2. A complete description (by item number or group, etc.) of the work each named DBE subcontractor will perform.
3. The dollar amount of participation by each named DBE subcontractor.
4. Written and signed documentation from the bidder of commitment to use a DBE subcontractor whose participation it submits to meet a contract goal.
5. The apparent low bidder must submit written and signed confirmation from each DBE that it is participating in the contract as provided in the prime contractor's commitment, BY 5:00 P.M. ON THE FIRST WEDNESDAY FOLLOWING THE LETTING. IF THE WEDNESDAY FALLS ON A STATE HOLIDAY, THE TIME WILL BE EXTENDED UNTIL 10:00 A.M. ON THE NEXT OFFICIAL WORKING DAY OF THE NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF ROADS.
6. If the contract goal is not met, evidence of good faith efforts.

- C. THE PROPOSAL WILL NOT BE READ IF THE "REQUIRED DBE PARTICIPATION FORM" IS NOT INCLUDED.

IF NO DBE PARTICIPATION IS INTENDED, THE FORM MUST INDICATE THAT GOOD FAITH EFFORT DOCUMENTATION WILL BE SUBMITTED. A BLANK FORM THAT IS SIGNED WILL BE INTERPRETED AS MEANING NO DBE PARTICIPATION IS INTENDED AND WILL BE READ.

LISTING OPTIONS AND/OR ALTERNATES FOR DBE SUBCONTRACTORS AND/OR ITEMS OR GROUPS OF WORK TO BE PERFORMED IS NOT ALLOWED, AND WILL CAUSE THIS BID TO BE DECLARED NON-RESPONSIVE.

REQUIRED DBE INFORMATION SHALL NOT BE SUBJECT TO REVISION AFTER BIDS ARE OPENED.

- D. The information submitted on the DBE Participation Form will be verified by the NDR. Errors in addition will be treated in accordance with current NDR specifications and procedures.
- E. If the use of non-certified firms or the use of DBE firms not certified for the type of work indicated results in under achievement of the goal, the bid will be declared non-responsive.
- F. If, at any time prior to execution of the contract, previously undetected errors result in under-achievement of the goal, the low bidder, along with the other bidders on the project, will be given 5 days from receipt of notification by the NDR to submit good faith information as outlined in Section IV of these specifications.
- G. REQUIRED BIDDERS LIST INFORMATION: All bidders must provide to the NDR the identity of all firms who bid or quote subcontracts on DOT-assisted projects, including both DBEs and non-DBEs. This information must be provided with the bid proposal on a form provided to the contractors by the NDR Contracts Office.

IV. GOOD FAITH DETERMINATION: It is the low bidder's responsibility to meet the DBE contract goals or to provide sufficient information to enable the NDR to determine that, prior to bidding, the low bidder actually made good faith efforts to meet such goals.

- A. The NDR will, in the "Apparent Low Bidder" listing (available 24 hours after bid opening) identify all projects which contain a DBE goal. The listing will indicate the apparent low bidder's status in attaining the goal, i.e. "Contractor Meets DBE Goal," or "Contractor Requires Good Faith Determination."
- B. If the low bidder's "Required DBE Participation Form" submitted with the bid indicates the DBE contract goal will be met, and the NDR concurs, the contract will proceed toward award and the low bidder need not submit any further DBE information prior to award.
- C. Good Faith Information Submittal: If the contract DBE goals have not been met, the "Apparent Low Bidders" listing will reflect that the apparent low bidder is required to submit good faith effort information. Complete and accurate documented information to support a good faith efforts determination MUST BE SUBMITTED BY 5:00 P.M. ON THE FIRST WEDNESDAY FOLLOWING THE LETTING. IF THE WEDNESDAY FALLS ON A STATE HOLIDAY, THE TIME WILL BE EXTENDED UNTIL 10:00 A.M. ON THE NEXT OFFICIAL WORKING DAY OF THE NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF ROADS.
- D. Any other bidder on the contract who requires a good faith effort submittal must also follow the time frames set forth in "C" above if they wish to be considered for award of the contract. Any bidder who does not meet the submittal deadlines, WILL BE NOT BE ELIGIBLE FOR AWARD OF THE CONTRACT. (The only exception is a case where the apparent low bidder who met the goal initially is declared ineligible for the award for reasons other than DBE goal attainment.) If this results in a new apparent low bidder who did not initially meet the goal, ALL other bidders on the contract indicating good faith effort will be notified, and given 5 days after receipt, to submit complete information to support their good faith efforts. Bidders are cautioned by the NDR to retain documentation of their good faith efforts until an award is made, or all bids are rejected.
- E. The NDR will review all information submitted to determine whether the apparent low bidder actually made good faith efforts to meet the contract goal. The decision as to whether the good faith efforts are acceptable will be made jointly by a committee

comprised of the NDR' Highway Civil Rights Coordinator, the Contracts Letting Manager, and the Legal Counsel.

A NDR determination that the low bidder's information failed to show acceptable good faith efforts shall be cause for declaring the low bid non-responsive. In making a determination, information submitted by other bidders will be considered. If the low bid is declared non-responsive, the above procedure will be applied to the next lowest bid, and other higher bids if necessary, until a bid is found that meets the goal, or establishes that good faith efforts were made to meet it. NDR reserves the right to reject all bids and readvertise the contract if none of the bids result in a satisfactory level of DBE participation at a reasonable price.

- F. Establishing Good Faith Efforts: To demonstrate good faith efforts to meet the DBE contract goals, documentation shall be maintained and submitted to the NDR as set forth above. Such documentation may include any or all of the following: (This list is not intended to be a mandatory checklist, nor is it intended to be exclusive or exhaustive. Other factors or types of efforts may be relevant in appropriate cases.)
1. Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising and/or written notices) the interest of all Certified DBE firms that have the capability to perform the work of the contract. The bidder must solicit this interest within sufficient time to allow the DBE firms to respond to the solicitation. The bidder must determine with certainty if the DBE firms are interested, by taking steps to follow up initial solicitations.
 2. Selecting portions of the work to be performed by DBE firms in order to increase the likelihood that the DBE goals will be achieved. This includes, where appropriate, breaking out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation, even when the prime contractor might otherwise prefer to perform work items with its own workforce.
 3. Providing interested DBE firms with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.
 4. (1) Negotiating in good faith with interested DBE firms. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to DBE subcontractors and suppliers, and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate DBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation should include the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of DBE firms that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for DBE firms to perform the work.

(2) A bidder using good business judgement would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including DBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as contract goals into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using DBE firms, is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the contract DBE goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also, the ability or desire of a prime contractor to perform the work of a contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith

efforts. Prime contractors are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from DBE firms if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable.

5. Not rejecting DBE firms as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The contractor's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associations and political or social affiliations (for example union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection, or non-solicitation of bids in the contractor's efforts to meet the project DBE goal.
 6. Making efforts to assist interested DBE firms in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or contractor.
 7. Making efforts to assist interested DBE firms in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.
 8. Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; local, state, and Federal minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of DBEs.
- G. If the NDR's preliminary finding is that the bidder did not demonstrate a satisfactory effort to meet the contract goal, the bidder may appeal the decision by submitting a written request for reconsideration within three (3) days of the decision. The bidder may then present information either in a written narrative supporting its good faith effort submittal, or may appear in person. Any new information not included in the original submittal will not be used in the final determination. The appeal will be heard by a Hearing Officer appointed by the NDR' Director. The Hearing Officer will be an individual who is knowledgeable about the DBE Program and its good faith efforts provision, but who had no part in the initial decision.

The Hearing Officer will hear the appeal within five (5) days of receipt of the written request, and will issue a written decision within three (3) days after the appeal. The reconsideration process is administratively final and has no further appeal.

V. COMMERCIALLY USEFUL FUNCTION:

- A. A contractor may count toward its DBE goals only expenditures to DBE firms that perform a commercially useful function in the work of a contract. A DBE firm is considered to perform a commercially useful function when it is responsible for the execution of a distinct element of the work of a contract, and carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. The DBE firm must also be responsible for materials and supplies used on the contract, for negotiating price, determining quality and quantity, ordering the material, installing (where applicable), and paying for the material.

Guidelines:

1. As a general rule, it is expected that workers on a DBE subcontract shall be regular employees of the DBE subcontractor, and shall be listed on the subcontractor's payroll. A regular employee is a person who would normally be working for the DBE firm on any other subcontract with any other prime

contractor, and whose immediate past employment has not been with the prime contractor on the present project, or with the renter-lessor of equipment being used on the present project.

2. On DBE subcontracts, the DBE must perform or exercise responsibility for at least 30 percent of the total cost of its contract with its own work force, or the DBE will not be considered to be performing a commercially useful function. (If a DBE subcontracts part of its work to another firm, the value of the subcontracted work may be counted toward DBE goals only if the DBE's subcontractor is itself a DBE. Work that a DBE subcontracts to a non-DBE firm does not count toward DBE goals.)

Operators of leased specialized equipment are included under this provision. In any case, all employees shall be listed on the DBE firm's payroll and paid by that firm.

3. In addition, a DBE subcontractor shall be required to designate a project superintendent/foreman who is a regular employee of the subcontractor, and who shall be active in the day-to-day management of the project.
4. DBE subcontractors who purchase supplies and materials from the prime contractor, which are to be incorporated into the project WILL NOT count toward the established DBE contract goals.
5. TWO PARTY CHECKS: The NDR does not prohibit the practice of a DBE firm and a prime contractor using two party checks, so long as the prime contractor acts solely as a guarantor, and the funds do not come from the prime contractor. Two party checks cannot be used unless formal written requests to do so from the DBE firm and the prime contractor are delivered to the NDR Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Office and the NDR DBE Office gives its written approval to do so. The NDR will closely monitor the use of two party checks to avoid abuse of this practice.

VI. PROHIBITED PRACTICES:

- A. An area of special concern is exclusive arrangements between the prime contractor and DBE subcontractors. The DBE subcontractors must be willing to contract with more than one prime contractor.
- B. Any subcontracting arrangement which artificially inflates DBE participation is not acceptable. Of utmost concern are the interjection of DBE middlemen or passive conduits and arrangements in which a DBE subcontractor is acting essentially as a broker.

VII. ADMINISTRATION OF THE DBE PROGRAM:

- A. The Nebraska Department of Roads intends to achieve its annual overall DBE participation goal with a "narrowly tailored" DBE Program that meets the "strict scrutiny" requirements as defined by case law. The NDR will adhere to all of the rules and regulations of the DOT's DBE Program Regulations as contained in CFR 49 part 26.

It is the intention of the NDR that DBE subcontractors be independent companies, and function in the same capacity as majority contractors. It is not the intention of the NDR

to be involved with "in name only" DBE subcontractors who are not providing a commercially useful function to the highway industry. The following will be used in administering the DBE Program.

Situation #1:

Prime Contractor "A" subcontracts to a DBE subcontractor, who performs the work with its own workforce (the employees work on a full-time basis for the DBE firm, or were hired from a union hall, employment service, or other hiring sources by the DBE firm, and are supervised by a full-time employee of the DBE), and uses its own equipment, or equipment rented or leased from an equipment dealer. Prime Contractor "A" is not involved in the DBE firm's operation, other than coordinating when the work is to be performed, and/or other normal industry practices of contracts between a prime contractor and a subcontractor.

THIS IS THE IDEAL SITUATION, IS TOTALLY ACCEPTABLE, AND IS WITHIN THE INTENT OF THE DBE PROGRAM.

Situation #2:

Prime Contractor "A" subcontracts to a DBE firm, that performs the work with its own workforce, (the employees work on a full-time basis for the DBE firm, or were hired from a union hall, employment service, or other sources by the DBE firm for the project, and are supervised by a full-time employee of the DBE). The DBE firm uses equipment owned by a majority contractor, (either Prime Contractor "A", or some other majority contractor), on a long-term rent or lease arrangement at rates consistent with normal industry standards, and not leased on an "as equipment is needed" basis. This situation would be no different than the DBE firm leasing or renting equipment from a commercial equipment supplier. Many majority contractors lease equipment, and the action is standard industry practice. THIS IS TOTALLY ACCEPTABLE, AND IS WITHIN THE INTENT OF THE DBE PROGRAM.

Situation #3:

A DBE firm is a subcontractor to Prime Contractor "A", on a NDR' project. When it is time for the subcontract work to be performed, the work is actually performed using Prime Contractor "A's" equipment, work force, and supervisory personnel. The DBE firm then makes a certified payroll using the names of Prime Contractor "A's" employees. Basically, the subcontract work was performed by Prime Contractor "A". While the NDR cannot tell the DBE subcontractor who to hire, or where to obtain equipment, we find this to be a very close association with the prime contractor, and the DBE's owner is not considered to be in control of the DBE firm, or the project in question. This situation described is not considered to be a commercially useful function, and may be subject to any of the administrative actions as cited in Section VIII, C. below.

Note: If a DBE subcontractor is performing work on a project with his own equipment, workforce and supervisory personnel, and an equipment failure or unusual circumstance occurs, and the prime contractor rents or loans equipment and/or employees on a short-term basis to the DBE, the NDR could find this acceptable as long as this only occurs occasionally and is kept to an absolute minimum.

Situation #4:

A DBE firm is a subcontractor to Prime Contractor "A" on a NDR project. When it is time for the subcontract work to be performed, the work is actually done using the workforce, equipment, and supervisory personnel of a majority contractor, Contractor "B". The DBE firm makes a certified payroll showing Contractor "B's" employees. While the NDR cannot tell the DBE subcontractor who to hire, or where to obtain equipment, this condition is not considered to be within the intent of the DBE Program. In reality, majority Contractor "B" is the one that performed the work. The NDR does not consider this to be a commercially useful function, as Prime Contractor "A" is actually subcontracting to majority Contractor "B", in an unapproved status, rather than the DBE firm. This situation described is not considered to be a commercially useful function, and may be subject to any of the administrative actions as cited in Section VIII, C. below.

Situation #5:

Prime Contractor "A" is buying supplies from a DBE supplier or contractor to fulfill the DBE goal. This is only acceptable if the DBE firm is a true supplier. The mere fact that the DBE firm purchases the material from another supplier, then adds some cost and sells the material to a prime contractor, does not constitute the DBE as being a supplier. A supplier must have an inventory and be generally recognized as a material supplier. This situation described may be subject to any of the administrative actions as cited in Section VIII, C. below.

Situation #6:

A DBE firm is a subcontractor to Prime Contractor "A". When it is time for the subcontract work to be performed, the DBE firm brings in its workforce to do the work, and uses equipment already at the site that belongs to Prime Contractor "A". The DBE subcontractor says it is leasing the equipment from Prime Contractor "A". The NDR will closely review this arrangement. This situation resembles a "specific equipment lease" where the equipment is made available on a convenience basis to the DBE firm. The test is whether or not the DBE firm can use the equipment at the DBE's convenience, and not be tied to the availability of the equipment by Prime Contractor "A". If the equipment lease arrangement indicates the DBE firm has total control of the equipment, but in fact Prime Contractor "A" controls the equipment, the NDR would question the relationship to determine whether or not a commercially useful function had been provided. This situation described may be subject to any of the administrative actions cited in Section VIII, C. below.

The above situations are very broad and general. While it is known that many different situations may arise, these are basic guidelines used to administer the DBE Program.

The NDR is more than willing to discuss particular situations with either DBE firms or prime contractors prior to a letting in the hope of developing DBE firms.

VIII. INVESTIGATORY POWERS, ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES FOR ENFORCEMENT AND PENALTIES

A. INVESTIGATORY POWERS:

1. The NDR specifically reserves the right and power to investigate, monitor and/or review all actions taken, statements made, documents submitted, by any contractor, subcontractor or DBE firm under the terms of these provisions.

B. ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES FOR ENFORCEMENT:

Whenever the NDR believes a contractor, subcontractor or DBE firm may not be operating in compliance with the terms of these provisions, the NDR will conduct an investigation. If the NDR finds any person or entity not in compliance with these provisions, the NDR will notify such person or entity in writing as to the specific instances or matters found to be in non-compliance. At the option of the NDR, the person or entity shall then be allowed a reasonable time to correct any deficiencies noted, and to come into compliance. In the event that the person or entity cannot, thereafter, come into compliance, or fails or refuses to do so, then the NDR may impose one or more of the penalties hereafter provided for. It is specifically provided by the NDR that any person or entity will be found to be out of compliance with these provisions if an investigation reveals any violation or act of such serious or compelling nature that the violation or act indicates a serious lack of business integrity or honesty.

C. PENALTIES:

1. In the event the NDR finds any contractor, subcontractor, or DBE firm, to be out of compliance with these provisions, the NDR may impose one or more of the following sanctions:
 - a. Termination of the contract.
 - b. The DBE firm may be decertified and/or suspended from participating in the NDR' DBE Program.
 - c. The prime contractor may not be able to count the work performed toward his project DBE goal, and if possible to do so, may need to subcontract other work on the project to DBE subcontractors to achieve the goal.
 - d. The contract items involved may be considered for a monetary reduction equal to the amount of work not done by the DBE subcontractor.
 - e. The prime contractor may be suspended and/or debarred.
 - f. If at any time during the life of the contract, it is determined that the contractor is out of compliance with these provisions, the NDR may withhold payment of progress payments.
 - g. If at the completion of the project, the contractor is determined to be out of compliance, the NDR may sustain damages, the exact extent of which would be difficult or impossible to ascertain and, therefore, in order to liquidate such damages, the monetary difference between the amount stated by the contractor and the amount actually paid to the DBEs will be

deducted from the contractor's payment as liquidated damages. These damages would be in addition to any liquidated damages assessed in accordance with Subsection 108.08 of the Standard Specifications.

- h. Referral to the Attorney General for possible prosecution for fraud.
- i. Other action as appropriate, within the discretion of the NDR.

DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE (DBE) GOAL (S1-9-0801)

ALL BIDDERS SHALL SUBMIT WRITTEN ASSURANCE THAT THE MINIMUM GOAL FOR DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE (DBE) PARTICIPATION WILL BE MET. THE REQUIRED DBE PARTICIPATION FORM INCLUDED IN THIS PROPOSAL SHALL BE USED. The bidder shall submit the name and address of the DBE(s), a complete description of the participation by the DBE(s), and the dollar value of the participation. If the bidder cannot meet the minimum goal for DBE participation, as specified herein, the bidder shall submit complete documentation of its efforts, following the time limits set forth in IV. A., "Good Faith Information Submittal". These efforts shall include but not be limited to those stated previously in IV. E., "Establishing Good Faith Efforts".

Bidders that fail to meet DBE goals or fail to demonstrate sufficient good faith efforts shall be declared non-responsive and ineligible for award of the contract.

Bidders shall assume the responsibility of determining if they are the apparent low bidders by contacting the Nebraska Department of Roads, Contract Lettings Section in Lincoln, Nebraska. Such information is made public 24 hours after the announced time for opening bids. This information is available from the NDR' Internet web site (<http://www.dor.state.ne.us/>).

The contract shall be awarded to the lowest responsive responsible bidder.

The standard NDR' procedure concerning subcontractors and suppliers shall apply.

The DBE firms identified at the time of bid opening are the firms to whom subcontracts will be issued. The work subcontracted to be done, and the amount to be paid for the work, shall be as identified at the time of bid opening.

If the prime contractor desires to alter this list after execution of the contract, it must demonstrate to the NDR that the listed DBE firm(s) is unable to perform, and provide the necessary written justification for approval. Justification must also include written documentation from the affected DBE firm(s) stating their position on the prime contractor's request. There must be a solid basis for any change.

Any substitution of the named DBE firms must be approved by the Department of Roads Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Office. Substitution of DBE's will only be allowed when the DBE firm(s) is not able to perform because of default or over-extension on other jobs or other similar justification. A prime contractor's ability to negotiate a more advantageous contract with another subcontractor is not considered as a valid basis for change.

PRIOR TO FINAL PAYMENT THE FOLLOWING FORMS MUST BE COMPLETED AND SUBMITTED TO THE NDR DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE OFFICE.

- A. DR Form 441, DBE I. This form shall be filled out by the prime contractor, indicating the DBE firms used, actual work performed, and actual amount of money paid to the DBE Firms.
- B. DR Form 442, DBE II. This form shall be filled out by the DBE subcontractor, indicating the name of the DBE firm, actual work performed, and actual amount of money received from the prime contractor.
- C. The above referenced forms are available from the NDR' Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Office, upon request. The forms are also available electronically from the NDR' Internet web site (<http://www.dor.state.ne.us/>).

The Code of Federal Regulations, Title 49, Part 26 and the Nebraska Department of Roads' Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Program, are hereby made a part of and incorporated by this reference into this proposal. Copies of these documents are available, upon request, from the Nebraska Department of Roads, Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Office, P.O. Box 94759, Lincoln, Nebraska 68509-4759.

SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING OF CONTRACT (S1-9-0801)

Prior to beginning work, a copy of all executed subcontracts, written agreements and/or lease agreements used to meet DBE goals shall be submitted to the construction engineer for forwarding to the minority business office. These copies must contain prices.

PROMPT PAYMENT CLAUSE:

The prime contractor shall include a "Prompt Payment Clause" as a part of every subcontract (including second tier subcontracts) for work and material. The "Prompt Payment Clause" will require payment to all subcontractors for all labor and material, for work completed, within twenty (20) calendar days of receipt of progress payments from the NDR for said work. The "Prompt Payment Clause" will also stipulate the return of retainage within thirty (30) calendar days after the subcontractor achieves the specified work as verified by payment from the NDR.

The failure by the prime contractor to carry out the requirements of the "Prompt Payment Clause" and/or timely return of retainage, without just cause, is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the NDR withholding the amount of payment from the prime contractor that should have been paid to the subcontractor, termination of this contract, or other such remedy as the NDR deems appropriate.

NOTE: The prime contractor may withhold payment only for just cause, and must notify the NDR in writing of its intent to withhold payment prior to actually withholding payment. The prime contractor shall not withhold, delay or postpone payment without first receiving written approval from the NDR.

**DBE GOAL CREDIT
(S1-9-0801)**

It is the intent of the NDR to assure eligible DBE firms have a “level playing field” and equal opportunity to participate in federal-aid contracts, and maintain the integrity of the DBE program. DBE participation is counted toward goals as follows:

When a DBE firm participates in a contract, only the value of the work actually performed by the DBE firm counts toward the goal.

1. The entire amount of that portion of a construction contract that is performed by the DBE firm’s own forces is counted toward the goal. This includes the cost of supplies and materials obtained by the DBE firm for the work of the contract, including supplies purchased or equipment leased by the DBE, but not supplies or equipment the DBE purchases or leases from the prime contractor or its affiliate.

Example: A DBE firm furnishing and erecting steel or concrete superstructure members, furnishing and driving piling for bridge structures, furnishing and placing prestressed concrete deck panels, and furnishing and placing panels for retained earth walls will be considered a commercially useful function for attaining contract goals for disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) participation unless the supplies or materials are purchased from the prime contractor or its affiliate.

When a DBE subcontractor is responsible for substantially constructing a complete structure the total value of the subcontract may be credited to the DBE goal.

Paragraph 8.a. (5) of Subsection 109.07 in the 1997 English Edition of the Standard Specifications is void and superseded by the following:

When applicable a DR Form 441, "Identification of DBE Goal Achievement".

B. Manufacturers, Suppliers, and Haulers:

DBE Manufacturers may be given 100% credit towards the DBE goal for products they produce for the contract.

DBE Suppliers may be given 60% credit towards the DBE goal for products they furnish for the contract.

DBE Haulers may be given 100% credit towards a DBE goal for the delivery fees charged.

A DBE firm certified as both a supplier and hauler may be given 60% credit for supplying a given product and 100% credit for hauling that same product.

See the DBE Goal Credit Table for a guide to DBE credit.

DESCRIPTIONS (S1-9-0801)

Manufacturer - To be certified as a manufacturer, a DBE firm must operate or maintain a factory or establishment that produces, on the premises, the materials, supplies, articles or equipment required under the contract and of the general character described by the specifications.

Supplier - A DBE supplier, or regular dealer, is a firm that owns, operates, or maintains a store, warehouse, or other establishment in which the materials, supplies, articles, or equipment of the general character described by the specifications, and required under the contract are bought, kept in stock, and regularly sold or leased to the public in the usual course of business. To be a supplier or regular dealer, the firm must be an established, regular business that engages, as its principal business and under its own name, in the purchase and sale or lease of the products in question.

A DBE firm may be a supplier or regular dealer in such bulk products as petroleum products, steel, cement, gravel, stone, or asphalt without owning a place of business if the DBE firm both owns and operates distribution equipment for the products. Any supplementing of a DBE supplier's or regular dealer's own distribution equipment shall be by a long-term lease agreement and not on an ad hoc or contract-by-contract basis.

Hauler - The DBE firm must be responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible on a particular contract. There cannot be a contrived arrangement for the purpose of meeting DBE goals.

The DBE firm must itself own and operate at least one fully licensed, insured, and operational truck used on the contract.

The DBE firm receives credit for the total value of the transportation services it provides on the contract using trucks it owns, insures, and operates using drivers it employs.

The DBE firm may lease trucks from another DBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a DBE. The DBE firm that leases trucks from another DBE firm receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the lessee DBE firm provides on the contract.

The DBE firm may also lease trucks from a non-DBE firm, including an owner-operator. The DBE firm that leases the trucks from a non-DBE firm is entitled to credit only for the fee or commission it receives as a result of the lease agreement. The DBE firm does not receive credit for the total value of the transportation services provided by the lessee, since these services are not provided by a DBE firm.

For the purposes of the above paragraphs, a lease must indicate that the DBE firm has exclusive use of, and control over the truck. This does not preclude the leased truck from working for others during the term of the lease with the consent of the DBE firm, so long as the lease gives the DBE firm absolute priority for the use of the leased truck. Leased trucks must display the name and identification number of the DBE firm.

If a DBE firm performs in the manner outlined above, it will be performing a commercially useful function.

Pass-throughs and/or brokering will not be tolerated. A pass-through/brokering situation is one in which a DBE firm contracts to haul materials for a project, then hires another hauler to actually perform on the contract.

**CERTIFICATION
(S1-9-0801)**

Certain DBE's may be certified in multiple classifications as manufacturers, suppliers, and haulers. The certification will be limited by the products being manufactured, supplied, or hauled.

For example, a manufacturer of certain steel products or aggregates, may also be a supplier of products they store or deliver, but do not manufacture.

A supplier of bulk products, such as aggregates or fuel, may also be certified as a hauler.

DBE GOAL CREDIT TABLE

DBE Manufacturer & DBE Hauler	100% Credit for Materials & 100% Credit for Hauling
DBE Manufacturer & Non-DBE Hauler	100% Credit for Materials & No Credit for Hauling
Non-DBE Manufacturer & DBE Hauler	No Credit for Materials & 100% Credit for Hauling
DBE Supplier & DBE Hauler	60% Credit for Materials & 100% Credit for Hauling
DBE Supplier & Non-DBE Hauler	60% Credit for Materials & No Credit for Hauling
Non-DBE Manufacturer & DBE Hauler	No Credit for Materials & 100% Credit for Hauling

CERTIFICATION FOR FEDERAL-AID CONTRACTS (S1-11-0801)

The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

- (1) No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
- (2) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by Section 1352, Title 31, U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

The prospective participant also agrees by submitting his or her bid or proposal that he or she shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

STATUS OF UTILITIES

The following information is current as of October 29, 2002.

Utility facilities, aerial and/or underground may exist within this project. The contractor should request a utility status update at the project preconstruction conference, and/or prior to starting work.

To arrange for utilities to locate and flag their underground facilities, contact The Diggers Hotline of Nebraska at 1-800-331-5666.

The following utilities have facilities within the project area, and have been provided project plans.

City of O'Neill has existing water main and sanitary sewer line that parallels and crosses the highway project. There are no relocations of the city water and sewer in this project. The water valve boxes will need to be raised to grade.

Nebraska Public Power District 69 kv line located at approx. Sta. 24+96 to Sta. 24+96 on the west side of the highway will remain in place.

34.5 kv line located at approx. Sta. 11123+00 to Sta. 10112+60 on the west side of the highway will be retired. At Sta. 10112+60 to Sta. 10121+24 on the west side of the highway will remain in place. Sta. 10121+24 to Sta. 10127+00 on the west side of the highway will be retired. Sta. 10127+00 to Sta. 10149+67 on the west side of the highway will remain in place. Sta. 10150+62 on the west side of highway will remove that power pole. Sta. 10151+53 to Sta. 10201+00 on the west side of the highway will remain in place. Sta. 10201+00 to the end of the project on the west side of the highway will be retired. The streetlights in the City of O'Neill owned by NPPD are still being negotiated with the state to remove lights and move back into place when highway project is complete.

Mid Continent Communications & Niobrara Valley Membership Corporation shares some of the NPPD poles.

Mid Continent Communications has existing facilities paralleling the highway and will be sharing poles with Nebraska Public Power District. They have been notified to keep in contact with NPPD of their location.

Galaxy Cablevision has existing facilities within the project area.

Qwest Communications has existing facilities within the project area.

Kinder Morgan, Inc. has existing gas line facilities in the City of O'Neill that parallel and cross the highway.

Niobrara Valley Membership Corporation has existing 34.5 kv power line on both sides of the highway. At approx. Sta. 10021+64.082 to Sta. 10037+74.818 will move their line from the east side of the highway to the west side. At Sta. 10037+74.818 to Sta. 10182+76.67 will rebuild and relocate to the new right of way line on the east and west side of the highway. At Sta. 10182+76.67 to Sta. 1026+63.62 have 4 poles that will be changed out to taller poles.

All utility rehabilitation will be accomplished prior to or concurrent with construction.

STATUS OF RIGHT OF WAY

The right of way for this project has been acquired and physical possession is held by the State of Nebraska and ready for the contractor's use, except tracts listed below.

Status of unacquired and uncleared right of way tracts is estimated as follows:

TRACT NO.	HEARING DATE	IMPROVEMENTS REMAINING THIS DATE	IMPROVEMENT CLEARANCE
42, 68, 81, 86B, 97 – negotiating	None	None	None
52, 95 – to be condemned	None	None	None

12 signs still remain that will either be removed by the owners or state maintenance forces prior to construction.

Tract 91 is state land owned by the Board of Educational Lands and Funds and application for appraisal of damages has been made to that body.

All necessary arrangements have been made for the right of way clearance to be undertaken and completed concurrently with the highway construction.

All necessary rights of way, including control of access rights when pertinent, have been acquired including legal and physical possession except for the above.

It is anticipated that all right of way will be acquired and physical possession held by the State prior to the tentative starting date shown elsewhere in this proposal.

The contractor will not be allowed to perform work on any tract listed above until legal and physical possession has been acquired by the State. If necessary, the contractor will be granted an extension of time if a delay is caused because of the above tract(s) not being acquired.

PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS (S1-21-0801)

Paragraph 3 of Subsection 108.02 in the Standard Specifications is amended to provide that the working day count on this project will be suspended from December 1 through March 31. The contractor will be permitted to work on this project during this time period without charging of working days against the contract time allowance. In the event that the project is not completed during this period, the working day count will resume on April 1, in accordance with the Standard Specifications.

SUBCONTRACTOR BIDDERS LIST INFORMATION (S1-43-0801)

All bidders must complete and submit with the bidding proposal, the "Subcontractor Bidders List" form provided by the NDR Contracts office.

Bidders must identify all firms who bid or quote subcontracts on all projects. If no bids or subcontractor quotations are received, the "Subcontractor Bidders List" must be submitted with the bidding documents and the bidder must indicate on the face of the "Subcontractor Bidders List" that no bids or subcontractor quotations were received.

CONTROL OF WORK (S1-43-0901)

Subsection 105.08 in the 1997 Standard Specifications is void and replaced by the following:

105.08 - Authority and Duty of the Inspector

Department inspectors are authorized to inspect all work performed and all materials furnished. Such inspection may extend to the preparation, fabrication, or manufacture of the materials. The inspector has the authority to reject work or materials until any issues can be decided, including the right to suspend work. The inspector is not authorized to alter or waive the provisions of the contract or act as a supervisor for the Contractor.

105.13 – Tentative Acceptance of Portions of the Project

Paragraph 3.a. of Subsection 105.13 is amended by deleting the word "normal".

LEGAL RELATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITY TO THE PUBLIC (S1-43-1001)

107.14 – Opening of Sections of the Project to Traffic

Subsection 107.14 Paragraphs 2.b.(1) and (2) are void and replaced by the following:

- 2.b. (1) Whenever the Department permits the public use of a highway undergoing construction, repair, or maintenance in lieu of a detour route, the Contractor shall not be held responsible for damages to those portions of the project upon which the Department permitted public use, when such damages are the result of no proximate act or failure to act on the part of the Contractor.
- (2) If the traveling public should cause damage to the roadway, the Contractor shall assist the State in identifying the responsible party and the Contractor shall as a minimum if present at the time of the damage record pertinent information regarding the accident. (Who caused the damage; when the damage occurred; and how the damage occurred.)

107.15 – Contractor's Responsibility for Work

Subsection 107.15 is amended by adding Paragraph 1.b.(3) as follows:

- (3) The Contractor shall not be held responsible for damage caused by the traveling public on those portions of the project where the Department has permitted public use of the road in lieu of using a detour route and the damage as not the result of any proximate act or failure to act on the part of the Contractor.

**MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT
(S1-43-0901)**

109.08 – Acceptance, Final Payment, and Termination of Contractor's Responsibility

Subsection 109.08 Paragraph c. amended by deleting the word "normal".

Subsection 109.08 Paragraph d. is void and replaced by the following:

- d. If the traveling public should cause damage to the roadway the Contractor shall assist the State in identifying the responsible party and the Contractor shall as a minimum if present at the time of the damage record pertinent information regarding the accident. (Who caused the damage; when the damage occurred; and how the damage occurred.)

**SPECIAL PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS
(Phasing)**

2003 Construction

The suggested phasing for 2003 work includes grading pipe culvert and box culvert extensions, construction of shooflys and construction of the two new box culverts.

If the two new box culverts are constructed in 2003, they shall be completed and the new roadway surfacing, as shown in the typical cross-sections, shall be completed and open to traffic by November 29, 2003.

From November 30, 2003 to March 28, 2004, traffic will be maintained on Highway US-281. No traffic will be maintained on the shooflys during this period.

2004 Construction

The remainder of the project, including hydrated lime stabilization, asphaltic concrete surfacing, shoulder construction, striping and seeding, shall be completed.

**SPECIAL PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS
(Driveway Pipe at Station 10028+87 Lt.)**

Section 203 in the Standard Specifications is amended to provide that the driveway culvert pipe salvaged from Station 10028+87 Lt. will be stockpiled by the Contractor within 150 meters of the removal site, and will be picked up by the landowner.

CONSTRUCTION DETAILS

**FUEL COST ADJUSTMENT PAYMENT
(S2-1-0801)**

Section 205 in the Standard Specifications and Supplemental Specifications is amended to include the following:

Payment will be made to the contractor for monthly fluctuations in the cost of diesel fuel used in performing the items of work, "Excavation", "Excavation, Borrow", "Excavation, Established Quantity", and/or "Earthwork Measured in Embankment" when the fuel cost fluctuates by more than 10% from the base price defined below. Payments may be positive, negative, or nonexistent depending on the circumstances. Payments or deductions will only be calculated on that portion of the fuel cost fluctuation that exceeds the 10% specified above.

Payments or deductions for the fuel cost adjustment will be included in the contractor's progress estimates; and the payment or deduction authorized for each estimate will be based upon the algebraic difference between the quantities for "Excavation", "Excavation, Borrow", "Excavation, Established Quantity", and/or "Earthwork Measured in Embankment" on the current estimate and the quantities shown on the previous estimate.

The fuel cost adjustment for the current estimate will be computed according to the following formula:

$FCA = QFD$ where

FCA = Fuel cost adjustment, in dollars;

Q = The algebraic difference between the quantities (in cubic yards or cubic meters) for "Excavation", "Excavation, Borrow", "Excavation, Established Quantity", and/or "Earthwork Measured in Embankment" on the current estimate and the quantities shown on the previous estimate;

F = English
The fuel use factor for diesel fuel, in gallons per cubic yard. For the items of work "Excavation", "Excavation, Borrow", and "Excavation, Established Quantity", "F" shall be equal to .15. For the item of work "Earthwork Measured in Embankment", "F" shall be equal to .20.

Metric

The fuel use factor for diesel fuel, in liters per cubic meter. For the items of work "Excavation", "Excavation, Borrow", and "Excavation, Established Quantity", "F" shall be equal to .74. For the item of work "Earthwork Measured in Embankment", "F" shall be equal to 1.00.

D = Allowable price differential.

The allowable price differential, "D", for the current estimate will be computed according to the following formula:

When the current price, P, is greater than the base price, P(b).

$$D = P - 1.10P(b), \text{ but not less than zero.}$$

When the current price, P, is less than the base price, P(b).

$$D = P - .90P(b), \text{ but not greater than zero.}$$

In either case, P(b) shall be the base diesel price, in dollars per gallon (liter), defined as the average of the minimum and maximum prices for No. 2 Diesel Fuel (Oklahoma) published in the first issue of "*Platt's Oilgram Price Report*" for the month in which bids for the work were received.

In either case, P, shall be the current diesel price, in dollars per gallon (liter), defined as the average of the minimum and maximum prices for No. 2 Diesel Fuel (Oklahoma) published in the first issue of "*Platt's Oilgram Price Report*" for the month in which the progress estimate is generated.

RE-ESTABLISH PROPERTY CORNER

This work shall consist of establishing ROW breaks and re-establishing existing property corners as directed by the engineer.

All work shall be performed under the direct supervision of a land surveyor registered to practice in the State of Nebraska. The surveyor shall prepare plats in accordance with Nebraska Survey Laws, and submit these plats with the survey. The survey and plats shall be filed with the county surveyor, and/or the county clerk, the city engineer, the department's district office, and the deputy state surveyor at the Department of Roads' Lincoln headquarters.

The work shall be measured and paid for on a one-each basis for the item "Re-Establish Property Corner". This price shall be considered full compensation for all research, materials, equipment, labor, tools and incidentals required to complete the work.

CONSTRUCTION AND OBLITERATION OF TEMPORARY ROADS

The culvert pipe for temporary roads will be furnished and installed by the Grading Contractor. The pipe need not be new, and will remain the property of the Contractor when no longer required. Excavation and connection bands required to install the pipes will be subsidiary to the pipes.

The embankment required to construct the temporary road is included in the Earthwork quantities shown in Group 1.

When the temporary road is no longer required, they shall be obliterated by the grading contractor. The surfacing shall be removed, the embankment removed, and the area graded to the original cross-sections.

The removal of the asphalt surfacing is included in the quantity of "Remove Asphalt Surface" shown in Group 1.

The work of obliterating the embankment shall be paid for as "Excavation (Established Quantity)".

The removal of the culvert pipes, will not be measured and paid for directly, but will be considered subsidiary to "Excavation (Established Quantity)".

REMOVAL OF UNSUITABLE MATERIAL

This work shall consist of removing and disposing of unsuitable material at the locations shown in the plans.

The Contractor shall dispose of the unsuitable material at a site or sites off the project.

The work of removing and disposing of the unsuitable material shall be measured by the cubic meter in place and shall be paid for at the contract unit price per cubic meter for the item, "Removal of Unsuitable Material." This price shall be considered full compensation for all cost required for the removal and disposal of the material.

SUBGRADE PREPARATION (S3-1-0801)

Paragraph 2.a. of Subsection 302.03 in the Standard Specifications is amended to include that trimming on narrow, irregular or roadway grading of 1/2 mile (0.8 km) or less may be accomplished using conventional methods.

GRAVEL EMBEDMENT

This work shall consist of spreading a 50 mm layer of gravel over the surface of the roadbed, as shown in the plans, scarifying to uniformly blend the gravel into the upper 100 mm of the subgrade soil and compacting the area with a sheepfoot roller until firm and stable as determined by the Engineer.

Water shall be added as necessary to facilitate compaction.

Gravel for embedment shall conform to the requirements of Gravel Surfacing in Paragraph 7. of Subsection 1033.02 in the 1997 Metric Edition of the Standard Specifications.

After the gravel embedment is completed, the Contractor shall place and spread approximately 25 mm of gravel on the roadway. Additional gravel shall be placed and spread during the life of the project if requested by the Engineer.

Gravel embedment shall be measured and paid for by the station measured horizontally along the project centerline, of completed and accepted work.

The work of scarifying and the compacting the roadbed, measured as provided herein, will be paid for at the contract unit price per station for the item "Gravel Embedment". This price shall be full compensation for scarifying, smoothing, and compacting the subgrade and for all labor, equipment, tools and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Water will not be measured for payment, but shall be considered subsidiary to item "Gravel Embedment".

Gravel used in the work of gravel embedment will be measured and paid for in accordance with Section 310 in the 1997 Metric Edition of the Standard Specifications.

TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (S4-9-1201)

Paragraphs 2.a. of Subsection 422.05 in the Standard Specifications is void and superseded by the following:

2.a. If signs are not returned or are returned damaged, and the damage is beyond reasonable "wear and tear" and the damage was caused by the Contractor, then the Contractor shall be charged the value of the missing or damaged items. These charges shall be deducted from monies due the Contractor upon final payment.

**TYPE B HIGH INTENSITY WARNING LIGHTS
(S4-9-1002)**

All references in the plans to Type B High Intensity Warning Lights shall be considered void. The plans will not be revised to reflect this change.

**CONTRACTOR FURNISHED SIGNS
(S4-11-0303)**

“Contractor Furnished Sign Day” shall consist of approved retroreflective fluorescent orange or white signs mounted on NCHRP-350 approved traffic control devices, i.e. Type III Barricades or Plastic Drums. The Contractor furnished sign, mounted on a traffic control device, shall together be NCHRP-350 Test Level 3 approved. The signs shall be of the size and shape required by the plans. The color and design of the signs shall be as required by the MUTCD and the NDR Traffic Engineering Division. Sign legends and symbols shall be of professional quality workmanship and in uniformity with the Standard Highway Signs design guide. Contractor furnished Signs shall meet the requirements of the American Traffic Safety Services Association (ATSSA), “Quality Standard for Work Zone Traffic Control Devices”, hand printing or poor workmanship shall not be allowed.

Rigid sign substrates that have been approved to NCHRP 350 (TL-3) mounted on a traffic control device may be used.

Retroreflective orange fluorescent sheeting used for Contractor Furnished Signs shall be 3M diamond grade, Avery Dennison 6500 sheeting or other approved equal material.

Subsection 422.03 is amended by adding Paragraph 1.h.

Contractor Furnished Signs shall be installed as shown in the plans, or as directed by the Engineer. Contractor Furnished Signs shall be installed as prescribed in the MUTCD.

Paragraph 1.a. of Subsection 422.04 is void and superseded by the following:

- 1.a. Sign days of permanent, temporary and Contractor furnished signs installed in accordance with the plans, or as directed by the Engineer, will be measured and paid for by the each.

Paragraph 1. of Subsection 422.05 is amended to include the following:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Contractor Furnished Sign Day	Each (ea)

**TEMPORARY PAVEMENT MARKING
(Surface Preparation)**

Section 1069 in the Standard Specifications is amended to include the following:

Prior to the initial placement of the markings, temporary paint, Type II tape or raised pavement markers, the pavement upon which the markings are to be placed shall be dry, cleaned and properly prepared by shotblasting, as a minimum, and to the extent recommended

by the manufacturer so that all contaminants, loose debris, and other foreign material are completely removed. Surface preparation for any subsequent application shall consist of air blasting and brushing the roadway surface to remove all loose dirt, mud or other debris and to dry the surface. Each additional application of paint shall be applied over the previously painted stripes.

Initial surface preparation requiring shotblasting shall be paid at the contract unit price per meter for the item "Temporary Pavement Marking, Surface Preparation". Surface preparation for repainting, consisting of air blasting and brushing, shall be subsidiary to other items for which payment is made.

LOCAL MATERIAL SOURCES (S5-1-0801)

Information regarding possible sources of local materials is available at the Materials and Research Division of the Department of Roads, Lincoln, Nebraska.

ASPHALTIC CONCRETE (S5-5-0801)

Paragraph 5. of Subsection 503.02 in the Standard Specifications is void.

ASPHALTIC CONCRETE (S5-7M-0203)

Paragraph 11.a. in Subsection 503.04 of the 2001 Supplemental Specifications is void.

Paragraph 4 in Subsection 503.05 of the 1997 Standard Specifications is void.

The pay item "Asphalt Pavement Smoothness Testing" in Subsection 503.06 of the 1997 Standard Specifications is void.

ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT SMOOTHNESS (S5-7M-0203)

Section 502 in the 1997 Standard Specifications for Highway Construction and the 2001 Supplemental Specifications is void and superseded by the following:

502.01 – General

1. This specification establishes a standard for asphaltic concrete pavement smoothness, and defines defective pavement smoothness. The intent of the specification is to produce a finished asphaltic concrete pavement driving surface with a Profile Index no greater than 189 mm per kilometer. Pavement smoothness will be evaluated as prescribed in this section.

2. When the pay item "Asphalt Pavement Smoothness Testing I/D" is included in the contract, all the requirements of the following sections including the incentive/disincentive provisions shall apply.
3. When the pay item "Asphalt Pavement Smoothness Testing" is included in the contract, the incentive/disincentive provisions of this section do not apply, but the smoothness testing shall be performed as prescribed. The asphaltic concrete pavement shall be evaluated in accordance with Paragraph 11. b. of Subsection 503.04 in the 2001 Supplemental Specifications.
4. When the contract contains no item for smoothness testing, the asphaltic concrete pavement shall be evaluated in accordance with Paragraph 11. b. of Subsection 503.04 in the 2001 Supplemental Specifications.

502.02 – Equipment

1. The Contractor shall furnish a California profilograph approved by the Nebraska Department of Roads.
2. The profilograph shall have multiple, non-uniformly spaced, articulated support wheels arranged such that no two wheels pass the same location on the pavement surface at the same time (ASTM Designation: E 1274, Paragraph 5.1.2)
3. The profilograph shall be equipped with a computerized system that will record, analyze, and print the test data.
4. The profilograph shall produce a printed pavement profile trace (profilogram) with a vertical scale of 1:1, and a horizontal scale of 1:300 (1 mm paper = 300 mm pavement). The profilogram shall include the following information:
 - a. Project number
 - b. Test date
 - c. Traffic lane
 - d. Test direction
 - e. Test path
 - f. Pass number (1 for initial test; 2, 3, etc. for repeat runs)
 - g. Operator's name
 - h. Project stations
 - i. Data filter values
 - j. Blanking (Null) band width
 - k. Profile counts for each test section
 - l. Profile Index for each test section
 - m. Bump locations for each test section

502.03 – Certification and Independent Assurance Testing

1. The Department shall calibrate and certify the Contractor's profilograph annually at a test site established by the Department.
 - a. The profilograph shall be inspected for compliance with general equipment requirements, including wheel configuration, effective length, data analysis system, guidance system, and overall condition.

- b. The profilograph shall be calibrated for distance measurement by moving it over the prescribed path of a premeasured test distance at walking speed, and determining its distance calibration factor.
 - c. The profilograph shall be checked for vertical measurement accuracy by placing a 25 mm and 50 mm calibration block, measured to the nearest 0.25 mm, under the sensing wheel while the profilograph is stationary. The vertical measurement indicated by the profilograph shall be within 4.0% tolerance of the actual premeasured block height.
 - d. The profilograph shall be checked for overall performance by moving it over the prescribed path of a pre-measured pavement test section at walking speed.
 - e. Distance measurement indicated by the profilograph shall be within 0.2% tolerance of the actual premeasured test section distance. To ensure accurate distance measurement during test runs, the air pressure of the distance measurement tire must always be maintained at the same level used for calibration.
 - f. The Profile Index reported by the profilograph for the test section shall be within 10.0% tolerance of the Profile Index reported by a Nebraska Department of Roads profilograph for the same test section.
 - g. A dated and signed decal will be placed on the profilograph to certify its acceptability for use on Nebraska Department of Roads pavement construction projects.
2. The Department shall certify the Contractor's profilograph operator at least every 5 years. The operator may be certified by presenting certification from another State Highway Agency or by completing certification training conducted by the Nebraska Department of Roads.
 3. The Department shall schedule and perform Independent Assurance tests for the Contractor's profilographs and operators at least once per construction season. Independent Assurance testing shall be conducted at a randomly selected time on an active construction project. The criteria for the test will be similar to those used for certification.

502.04 – Profilograph Test Procedures

1. The Contractor shall perform all pavement smoothness specification tests except the 3-meter straight edge testing as shown in Paragraph 16. below:
2. The Engineer shall furnish a report form to the Contractor identifying all required test sections.
 - a. The pavement surface shall be divided into lane-width segments that end at a bridge, railroad crossing, or other designated termini.
 - b. The lane-width segments shall be further divided into individual 200 meter long test sections in the direction of project stationing. The last test section in a segment is usually shorter than 200 meters.

- c. If a test section is less than 100 meters long, it shall be combined with the preceding 200 meter long test section for analysis.
3. The Contractor's certified profilograph operator shall perform smoothness specification tests in the Engineer's presence. Smoothness testing shall be performed during normal daylight working hours unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. If the Contractor notifies the Engineer of a proposed test and the Engineer elects not to be present, then the Contractor may proceed unaccompanied.
4. The Contractor shall report test results to the Engineer within 2 NDR workdays after initial asphaltic concrete placement or surface corrective work. The Contractor shall report additional test results to the Engineer as soon as possible, but not later than 7 calendar days after completion of the mainline pavement.
5. The asphaltic concrete pavement surface temperature shall be 65 degrees C. or lower when smoothness tests are performed.
6. The profilograph operator shall perform pavement smoothness measurements in the right-hand or left-hand wheel path of all driving lanes, as directed by the Engineer, including climbing and fly-by lanes. In urban areas, where inlet block-outs or manholes are in the right or left-hand wheel path, the pavement smoothness measurements shall be made in a location determined by the Engineer. All wheels of the profilograph shall be on the new pavement for which the Contractor is responsible.
7. The Contractor shall remove all objects and foreign material from the pavement surface before testing.
8. The profilograph operator shall guide the profilograph along the specified wheel path of each traffic lane at walking speed. Propulsion may be by personnel pushing manually, or by a suitable propulsion unit that does not exceed a speed of 6.5 kilometers per hour. Excessive speed can produce erratic test results.
9. A lateral location indicator shall be used to keep the profilograph in the required test path during testing. Pavement edges, longitudinal joints, or longitudinal pavement markings may be used as reference lines. An additional person may be required to hold the back end of the profilograph on the required path on horizontal curves.
10. Before testing, the profilograph operator shall lower the profilograph's recording wheel to the pavement surface and move the profilograph forward to the beginning location of a test section to stabilize the measurement system. To ensure consistent distance measurement, the profilograph operator shall also check and adjust the recording wheel tire pressure several times a day.
11. All station references on the profilograms and report forms shall be actual project stations. Stations shall be accurately noted on the profilogram at least every 50 meters.
12. The profilograph operator and the Engineer shall sign the profilograms immediately after completion of the tests. If the Engineer was not present at the time of the tests, then the absence shall be noted on the profilograms.
13. The Engineer shall perform or schedule verification tests on at least 10 percent of the pavement surface, using a profilograph owned by the Department.

14. If the verification test, Independent Assurance tests, or other observations indicate that the Contractor's procedures and/or results are not acceptable or accurate, the Engineer may do any of the following:
 - a. require the Contractor to calibrate the profilograph and re-run the tests.
 - b. disqualify the Contractor's equipment and/or operator.
 - c. perform the tests for part, or all, of the project with a profilograph owned by the Department, and charge the Contractor \$300.00 per lane kilometer for all testing done by the Department.
15. The following areas of pavement shall be excluded from the Profile Index, unless otherwise specified in the Special Provisions.
 - a. Pavement on horizontal curves having a centerline radius of curvature of less than 300 meters, and pavement within the superelevation transition of such curves.
 - b. Pavement within 15 meters of a transverse joint that separates the pavement from an approach slab to a bridge deck or existing pavement not constructed under the contract.
 - c. Pavement for truck weigh stations or rest areas, acceleration/deceleration lanes, and interchange ramps and loops.
 - d. Pavement within 15 meters of railroad crossings and associated transitions.
 - e. Pavement with a posted speed limit of 45 miles per hour or less.
 - f. Pavement where the Engineer requires the contractor to open an area prematurely to cross traffic at intersections and driveways.
 - g. Additional exceptions shown on the summary sheet in the plans.
16. Excluded pavement sections shall be measured for bumps with either a profilograph or a 3 meter straight edge. If the profilograph is used, the deviation shall not exceed 10 mm. The deviation of the surface shall not exceed 4 mm, if a 3 meter straightedge is used.

502.05 – Evaluation

1. The Contractor shall determine a Profile Index and number of correctable bumps and dips for each test section, record the information on the report form, and provide a copy of the report, along with the corresponding profilograms, to the Engineer.
 - a. The Profile Index shall be calculated by adding the absolute value of the vertical deviations (millimeters) outside of a 2.5 mm blanking band and dividing the sum by the length of the test section (kilometers). The resulting Profile Index is in units of millimeters per kilometer.
 - b. Correctable bumps shall be separately identified on the profilograms. They appear as high points on the profilogram and correspond to high points on the

pavement surface. Correctable bumps are vertical deviations on the pavement surface that exceed 10 mm in height above a base line span of 7.62 meters.

- c. Correctable dips shall be separately identified on the profilograms. They appear as low points on the profilogram and correspond to low points on the pavement surface. Correctable dips are vertical deviations on the pavement surface that exceed 10 mm in depth below a base line span of 7.62 meters.

502.06 – Pavement Surface Correction

1. The Contractor shall locate and perform all required pavement surface corrective work, with the approval of and in the presence of, the Engineer.
2. Corrective work may be required for any bump, dip, or a combination of bumps and dips or other roughness that, in the opinion of the Engineer, produces an objectionable ride. Corrective work shall be accomplished at no cost to the Department.
 - a. When the initial Profile Index of a test section is 331 mm/km or less, bump and dip correction is the only corrective work allowed for that section.
 - b. When the Profile Index of a test section exceeds 331 mm/km, corrective work shall be performed.
 - c. The Contractor shall retest all corrected test sections with the profilograph.
3. All bumps, as defined in Subsection 502.05, Paragraph 1.b., and all test sections with a Profile Index exceeding 331 mm/km shall be corrected by diamond grinding.
 - a. Bumps shall be considered corrected when they are at or below the 10 mm maximum height.
 - b. Sections with a Profile Index exceeding 331 mm/km shall be considered corrected when the Profile Index for that section has been reduced to a value of 331 mm/km or less.
4. All dips, as defined in Subsection 502.05, Paragraph 1.c., shall be corrected until they are at or below the 10 mm maximum depth. The Contractor shall have the following options:
 - a. diamond grind on either or both sides of the dip,
 - b. with the approval of the Engineer, remove and replace a sufficient length of the surface layer to correct the deficiency, under the following conditions:
 - (1) The Contractor shall furnish replacement material that meets the original specifications for the material removed.
 - (2) Removal and replacement shall be for the full lane width.
 - c. a combination of the grinding and removal and replacement methods, or
 - d. with the approval of the Engineer, elect to leave an uncorrected or partially corrected dip in place for a monetary deduction.

5. Diamond grinding equipment used for surface correction shall be power driven, self-propelled units specifically designed to grind and texture pavements. The cutting head shall be at least 0.9 meters wide and consist of many diamond blades with spacers. The Engineer may approve equipment with a narrower width for irregular and confined areas, which will not accommodate larger equipment, and for bumps of limited number and area.

502.07 - Traffic Control

The Contractor shall provide all traffic control for smoothness testing and corrective work at no cost to the Department.

502.08 - Method of Measurement

1. "Asphalt Pavement Smoothness Testing I/D" and "Asphalt Pavement Smoothness Testing" shall be measured on a lump sum basis.
2. a. When the pay item "Asphalt Pavement Smoothness Testing I/D" is included in the contract, the unit price of the accepted quantity of asphaltic concrete pavement and performance graded binder in the surface layer of each profilograph test section shall be adjusted according to the schedule in Table 502.01, subject to the limitations in Paragraphs 3 and 4 of this Subsection. Pavement sections excluded from this smoothness specification shall not qualify for incentive pay.
- b. When the pay item "Asphalt Pavement Smoothness Testing " is included in the contract, the incentive/disincentive provisions of this Subsection do not apply.

Table 502.01

Payment Adjustment Schedule	
Profile Index Millimeters per Lane Kilometer	Percent of Contract Prices
0 to 32	107
Greater than 32 to 63	105
Greater than 63 to 95	103
Greater than 95 to 126	102
Greater than 126 to 189	100
Greater than 189 to 221	98
Greater than 221 to 252	96
Greater than 252 to 284	94
Greater than 284 to 315	92
Greater than 315 to 331	90
Greater than 331	Corrective Work Required

3. When the initial Profile Index of a test section is 331 mm/km or less, that value shall determine the percent of incentive pay for the section unless bump and dip correction performed in that section increases the percent of pay.

4. When the initial Profile Index of a test section is greater than 331 mm/km, corrective work performed in that section may increase the percent of pay up to the level indicated in Table 502.01.

502.09 – Basis of Payment

1. When the pay item “Asphalt Pavement Smoothness Testing I/D” is included in the contract, the overall pay factor for the accepted quantity of asphaltic concrete and performance graded binder in the surface layer of all profilograph test sections shall be determined according to the formula in Table 502.02.

Table 502.02

Pay Factor Formula	
$PF = \frac{A(1.07) + B(1.05) + C(1.03) + D(1.02) + E(1.00) + F(0.98) + G(0.96) + H(0.94) + I(0.92) + J(0.90)}{A + B + C + D + E + F + G + H + I + J}$	
Where:	
A	= Length of pavement with a Profile Index of 0 to 32 mm/km.
B	= Length of pavement with a Profile Index greater than 32 to 63 mm/km.
C	= Length of pavement with a Profile Index greater than 63 to 95 mm/km.
D	= Length of pavement with a Profile Index greater than 95 to 126 mm/km.
E	= Length of pavement with a Profile Index greater than 126 to 189 mm/km.
F	= Length of pavement with a Profile Index greater than 189 to 221 mm/km.
G	= Length of pavement with a Profile Index greater than 221 to 252 mm/km.
H	= Length of pavement with a Profile Index greater than 252 to 284 mm/km.
I	= Length of pavement with a Profile Index greater than 284 to 315 mm/km.
J	= Length of pavement with a Profile Index greater than 315 to 331 mm/km.

2. The Contractor shall be assessed \$500 each for all uncorrected or partially corrected dips left in place.
3. The work of Asphalt pavement Smoothness Testing I/D” and “Asphalt Pavement Smoothness Testing” shall be paid at the lump sum contract unit price. This price shall be full compensation for all smoothness testing as set forth in this specification.

ADJUST VALVE BOX TO GRADE (S6-7-0801)

This work shall consist of adjusting valve boxes, (RW) roadway boxes and (c.c.) corporation cocks boxes to finish grade as shown on the plans or as directed by the engineer.

All work shall conform to the Specifications, Codes and regulations of the Utility owner.

The adjustment required may be on either water or gas lines.

Existing boxes shall be used for adjustment if not damaged. If damaged, a new box or any part of it shall be installed. Adjustment shall be made by turning the screw part in or out, or

by adding or removing extension pieces. After the adjustment has been made the box shall have a straight vertical continuous barrel.

Adjusting valve boxes to grade will be measured as a single unit and payment will be made at the contract unit price per each for the item "Adjust Valve Box to Grade". This price shall be full compensation for all labor, equipment, new parts (if needed), tools and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

INTERLOCKING CONCRETE PAVER BLOCKS

Interlocking Concrete Paver Blocks shall conform to the State of Nebraska Standard Specifications for Highway Construction except as amended.

1. MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS

Subsection 705.02 of the 1997 Metric Edition of the Standard Specifications is amended to include the following:

Blocks shall be precast in a plant for which the method of manufacture and quality of concrete are subject to the approval of the Department of Roads. The unit weight of the concrete used shall be not less than 2000 Kg/m³ on an oven-dried basis. The compressive strength of a 50 mm cube cut from the block shall not be less than 27,600 KPa. A minimum of two blocks per day's pour shall be submitted to Materials and Research Division for testing.

The blocks shall be a minimum of 150 mm high. Each component shall lock firmly into the adjacent components in a manner that inhibits any horizontal movement. The interlocks shall be so dimensioned that the key portion shall have a close fit with the mating, locking socket to assure vertical security of the system. The interlocking of the blocks shall be such that no interruption of the integrity of the system occurs at or around corners or changes of direction. Under no circumstances will it be allowed to cut or abut the blocks within 6 meters of the corners or changes in direction. The interlocks shall be shaped to permit the assembled mat to flex in all directions to a radius of 7.6 m. The open area for blocks shall be not less than 16%.

Interlocking concrete pavers shall be as shown on the NDR Approved Products List.

Geotextile Filter Fabric for Cellular Concrete Block Mats: Geotextile for cellular concrete block applications shall be a woven monofilament polypropylene geotextile recommended by the manufacturer. The geotextile fabric shall meet the following requirements:

Trapezoidal Tear	ASTM D 4533	890 KN
Grab Tensile/Elongation	ASTM D 4632	1780 KN
Mullen Burst	ASTM D 3786	5510 KN
Puncture	ASTM D 4833	890 KN
Apparent Opening Size (U.S. Standard Sieve Size)	ASTM D 4751	300 µm

The geotextile shall be free of defects, rips, holes or flaws. Protection of geotextile fabric shall be as specified above for riprap bedding fabric.

2. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Subsection 705.03 of the 1997 Metric Edition of the Standard Specifications is amended to include the following:

Prior to placing pavers, the previously constructed subgrade shall be cleaned of all foreign substances. The surface of the subgrade shall be inspected for adequate compaction and surface tolerances. The subgrade shall be compacted to 90% of maximum NDR T99 density. Ruts, soft spots, areas having inadequate compaction, and deviations of the surface from the specified tolerances shall be corrected prior to placing pavers.

Areas on which pavers are to be placed shall be trimmed and dressed to conform to plan cross-sections within an allowable tolerance of plus or minus 50 mm from the theoretical slope lines and grades. Ruts and ditches shall be filled and leveled. Where such areas are below the allowable minus tolerance limit, they shall be brought to grade by filling with material similar to the adjacent material and well compacted. Immediately prior to placing pavers, the prepared subgrade will be inspected by the Engineer and no material shall be placed thereon until the area has been approved.

Geotextile Filter Fabric shall be laid flat but not stretched on the soil and shall be secured with anchor pins, 300 mm minimum length with washers. Fabric shall be laid with the long dimension horizontal. Overlaps of fabric at transverse and longitudinal joints shall be 400 mm minimum. Pins shall be inserted through both thicknesses of overlapped fabric at not greater than 1.8 m intervals along a line through the midpoint of the overlap. Additional pins shall be installed where needed to prevent slippage.

Geotextile installation shall proceed at such a rate that geotextile is covered with blocks within 2 days of laying of the fabric. The pavers shall be placed uniformly on the slope in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations to the slope lines and grades indicated on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The Contractor shall furnish a certificate from the manufacturer or authorized representative thereof stating that the pavers were installed correctly. Final acceptance and approval of the installation will be made by the Engineer.

Pavers shall be interlocked in a manner that discourages vertical or horizontal movement of any single component. Pavers shall be laid along a straight line perpendicular to the direction of placement. To maintain straight lines, no more than two rows shall be installed in the direction of placement. Turns or curves in the slope shall require the pavers to be stepped up or down as required to maintain the continuity of straight lines. Pavers shall be laid sequentially from bottom of slope to top of slope.

Equipment shall not be allowed on the installed pavers that would break or otherwise damage the pavers.

After pavers have been placed, the Contractor shall fill in the open areas with sand. The sand shall be furnished by the Contractor and conform to the requirements of Section 1033 of the Standard Specifications. The sand aggregate gradation limits are as follows; minimum 100% passing the 300 μ m sieve and a minimum 70% retained on the 75 μ m sieve.

3. METHOD OF MEASUREMENT AND BASIS OF PAYMENT

The item "interlocking Concrete Paver Block" shall be measured and paid for by the square meter, surface measured. The price bid shall be full compensation for excavation, geotextile filter fabric, sand, pavers, and all miscellaneous materials and labor required to complete the work.

SEEDING

Subsection 803.02 in the 1997 Metric Edition of the Standard Specifications is amended to include the following:

Type "A"	Minimum Purity (%)	Broadcast or Hydraulic Seeder Application Rate in kg of Pure Live Seed/ha	Approved Mech. Drill Application Rate in kg of Pure Live Seed/ha
Intermediate Wheatgrass – Slate, Oahe	85		4.5
Western Wheatgrass – Flintlock	85		5.6
Switchgrass – NE – 28	90		1.5
Indiangrass – Holt	75		3
Sand Bluestem – Champ, Goldstrike	60		3
Sideoats Grama – Butte	75		3.5
Little Bluestem – Blaze	60		4.5
Sand Lovegrass – Native, NE-27	90		0.8
Purple Prairie Clover – Inoculated	90		1.7
Partridge Pea – Platte	90		0.8
Shell-Leaf Penstemon – P. Grandiflorus	90		0.2
Upright Prairie Coneflower	90		1
Leadplant	90		0.2
Bush Morning Glory	90		0.14
Prickly Poppy	90		0.3
Purple Coneflower – E. Angustifolia	90		0.7
Rocky Mt. Bee Plant	90		0.6
Type "B"			
Perennial Ryegrass – Linn	85		11
K-31 Fescue	85		17
Western Wheatgrass – Flintlock	85		11
Sand Lovegrass – Native, NE-27	90		2.25
Blue Grama – NE, KS, SD	35		2.25
Buffalograss – Sharps 2, Cody	80		5.6
Oats/Wheat	90		17

The mulch on this project is restricted to prairie hay.

All seed shall be origin Nebraska, adjoining states, or as specified. A contractor proposing to use a substitute variety, or origin shall submit for the engineer's consideration a seed tag representing the seed which shows the variety, origin and analysis of the seed.

Rates of application of commercial inorganic fertilizer shall be:

	Rate of Application Per ha (Minimum)
Available Nitrogen (N_2) -----	35 or 40 kg
Available Phosphoric Acid (P_2O_5) -----	102 or 107 kg

Rate of application of granular sulphur coated urea fertilizer shall be:

Nitrogen (total available) -----	67 kg
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The contractor may, at his option, apply granular urea formaldehyde in lieu of the sulphur coated urea fertilizer at the following rate:

Nitrogen (total available) -----	67 kg
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SLOPE PROTECTION (S8-4M-0801)

Subsection 810.02 of the 1997 Metric Edition of the Standard Specifications is amended to include the following:

	Minimum Purity (%)	Application Rate in kg of Pure Live Seed/1000 m ²
Sand Reedgrass - Goshen	40%	0.27
Sand Bluestem - Gold Strike or Garden County	40%	1.09
Switchgrass - Nebr. 28	90%	1.09
Sand Lovegrass - Nebr. 27, Native	90%	1.09
Little Bluestem - Nebr. Native, Camper or Cimarron	30%	1.09
Rye	90%	8.14
Indiangrass – Holt	90%	0.54
Sweetclover - inoculated	90%	0.27
Rocky Mt. Bee Plant	90%	0.11
Western Wheatgrass - Flintlock, Barton	85%	0.81

Paragraph 4.b. in Subsection 810.03 is amended to provide that the drill rate of seed be the 1000 m² rate seeded over 0.5 hectares. The remainder of the seed shall be broadcast over the mulch on the shoulder and other drilled areas.

EROSION CONTROL

Subsection 807.02 in the 1997 Metric Edition of the Standard Specifications is amended to include the following:

	Minimum Purity (%)	Application rate in kg of Pure Live Seed/1000 m ²
For all Erosion Control, use the same seed mix and rate as shown for Type A seeding, or Slope Protection – whichever is appropriate to the site.		

All seeds shall be origin Nebraska, adjoining states, or as specified. A contractor proposing to use a substitute variety or origin shall submit for the engineers consideration a seed tag representing the seed, which shows the variety, origin and analysis of the seed.

Rate of application of inorganic fertilizer shall be:

	Rate of Application Per 1000 m ² (Min.)
Available Nitrogen (N ₂) -----	4 or 5 kg
Available Phosphoric Acid (P ₂ O ₅) -----	12 or 13 kg

Rate of application of granular sulphur coated urea fertilizer or urea-formaldehyde fertilizer shall be:

	Rate of Application Per 1000 m ² (Min.)
Nitrogen (Total Available) -----	10 kg

FABRIC SILT FENCE, TYPE COIR FIBER (S8-13-0801)

Section 809 in the Standard Specifications is amended to include Fabric Silt Fence, Type Coir fiber.

Fabric silt fence type coir fiber may also be installed with wooden posts. The posts shall be 1 1/2" x 1 1/2" x 6' (38 mm x 38 mm x 1.8 m) and shall only be driven until firm.

Wet and Below Water Installation:

Trenching is not required. Fold a 6 inch (150 mm) flap toward the silt source and pin as shown on the special silt fence plan. Install the stakes as for a dry installation. Attach the fabric to the posts with zip ties or other approved methods and secure from slipping down the post. All splice joints shall overlap a minimum of 16 inches (400 mm).

The silt fence shall be left in good working condition. For a dry site, the silt shall be disposed of as directed by the engineer. For a wet and/or below water installation, the silt shall be left in place.

EROSION CONTROL, TYPE A & AA (S8-15-0801)

This work shall consist of placing a soil retention blanket, filter fabric, seed, fertilizer, and soil fill at the locations shown in the plans. The installation shall be as shown in the plans and as directed by the engineer.

Paragraph 1. of Subsection 807.02 in the Standard Specifications is void and superseded by the following:

The soil retention blanket for Erosion Control "A & AA" shall be as shown on the approved products list for Erosion Control A & AA.

The filter fabric shall be from the approved products list for Erosion Control Type A, Type AA, or Erosion check or approved equal. Place the erosion control material with the filter fabric attached over the prepared area. Pin the area. Seed and fertilize and then soil fill. The soil fill shall be fine enough to fill the voids and cover all of the seed. If the filter fabric is not attached to the erosion control material, the installation is as follows: prepare the area, lay out the filter fabric, pin the filter fabric, lay out the erosion control material and pin, seed and fertilize and soil fill.

Paragraph 2. of Subsection 807.02 of the Standard Specifications is void and superseded by the following:

The pins for the filter fabric shall be made of No. 11 gauge (3 mm diameter) steel wire. The pins shall be "U" pins with a one-inch (25 mm) throat and at least six inches (150 mm) long.

The pins for the "A & AA" mat shall be a minimum of 8 or 9 gauge (4 mm diameter) wire, u-shaped pins with 8"-10" (200 mm to 250 mm) legs and a 1" or 2" (25 mm or 50 mm) throat. The 11 gauge (3 mm diameter) 6 inch (150 mm) "U" pins may be used in lieu of the 8 or 9 gauge (4 mm diameter) pins if the 11 gauge (3 mm diameter) pins are machine placed and one-third more pins are used.

EROSION CONTROL, TYPE "AAA" (S8-16-0801)

This work shall consist of placing a soil retention blanket, filter fabric, seed, fertilizer, and soil fill at the locations shown in the plans. The installation shall be as shown in the plans and as directed by the engineer.

Paragraph 1. of Subsection 807.02 in the Standard Specifications is void and superseded by the following:

The soil retention blanket for Erosion Control "AAA" shall be as shown on the approved products list for Erosion Control AAA.

The filter fabric shall be from the approved products list for Erosion Control Type A, Type AA, or Erosion check or approved equal. After the area around the culvert is shaped and graded, the filter fabric shall be placed and pinned. The filter fabric shall be placed under the pipe and the full length of the installation as shown in the plans. Place the Erosion Control "AAA" mat over the pipe to allow for a three foot (1 meter) \pm piece of material on top of the pipe. Cut out the hole for the pipe, leaving an area uncut that will be tucked under the culvert and in front of the culvert. Pin the mat as shown and trench in and compact the downstream end. Seed and fertilize the area and soil fill, raking the soil in well. Reseed and rake the area.

Paragraph 2. of Subsection 807.02 of the Standard Specifications is void and superseded by the following:

The pins for the filter fabric shall be made of No. 11 gauge (3 mm diameter) steel wire. The pins shall be "U" pins with a one-inch (25 mm) throat and at least six inches (150 mm) long.

The pins for the "AAA" mat shall be a minimum of 8 or 9 gauge (4 mm diameter) wire, u shaped pins with 8"-10" (200 mm to 250 mm) legs and a 1" or 2" (25 mm or 50 mm) throat.

TEMPORARY SILT CHECKS (S8-19-1102)

Description

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing temporary silt checks at the locations shown in the plans, and as directed by the Engineer.

Material Requirements

The temporary silt checks shall be on the NDR Approved Products List.

Construction Methods

The temporary silt checks shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations at the locations shown in the plans, and as directed by the Engineer. The Contractor shall furnish the manufacturer's installation details to the Engineer before any temporary silt checks are installed.

The temporary silt checks shall be in place immediately after the rough grading is done in an area.

The temporary silt check shall be left in place until the finish grading begins. When the finish grading is done, they shall be replaced until the permanent erosion control is initiated.

At the completion of the project, any non-biodegradable temporary silt checks shall be removed and remain the property of the Contractor. Any biodegradable temporary silt checks may be left in place.

Method of Measurement

All work and materials as described herein, shall be included in the item "Temporary Silt Check". The temporary silt checks shall be measured by the linear foot (meter) for the initial installation. The removing or relocating of the temporary silt checks will not be measured for payment, but will be considered subsidiary to the initial installation.

Basis of Payment

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Temporary Silt Check	Linear Foot (LF) Meter (m)

FABRIC SILT FENCE (HIGH POROSITY AND LOW POROSITY)

Paragraph 4. of Subsection 809.03 in the Standard Specifications is amended to include the following:

The silt fence shall be removed at the completion of the project and disposed of as directed by the Engineer. The area shall be graded to conform to the typical cross-sections or as directed by the Engineer.

Paragraph 1. of Subsection 809.05 is amended to include the following:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Rental of Backhoe, Fully Operated	Hour (h)

TEMPORARY SLOPE PROTECTION

Section 810 of the Standard Specifications is amended to include "TEMPORARY SLOPE PROTECTION".

"TEMPORARY SLOPE PROTECTION" requires no seed. The protective material for temporary slope protection may be hay, straw or rushes applied at the rate of 0.7 kilogram per square meter.

The protective material may be anchored by whatever methods the Contractor deems necessary. The temporary slope protection material shall be kept in good repair throughout the life of the project. The Contractor is responsible for its upkeep and no extra payment will be made for the maintenance and repair of the "TEMPORARY SLOPE PROTECTION".

This work will be measured and paid for by the square meter for the item "TEMPORARY SLOPE PROTECTION".

COVERCROP SEEDING

Subsection 812.02 in the Standard Specification is void and superseded by the following:

812.02 – Material Requirements

- The covercrop seed shall comply with the following requirements and shall be applied at the rates shown in Table 812.01.

Table 812.01				
Covercrop Seed Requirements				
Covercrop Seed and Limitations	Minimum Purity (%)	Minimum Germination (%)	Approved Broadcast or Hydraulic Seeder Application Rate (pounds per acre/ha)	Approved Mech. Drill Application Rate (pounds per acre/ha)
Oats: Jan. 1 – Aug. 31	80	60	96/107 kg	96/107 kg
Pearl Millet or Foxtail Millet: May 2 – July 15	80	60	25/27 kg	25/27 kg
Winter Wheat: Sept. 1 – Dec. 31	80	60	120/134 kg	120/134 kg
Annual Ryegrass, Urban Areas: Jan. 1 – Dec. 31	80	80	50/55 kg	50/55 kg

2. The seed for covercrop shall be delivered in bags and tagged with the purity and germination shown on the tag.
3. Fertilizer is required for covercrop seeding. Rate of application of commercial inorganic fertilizer shall be:

Rate of Application per ha – per acre		
Available Nitrogen (N2)	73 kg	66 lbs.

4. Subsection 812.03 2.b. in the Standard Specifications is void and superseded by the following:
 - 2.b. The covercrop seeding shall be drilled except where the design of the right-of-way is such that seeding equipment cannot be safely operated. In those instances and only those instances can the covercrop seed be broadcast or hydro seeded.

Subsection 812.03 is amended to include the following:

The fertilizer shall be applied prior to seeding and incorporated into the soil.

The Contractor shall apply the seed at the rate shown in Table 812.01.

GRANULAR SUBDRAINS (S9-1-0801)

Subsection 915.02 in the Standard Specifications is void and superseded by the following:

Aggregate that is used in granular subdrains shall conform to the gradation requirements for Gravel Surfacing shown in Table 1033.07 of Subsection 1033.02.

Paragraph 2.b. of Subsection 915.03 is void.

FLY ASH (S10-5-0801)

Subsection 1008.01 in the Standard Specifications is void and superseded by the following:

Fly ash shall be Class C or F meeting the requirements of ASTM C 618.

STRUCTURAL STEEL (S10-5-0801)

Section 1045 of the Standard Specifications is amended to include the following:

1045.03 -- Steel Plate Substitution

The Contractor may use either English or Metric steel plates in accordance with Table 1045.01.

Table 1045.01			
English-Metric Steel Plate Substitution Table			
Metric (millimeters)	English (inches)	Metric (millimeters)	English (inches)
9	3/8	32	1 1/4
10	3/8	35	1 3/8
11	7/16	38	1 1/2
12	1/2	40	1 5/8
14	9/16	45	1 3/4
16	11/16	50	2
18	3/4	55	2 1/4
20	13/16	60	2 3/8
22	7/8	70	2 3/4
25	1	80	3 1/4
28	1 1/8	90	3 1/2
30	1 1/4		

REPAIR OF DAMAGED METALLIC COATINGS (S10-5-0801)

Paragraph 2. of Subsection 1061.01 in the Standard Specifications is void and superseded by the following:

2. The material used for repair shall provide a minimum coating thickness of at least 50 µm with one application.

**DOWEL BARS
(S10-5-0801)**

Subsection 1022.02 in the Standard Specifications is amended to include the following:

In addition to these certificates, two 1.8 meter samples of the coated bar (for tension testing and bend testing) of each size bar and each heat number shall be sent to the NDR Materials and Research Laboratory, Lincoln, Nebraska. These bars will be properly identified with tags showing the size and heat number.

**CORRUGATED METAL PIPE
(S10-5-0801)**

Table 1035.01 in Section 1035 of the Supplemental Specifications is amended by deleting the title "Steel and Aluminum Culvert Thickness".

**METAL FLARED-END SECTIONS
(S10-5-0801)**

Table 1036.01 in Section 1036 of the Supplemental Specifications is amended by deleting the title "Steel and Aluminum Flared-End Thickness".

**REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE, MANHOLE RISERS,
AND FLARED-END SECTIONS
(S10-5-0801)**

Paragraph 3.a. of Subsection 1037.02 in the Supplemental Specifications is void and superseded by the following:

3.a. Round reinforced concrete pipe shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 170-95 with the exception of the minimum circumferential reinforcing (in²/ft. (mm²/m) of pipe wall) for 15, 21, and 24 inch (380, 460, 600 mm) Class III pipe, as shown below:

Paragraph 3.b. of Subsection 1037.02 is void and superseded by the following:

b. AASHTO M 170-95 Specifications are modified as follows:

Paragraph 4. of Subsection 1037.02 is void and superseded by the following:

4. Reinforced concrete arch pipe shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 206-95.

Paragraph 5. of Subsection 1037.02 is void and superseded by the following:

5. Reinforced concrete elliptical pipe shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 207-95.

Paragraph 7. of Subsection 1037.02 is void and superseded by the following:

7. Concrete flared-end sections shall be of the design shown in the plans and in conformance with the applicable requirements of AASHTO M 170-95, Class II pipe, AASHTO M 206-95, Class A-II pipe, or AASHTO M 207-95, Class HE-II pipe for the diameter of pipe which it is to be installed.

HIGH TENSILE BOLTS, NUTS, AND WASHERS (S10-5-1001)

Subsection 1058.02 in the Supplemental Specifications is void.

Paragraph 4.b.(5) in the Standard Specifications is void and superseded by the following:

- (5) The bolt, nut, and washer assembly shall be assembled in a Skidmore-Wilhelm calibrator or an acceptable equivalent device. For bolts that are too short to be assembled in the calibrator, see Subsection 1058.03, Paragraph 4.b.(9).

ELASTOMERIC BEARINGS AND LAMINATED BEARING PADS (S10-5-0202)

Paragraph 2. of Subsection 1068.02 in the Standard Specifications is void and superseded by the following:

2. Certification shall be furnished in accordance with NDR's *Materials Sampling Guide*.

Paragraph 3. of Subsection 1068.02 is void.

STEEL BARS FOR CONCRETE REINFORCEMENT (S10-5-1201)

Section 1020 in the Standard Specifications is void and superseded by the following:

1020.01 - Description

Steel tie bars for longitudinal joint reinforcement in concrete pavements shall be epoxy coated and deformed Grade 40 or 60 billet steel as shown in the plans, specifications or Special Provisions.

1020.02 - Material Characteristics

1. Billet-steel bars shall conform to the requirements of ASTM A 615/A 615M.
2. Epoxy coatings shall conform to the requirements in Section 1021 of the Standard Specifications and Supplemental Specifications.

1020.03 - Acceptance Requirements

Acceptance shall be based on sampling, testing, and certification requirements in accordance with the NDR *Materials Sampling Guide*.

PERFORMANCE GRADED BINDER

Section 503 in the Standard Specifications and Supplemental Specifications is amended to include Performance Graded Binders.

I. Description:

The performance graded binder to be used on this project shall be PG Binder 64-28 for Asphaltic Concrete Type SP4 and PG Binder 58-28 for Asphaltic Concrete Type SPS, supplied by a Certified Supplier.

Certified Supplier

A supplier must be certified by the Nebraska Department of Roads to be allowed to supply Performance Graded Binder in Nebraska. A certified supplier must be a participant in one or more of the following PG Binder groups.

1. AASHTO Materials Reference Laboratory (AMRL)
2. Western Cooperative Testing Group
3. Combined States Binder Group

The supplier must maintain and follow the requirements of the group or groups in which they participate in to maintain certification by the Nebraska Department of Roads. In addition, active participation is required to maintain certification by the Department. Active participation will include submitting of round robin samples results, along with meeting other requirements of the group or groups. Failure to do so will result in loss of certification by the Department.

A certified supplier may be asked to supply to the Department, past round robin results, laboratory inspection reports, reasons for and investigative reports on out lying results, quality control testing, and/or technician training and proficiency testing reports.

Supplier Certification

A supplier may request certification by contacting the Nebraska Department of Roads, Materials and Research Division, Flexible Pavement Engineer at (402) 479-4675. A temporary certification may be issued for a period of up to one year. Split sample testing will be required prior to receiving a temporary certification. Split sample testing will be done on all grades of binder that the supplier intends to supply during the temporary certification. The supplier will have up to one year to become certified by participating in and following the requirements of one or more of the approved binder groups.

A supplier may become certified through active participation in other binder certification/round robin groups that are approved by the Department. The Department may request from the supplier prior to approval, past or current round robin results, quality control testing, laboratory inspection reports, and/or technician training and proficiency testing reports.

II. Binder Sampling and Testing:

1. Lots. Each 3750 tons (3400 Mg) of HMA produced will be a binder lot.
2. A binder lot will include only one PG Binder grade or a blend as allowed in paragraph 6.e.
3. A Binder lot will only include one supplier of the PG Binder or a blend as allowed in paragraph 6.e.
4. Blending of different binder grades and binders from different suppliers will be allowed with restrictions as noted in paragraph 6.e. The Engineer must be notified of the intent to blend prior to actual blending.
5. All binders shall be sampled at the rate of one sample per lot with a minimum of three samples per project.
 - a. The sample shall consist of two one-quart (liter) cans and shall be taken by the Contractor's Certified Sampling Technician, with assistance from or under supervision of NDR personnel. The sample shall be taken at the plant from the line between the storage tank and the mixer or from the tank supplying material to the line, at a location at which material sampled is representative of the material in the line to the mixer. One can will be tested for compliance with MP1 specifications and the other can portion will be saved for dispute resolution, if needed. The sampling process shall follow procedures of the NDR Materials Sampling Guide and NDR T 40.
 - b. Testing. When the tested PG Binder is in compliance, the binder lot will be accepted and both cans of the sample can be discarded. If the tested PG Binder does not comply, then the price of the PG Binder lot represented by the sample shall be adjusted according to Table 1. Overall project average testing requirements and price adjustments will also apply, as stated in Table 2.
6. Material Requirements:
 - a. Performance graded binder, as specified in the contract items shall be in accordance with AASHTO Designation MP1 and meet all minimum and maximum requirements.
 - b. Substitution of a PG Binder, which exceeds the upper and lower grade designations from the specified, requires advance notification of the Engineer, and be documented by a no cost change order. The bill of lading or delivery ticket shall state the binder grade and specific gravity.
 - c. Material Certification - A Material Certification shall be submitted prior to construction stating, the type of modifier being used, and the recommended mixing and compaction temperatures for the Hot Mix Asphalt.
 - d. The Contractor shall receive from the supplier, instructions on the proper storage and handling of each grade and shipment of PG Binder.

- e. Blending of PG Binders at the hot mix plant site will be allowed only when transitioning to an asphalt mixture requiring a different grade of binder and with the following restrictions:
- (1) The resultant blend will meet MP-1 specifications when tested as $\pm 3^\circ$ of the specified PG binder. The sample of the blended material will 1) be considered as a lot sample, 2) will be taken during initial production following the blending of the binders, and 3) deductions when not meeting MP-1, will apply. On the blended sample's identification form will be a note explaining the blending conditions and a statement that the sample is a blend of materials. The next lot sample, following the sample representing the blend, will be tested as the specified binder grade for the asphalt mixture being produced and shall meet MP-1 specifications.
 - (2) Modified Binders - When a type of modification is used and stated in the Material Certification as required in paragraph 6.c., it will not be allowed to be blended with a binder containing a different type of modification. Blending of the same type of modifiers will be allowed.

TABLE 1

SINGLE SAMPLE TOLERANCE AND PRICE REDUCTION TABLE		
	Price Reduction¹ Pay Factor of 0.75	Determined by Engineer² Pay Factor of 0.50 or Removal
<u>Tests on Original Binder</u> Dynamic Shear, G*/Sin δ , kPa	0.86-0.92	< 0.86
<u>Tests on Rolling Thin Film Oven Residue</u> Dynamic Shear, G*/Sin δ , kPa	1.76-1.97	< 1.76
<u>Tests Pressure Aging Vessel Residue</u> Dynamic Shear, G*/Sin δ , kPa	5601-6200	> 6200
<u>Creep Stiffness</u> S, Mpa	325-348	> 348
m-value	0.270-0.284	< 0.270

NOTE: If more than one test fails to meet requirements, the largest individual price reduction (pay factor of 0.75 or 0.50) will be used to calculate price reduction for the asphalt binder.

¹Price Reduction will be based on contract unit price of asphalt binder.

²The Engineer will determine if the non-compliant material will be removed. If the non-compliant material is accepted, a price reduction of 50% will be applied. The price reduction shall be based on the contract unit price of asphalt binder.

The pay factor will be applied to the quantity of material that the sample represents.

Overall Project Average - Price Reduction Based on Complete MP-1 Testing

Out of specification material will be determined by the specifications outlined in AASHTO MP-1, excluding Direct Tension.

The Nebraska Department of Roads, Materials and Research, Bituminous Laboratory will do complete testing, per MP-1 specifications, on a minimum of three samples or 20% of the total samples from the project, whichever is the greatest. The Department will randomly select one sample for complete MP-1 testing out of every five samples received. When any test result shows sample not meeting MP-1 specifications, the previous and following sample received will be tested for complete MP-1 compliance. Testing will continue in this manner until tested samples meet all of MP-1 specifications.

Original Dynamic Shear Rheometer testing will be completed on all samples. When a sample being tested for only Original Dynamic Shear Rheometer compliance falls out of MP-1 specification, it will then be tested for complete MP-1 specification compliance. Adjacent samples will be tested when results, other than the Original Dynamic Shear Rheometer result, do not meet specification. This additional complete testing for MP-1 compliance is in addition to the minimum number of samples that will be tested for complete MP-1 compliance.

At the completion of testing, all complete MP-1 test results will be averaged. For averages that do not meet MP-1 specifications, the largest reduction shown in Table 2 will be applied to all the Performance Graded Binder used on the project.

Table 2

OVERALL PROJECT AVERAGE - PRICE REDUCTION TABLE		
	Range of Average	Pay Factor Applied
<u>Tests on Original Binder</u> Dynamic Shear, $G^*/\sin \delta$, kPa Min. 1.00 kPa	< 1.00 - 0.98	0.98
	< 0.98 - 0.96	0.95
	< 0.96 - 0.94	0.92
	< 0.94	0.85
<u>Tests on Rolling Thin Film</u> <u>Oven Residue</u> Dynamic Shear, $G^*/\sin \delta$, kPa Min. 2.20 kPa	< 2.20 - 2.156	0.98
	< 2.156 - 2.09	0.95
	< 2.09 - 2.024	0.92
	< 2.024	0.85
<u>Tests Pressure Aging Vessel</u> <u>Residue</u> Dynamic Shear, $G^*\sin \delta$, kPa Max. 5000 kPa	< 5000 - 5100	0.98
	< 5100 - 5250	0.95
	< 5250 - 5400	0.92
	< 5400	0.85
m-Value Min. 0.300	< 0.300 - 0.298	0.98
	< 0.298 - 0.293	0.95
	< 0.293 - 0.290	0.92
	< 0.290	0.85
<u>Creep Stiffness</u> S, MPa Max. 300 MPa	< 300 - 306	0.98
	< 306 - 315	0.95
	< 315 - 324	0.92
	< 324	0.85

Single Sample Reduction and Overall Project Average Reduction

A sample representing a lot, not meeting MP-1 Specification, will have a reduction for the material that the sample represents. Only the largest reduction from Table 1, will apply when more than one result of a single sample does not meet MP-1 specifications. Only the largest overall project average reduction from Table 2, will apply when more than one test average falls out of MP-1 specifications. Pay Factors based on both Table 1 and Table 2 test results are separate from each other and both will be applied.

Investigation of Verification Lot Samples That Do Not Meet Specifications

When the lot sample shows test results out of specification limits, the process of resolving the sample failure will include the following actions as appropriate:

1. The Bituminous Lab may conduct retesting of the remaining portion of the original can sample as determined necessary to confirm or disaffirm the original test result(s).
2. The Flexible Pavement Engineer will notify the Contractor who will arrange to investigate all aspects of the testing, loading, handling and delivery of the material in question. The Contractor shall report findings to the Central Laboratory, Flexible Pavement Engineer.

3. The Department will collect and compile all information and prepare a report. A copy of the report will be distributed to the District and the Contractor.
4. The Bituminous Laboratory will issue the standard report of tests for all samples tested, to include any resulting pay factor deductions. A copy of the report of tests will be distributed to the District, Construction Division, and Contractor.

Dispute Resolution

After testing and investigations have been completed on the one can of the sample and there is still a dispute, the Department will select an independent laboratory for referee testing to take place on the second can of the sample. If the independent lab's tests indicate failing results and pay deductions equal to or great than the Department's, the Contractor will reimburse the Department for the cost of testing. If the independent lab's tests indicate that the material meets specification or is at a pay deduction less than the Department's, the Department will assume the cost of testing. When the independent lab's tests indicate a pay deduction, the lesser of the Department's and the independent lab's deductions will be applied.

Basis of Measurement

PG Binder shall be measured in accordance with Subsection 503.05 in the Standard Specifications and Supplemental Specifications.

Basis of Payment:

Subsection 503.06 in the Standard Specifications and Supplemental Specifications is amended to provide that PG Binder, accepted by the Engineer for use in asphaltic concrete, will be paid for at the contract unit price per ton (Megagram) for the item "Performance Graded Binder _____", less any deductions as prescribed in the tolerance and price reduction tables.

SUPERPAVE ASPHALTIC CONCRETE

Asphaltic Concrete Type SP4 shall use the 12.5 gradation band.

Paragraph 2.b. of Subsection 503.06 of the Supplemental Specifications is amended to include Asphaltic Concrete Type SP6.

Section 1028 is amended to include Asphaltic Concrete Type SP6.

Paragraph 2. a. of Subsection 1028.01 is void and superseded by the following:

Before production of asphaltic concrete, the Contractor shall submit, in writing, a tentative job mix formula on the NDOR Mix Design Submittal Form for approval to the NDR Flexible Pavement Engineer at the Lincoln, Nebraska Central Laboratory.

Paragraph 2. b. of Subsection 1028.01 is void and superseded by the following:

The job mix formula shall identify the virgin mineral aggregates, RAP, if used, and mineral filler, if needed, with the value of the percent passing each specified sieve for the individual and blended materials.

Paragraph 2. c. (1) of Subsection 1028.01 is void and superseded by the following:

The Contractor shall submit six – 95 mm and two – 75 mm gyratory pucks compacted to $7\% \pm 1\%$ air voids for testing and 3 proportioned 22 lb. (10,000-gram) samples of the blended mineral aggregates to be used in the mixture to the NDR Materials and Research Central Laboratory at least 15 NDR working days before production of asphaltic concrete. These samples will be used to validate the Contractor's Superpave mix design test results and mix properties.

Paragraph 2. c. (3) of Subsection 1028.01 is amended to include the following:

- (ix) Dust to Binder Ratio

Paragraph 2. c. (3) (i) of Subsection 1028.01 is void and superseded by the following:

The bulk specific gravity of the blended aggregate. Whenever RAP is used it shall be processed through an ignition oven and then combined proportionally with the virgin aggregate. The bulk specific gravity shall be determined for the blend from an unwashed sample of the - #4 and a washed sample of + #4 material in accordance with AASHTO T 84 and AASHTO T 85 respectively.

Table 1028.01 is amended to include the following:

Table 1028.01

Asphaltic Concrete Type	Percent, Maximum RAP
SP6	15

Paragraph 4. f, (2), (i) of Subsection 1028.01 is void and superseded by the following:

The quality control technicians shall report directly to the Program Administrator and shall perform all sampling and quality control tests as required by the contract.

Paragraph 4. h. (3) of Subsection 1028.01 is void and superseded by the following:

All QC test results shall be documented on NDR Forms by the Contractor with a copy provided to the Engineer within 1 week after the tests are complete. Daily review by the Engineer will be allowed if requested.

Paragraph 4. i. (3) (ii) of Subsection 1028.01 is amended to include the following:

- (VII) Dust to Binder Ratio

Paragraph 4. i. (3) (iii) of Subsection 1028.01 is amended to include the following:

- (IV) Tearing
- (V) Irregular surface due to mix tenderness

Paragraph 2.e. of Subsection 1028.02 is void and superseded by the following:

e. Crushed rock (Limestone) and Dolomite shall conform to the requirements of Subsection 1033.02 of the Standard Specifications, Paragraph 4.a. (4), (5) and (6). Sampling size and frequency shall adhere to the current NDR Materials Sampling Guide. (Some aggregate can be adversely affected by ignition ovens resulting in erroneous reading for asphalt content and gradation unless corrected for.)

Paragraph 2.h. of Subsection 1028.02 of the Supplemental Specifications is void and superseded by the following:

The coarse aggregate angularity value of the blended aggregate material shall meet or exceed the minimum values for the appropriate asphaltic concrete type as shown in Table 1028.02.

Table 1028.02 is void and superseded by the following:

Table 1028.02
Coarse Aggregate Angularity
(ASTM D 5821)

Asphaltic Concrete Type	Course Aggregate Angularity
SPS	35
SP0	55
SP1	55
SP2	65
SP3	75
SP4	85/80*
SP5	95/90*
SP6	95/90*

* Denotes two faced crushed requirements

Paragraph 2.h.(1) of Subsection 1028.02 is void.

Paragraph 2.i. of Subsection 1028.02 is void and superseded by the following:

The fine aggregate angularity value of the blended aggregate material shall meet or exceed the minimum values for the appropriate asphaltic concrete type as shown in Table 1028.03.

Note: The specific gravity for calculation of the Fine Aggregate Angularity (FAA) shall be based on material passing the No. 8 (2.36 mm) sieve and retained on the No. 100 (150 µm) sieve.

Table 1028.03 is void and superseded by the following:

**Table 1028.03
Fine Aggregate Angularity
(AASHTO T304 Method A)**

Asphaltic Concrete Type	Fine Aggregate Angularity
SPS	--
SP0	--
SP1	40.0
SP2	43.0
SP3	43.0
SP4	45.0
SP5	45.0
SP6	45.0

Paragraph 2.i.(1) of Subsection 1028.02 is void.

Table 1028.04 is amended to include the following:

**Table 1028.04
Flat And Elongated Particles
(ASTM D 4791)**

Asphaltic Concrete Type	Percent, Maximum
SP6	10

Table 1028.05 is amended to include the following:

**Table 1028.05
Clay Content
(AASHTO T 176)**

Asphaltic Concrete Type	Sand Equivalent, Minimum
SP6	50

Paragraph 2.I (1). of Subsection 1028.02 is void and superseded by the following:

It is recommended that the selected blended aggregate gradation does not pass through the restricted zones as specified in the following control points for nominal size. The plot of the blended aggregate gradation of Superpave mix designs with FAA values of less than 43.0 will not enter the limits of the restricted zone. The plot of the blended aggregate gradation of Superpave mix designs with FAA values of 43.0 to less than 45.0 passing through the restricted zone must intersect both the upper and lower limits of the restricted zone between 1) any two consecutive sieves used to define the restricted zone limits, or 2) two vertical lines plotted between the #8 and #50 sieve a distance apart no greater than 1/3 the horizontal distance between the #8 (2.36-mm) and #50 (300-µm) sieves. Superpave mix designs with FAA values of 45.0 or greater will not be restricted from passing through the restricted zone.

The note following table 1028.08 is void and superseded by the following:

- * Dust to binder ratio is the ratio of the percentage by weight of aggregate finer than the No. 200 (75 μ m) sieve to the asphalt content expressed as a percent by weight of total mix. The dust to binder ratio shall be between 0.60 and 1.20. This shall be verified during mix design approval.

Table 1028.09 is amended to include the following:

- * see note following Table 1028.08

Paragraph 3. b. (3). of Subsection 1028.02 is void and superseded by the following:

Rice equipment specified in AASHTO T 209, procedure 9.5.1, Weighing in Water. The thermometer being used to measure water temperature will be as specified in T 209.

Paragraph 3. b. (11). of Subsection 1028.02 is void and superseded by the following:

Personal Computer capable of running NDR software and Color Printer.

Paragraph 1. a. of Subsection 1028.03 is void and superseded by the following:

The job mix formula shall be determined from a mix design for each mixture. A volumetric mixture design in accordance with AASHTO PP 28 as modified within this special provision, will be required. However, the mixture for the Superpave specimens and maximum specific gravity mixture shall be short-term aged for two hours.

Paragraph 1. c. of Subsection 1028.03 is void and superseded by the following:

The Contractor shall inform the Engineer when changes in the types or sources of aggregates or PG Binders are made. These changes may require a new job mix formula, mix design and moisture susceptibility test. The new proposed job mix formula shall be in accordance with the requirements as stated above and submitted 5 working days prior to use for verification.

Paragraph 1. d. of Subsection 1028.03 is void and superseded by the following:

Each Superpave mixture shall be tested for moisture susceptibility in accordance with AASHTO T 283. The loose mixture shall be short-term aged for two hours in accordance with AASHTO PP 2. The 6-inch (152-mm) specimens shall be compacted in accordance with AASHTO T 312 to seven percent air voids at 95-mm in height and evaluated to determine if the minimum Tensile Strength Ratio (TSR) of 80 percent has been met. If the mixture has not met the minimum TSR value, an anti-stripping additive shall be added at a dosage rate, such that the mix will meet the minimum TSR of 80 percent. All data shall be submitted with the mix design verification request. For mixtures containing an anti-stripping additive; during production of Lot #1, the Contractor shall provide to the NDR Central laboratory properly prepared gyratory samples for AASHTO T 283 testing. A TSR test result of less than 80 percent will require mixture modification(s) and a sample from subsequent lots will be tested until a TSR value of at least 80 percent is achieved. Moisture susceptibility testing is not required for Asphaltic Concrete Type SPS.

Paragraph 1. d. (1) of Subsection 1028.03 is void and superseded by the following:

When tests indicate the need for an anti-striping additive the Contractor shall be compensated for the cost of the anti-strip additive needed at the invoice price of the additive. If the Contractor elects to use a liquid anti-strip additive it shall be added to the PG Binder by the PG Binder Supplier.

Table 1028.11 is amended to include the following:

Table 1028.11
Gyratory Compaction Effort
(Average Design High Air Temperature = < 39 degrees C)

Asphaltic Concrete Type	Nini	Ndes	Nmax
SP6	9	126	204

Table 1028.12 is void and superseded by the following:

Table 1028.12

Mix Criteria	SPS,SP0,SP1	SP2	SP3,SP4,SP5,SP6
Voids In Mineral Aggregate	See Table 13		
Voids Filled with Asphalt	See Table 14		
%Gmm at Nini	91.5*	90.5	89.0
%Gmm at Nmax	98.0*	98.0	98.0

* No specification requirement for SPS, only %Gmm at Ndes = 95 to 98.5

Table 1028.14 is amended to include the following:

Table 1028.14
Voids Filled With Asphalt
Criteria at Ndes

Asphaltic Concrete Type	Design VFA, Percent
SP6	65 – 75

Paragraph 3. c. of Subsection 1028.03 is void and superseded by the following:

c. The adjustment values in Table 1028.15 will be the tolerances allowed for adjustments from the NDR verified mix design “Combined Gradation” target values which resulted from production or mix design adjustments, but cannot deviate from Superpave gradation criteria, or violate restricted zone criteria specified in paragraph 2. I. (1) of Subsection 1028.02. Mix adjustments for individual aggregates, including RAP, greater than 25% of the original verified mix design proportion may require the Contractor to submit a new mix design, as determined by the Engineer

Paragraph 4.c.(4) of Subsection 1028.03 is void and superseded by the following:

At the project start-up and when a substantial aggregate proportion or other major mix change has been made, at least 1 sample shall be taken between the first 110 tons (100 Mg) and 300 tons (270 Mg) of production. This sample, when other than at start-up, will be in lieu of the next scheduled random sample location.

Paragraph 4.c. (5) of Subsection 1028.03 is amended to include the following:

When both ignition oven and cold feed cold feed samples are being tested the taking of the samples shall be timed such that each sample represents, as close as possible, the same aggregate being fed into the plant.

Paragraph 4. c. (6) of Subsection 1028.03 is void and superseded by the following:

For projects using RAP material the FAA and CAA shall be established as follows:

A RAP sample will be processed though an ignition oven and then combined with the proportioned amount of virgin aggregate defined by the mix design and then proceeding with FAA and CAA testing.

Paragraph 4. f. (1) (i) of Subsection 1028.03 is void and superseded by the following:

Bulk Specific Gravity (Gmb) shall be determined for each specimen in accordance with AASHTO T 166- Bulk Specific Gravity of Compacted Bituminous Mixtures Using Saturated Surface Dry Specimens.

Paragraph 4.f. (1) (iv) of Subsection 1028.03 in the Supplemental Specifications is void and superseded by the following:

At the Contractor's request, upon evidence that the 3 Bulk Specific Gravity specimens are exhibiting consistency in their results, The Materials and Research Central Laboratory or Branch Manager may reduce the number of specimens to 2.

Paragraph 4. f. (3) (i) of Subsection 1028.03 is void and superseded by the following:

The Blended Aggregate Bulk Specific Gravity (Gsb) shall be determined from a combined aggregate blend, including any RAP following ignition burn-off, on the + #4 and - #4 material.

Paragraph 4. f. (5) of Subsection 1028.03 is void and superseded by the following:

5. (i) The percent of PG Binder shall be determined for each QC test. The percent of PG Binder will be computed by ignition oven results.
5. (ii) The gradations shall be determined for each QC test using AASHTO T 30.

Paragraph 4.g.(1) of Subsection 1028.03 is void and superseded by the following:

All test results and calculations shall be recorded and documented on data sheets using the latest version of NDOR provided "Superpave" software. A copy containing complete project documentation will be provided to the Materials and Research Division at the completion of the project.

Paragraph 4. h. (3) of Subsection 1028.03 is amended to include the following:

(x) Dust to Binder ratio to the nearest 0.01

The table of paragraph 4. i. (3) (i) of Subsection 1028.03 is void and superseded by the following:

Test	Tolerance
Asphalt Content by Ignition Oven	0.5%
Gyratory Density	0.020
Maximum Specific Gravity	0.015
Bulk Dry Specific Gravity (Gsb)	0.020
FAA	0.5%
CAA	10.0%
Field Core Density	0.020

Paragraph 5.b. of Subsection 1028.03 is void and superseded by the following:

Two consecutive test results (single test) outside the Specification limits or a (50% or reject) shall be cause to cease operations.

Paragraph 5.e. of Subsection 1028.03 is void and superseded by the following:

Failure to cease operations after two consecutive test results fall outside the Specification limits shall subject all subsequent material to be rejected.

Paragraph 7.b. of Subsection 1028.03 is amended to include SP6.

Paragraph 9. a. of Subsection 1028.03 is void and superseded by the following:

Density tests will be performed by the Contractor under direct observation of NDR personnel. The Contractor will establish the method of testing in the preconstruction conference and shall be tested in accordance with the AASHTO T 166 or NDR T 587. The Contractor will insure that the proper adjustment bias and/or correction factors are used and accessible to NDR personnel along with all other inputs when NDR T 587 is selected. All correlation factors and test results shall be generated and reported on the NDOR Density spreadsheet. All disputed values determined using NDR T 587 shall be resolved using AASHTO T 166.

The "**Note**" in paragraph 9.b. of Subsection 1028.03 is void and superseded by the following:

Note: The individual QC test value of the Maximum Mix Specific Gravity (Rice) will be used to calculate the density of each corresponding core.

Paragraph 9. h. 3 (i) of Subsection 1028.03 is void and superseded by the following:

If requested by the Contractor, check tests for all density tests in the original set, taken no later than the working day following placement will be allowed in lots with a density pay factor of less than 1.00. Locations for checks tests will be determined by a new random sampling schedule provided by the Engineer. The average density obtained by the check tests shall be used to establish the density pay factor for the lot.

Subsection 1028.03 is amended to include Paragraph 10 as follows:

10. PG Binder Sampling

- a. At least one sample (2-1 quart cans) (2-1 liter cans) of PG Binder will be sampled by the Contractor's QC Technician for every Lot (3750 tons) (3400 Mg) of asphalt concrete mixture produced.
- b. Samples will be taken in accordance with NDR Standard Method T 40.
- c. The QC Technician will include on the Sample Identification form all information required by the contract.

HYDRATED LIME SLURRY STABILIZATION

Description

This work shall consist of constructing a Hydrated Lime Slurry base course. Produce the stabilized base course by milling the bituminous pavement, mixing the reclaimed bituminous pavement material with hydrated lime slurry and emulsified asphalt. Spread and compact the mixture in accordance with these specifications, as shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

Materials

The hydrated lime slurry shall be manufactured at the jobsite by slaking pebble quicklime. Pebble quicklime shall conform to the requirements listed in these Special Provisions. Each load of quicklime shall be accompanied by a certification stating the purity of that load.

The Emulsified Asphalt to be used shall be CSS-1H or CSS-1.

Water used for the hydrated lime slurry shall conform to the requirements of Section 1005 of the Standard Specifications.

PEBBLE QUICKLIME

Description

This Specification covers pebble quicklime that is suitable for treatment of soil and soil-aggregate mixtures for purposes of stabilization. Pebble quicklime is a calcined material, the major part of which is calcium oxide or calcium oxide in natural association with a lesser amount of magnesium oxide capable of slaking with water. This specification applies to limes made from calcium type limestone.

Requirements

Provide materials that comply with the requirements of AASHTO M 216 (ASTM C 977).

Basis of Acceptance

Receipt and approval of certification stating purity and type.

The milled bituminous material shall meet the following gradation requirements:

Sieve Size	Percent Passing
1.25 inch (31.5 mm)	100

Mix Design

The Contractor shall have a mix design performed by a testing laboratory familiar with this type of recycling and shall be verified by the NDR.

The Contractor shall ensure that a technical representative from the bituminous material supplier is on the job site at the beginning of the project to ensure proper asphalt emulsion performance. The Contractor shall also ensure that the technical representative is available to check on the project and make adjustments to the asphalt emulsion formulation as needed.

Pebble quicklime shall be added by mass to the required quantity of water to provide uniform hydrated lime slurry having dry solids content of not less than 30 percent.

A minimum of 1.5 percent hydrated lime, based on the mass of dry RAP, shall be added to the RAP.

Approximately 1.5 percent asphalt emulsion, based on the mass of dry RAP, shall be added to the mixture.

Equipment

Cold Recycling shall consist of a unit or a combination of units, which will satisfactorily perform the following requirements:

A. Configuration

1. Slake pebble quicklime and transport the hydrated lime slurry to the milling operation.
2. Mill the bituminous pavement, add the hydrated lime slurry to the RAP, and pick up the RAP.
3. Process the RAP to meet the specified gradation.
4. Add the emulsified asphalt to the RAP and mix the RAP uniformly with the hydrated lime slurry and emulsified asphalt.
5. Deposit the mixture in a paver.

B. Performance

1. The slaking equipment shall be specifically manufactured for this purpose. Tank trucks or trailers used to transport hydrated lime slurry shall have mechanical agitators.
- 2.a. The milling unit shall be capable of milling the asphalt pavement to a depth shown in the plans and 12 feet (3.66 meters) wide in one pass, unless otherwise specified. It shall have automatic controls capable of maintaining uniform grade and cross-slope.
- 2.b. The milling chamber shall have a spray bar to incorporate hydrated lime slurry into the RAP. The metering device for the spray bar shall be calibrated to, and controlled by, the continuous weighing system for the RAP.
3. The RAP processing unit shall be a crusher with a scalper screen, or other approved devices capable of reducing the RAP to the specified gradation.
4. The mixing unit shall have a continuous weighing system for the RAP, coupled with meters to maintain the proper proportion of RAP material, hydrated lime slurry and emulsified asphalt. The mixing unit shall be capable of producing a homogenous mixture of processed RAP material, hydrated lime slurry and emulsified asphalt and depositing the recycled mixture into a paver, without segregation.
5. The liquid metering systems shall deliver the additive to within 0.2 percentage points of the desired application rate, and shall shut off automatically if the delivery of RAP material is stopped.
6. Positive means shall be provided for calibration of the weighing and metering devices.

Construction Requirements:

Cold mill the existing bituminous surfacing in such a manner that does not disturb the underlying material in the existing roadway.

Spreading and finishing

The RAP, lime and emulsion mixture shall be delivered to the paver immediately after mixing the lime with the RAP. The recycled material shall be spread and finished true to crown and grade, in one or more lifts with a bituminous paver meeting the requirements of Section 503 or other equipment approved by the Engineer.

Compaction and Density Requirements

NDR personnel shall monitor the stabilized base density with a nuclear gauge. As a minimum, one nuclear density determination will be taken every 0.5 miles (0.8 kilometers).

Compaction and density requirements for this project shall be a minimum of 97 percent of the target density obtained on a test strip compacted under the following conditions: The Mix temperature of the test strip shall be 50 degrees F (10° C) or higher. At least two test strips shall be completed to determine the target density and optimum sequence of rollers. These test strips will remain in place as part of the completed work. The depth of the lift shall be representative of the project.

Target density shall be the highest density achieved on the test strip using the rolling procedure approved by the Engineer. The rolling procedure, used on the test strip, shall have a minimum of six roller coverage's. The Engineer will use a nuclear gauge to establish a density growth curve for each procedure. Rolling shall be discontinued when four consecutive coverage's of the rollers fail to increase the density 1 pound per cubic foot (16 kg per cubic meter).

The Contractor shall have, as a minimum, the following self-propelled rollers for use on the project: a double drum vibratory steel roller and a pneumatic tire roller. The vibratory roller shall meet the requirements of Subsection 503 of the Standard Specifications and also have a minimum operating weight of 18,000 pounds (8165 kg) and a drum width of not less than 66 inches (1.68 meters). The vibratory roller may be used in the static mode. The pneumatic tired roller shall weigh at least 30 tons (27 Mg) and have a minimum tire pressure of 90 pounds per square inch (psi) (620 kPa). The air pressure in each of the pneumatic tires will be within 5 (psi) (34 kPa) of each other. The Contractor shall supply a suitable tire pressure gauge. The rollers shall have watering systems to keep drums and tires wetted as required to prevent mixture pickup.

When there is a significant change in mix proportions, weather conditions or other controlling factors the Engineer may require construction of another test strip(s) to check target density.

Stabilization will not be performed when the ambient air temperature is less than 50 degrees F (10 degrees C). Also, the weather must not be foggy or rainy. The above requirement may be waived, but only in writing by the Engineer.

CHECKING PERCENT SOLIDS OF LIME SLURRY

When requested by the Engineer, the Contractor shall determine the solids content of the hydrated lime slurry using Table 1, Table 2 and the Slurry Worksheet. The Contractor shall provide and use the standard weight per 83.205-ml Gardner cup meeting the requirements of ASTM D 244.

After a batch of lime slurry has been produced, use the following procedures to verify that the intended percent solids have been achieved.

Table 2, "Correction Factors to Adjust Density of Temperature", for accurate measurement of solids if slurry is not at 24 degrees C.

1. Fill a quart container 3/4 full with lime slurry. Samples can be taken from ports located at either end of the vessel. Do not use glass.
2. Weigh a dry, empty Gardner (WPG) cup and cover to the nearest 0.01 of a gram. Record this weight.
3. Shake the lime slurry sample well. Immediately fill the WPG cup.
4. Tap the WPG cup lightly on an immovable object to allow for the escape of air bubbles.
5. Slowly turn the cap of the WPG cup until it is completely seated. If the cover is pushed on quickly, lime slurry will squirt out through the hole in the center. Be sure to point the top of the WPG away from you (or others) while putting on the cap.
6. Hold the WPG cup by the top and bottom with thumb and forefinger. Be sure to cover the hole in the cap.
7. Rinse the WPG cup under running water to remove any lime from the outside of the cup.
8. Dry the outside of the cup thoroughly.
9. Weigh the dry, filled WPG cup to the nearest 0.01 of a gram. Record this weight.
10. Promptly remove the cover and insert thermometer. Record temperature.
11. Subtract the empty cup weight (step 2) from the filled cup weight (step 9). Record the difference.
12. Multiply the difference by 0.1. This number is the density (lbs./gallon) of the lime slurry. Record this number.
13. Look up the temperature correction in Table 2. Record.
14. Multiply the slurry density times the temperature correction. This is the adjusted slurry density. Record on the slurry worksheet.
15. Find the nearest density to that recorded above on the "Slurry Solids Chart" on Table 1, Slurry Solids Chart - 24 degrees C. The corresponding number is the percent solids of the lime slurry sample. Record on worksheet.

Preparation of Roadway

Remove vegetation from cracks, joints and other areas such as along edges of the roadway to prevent the contamination of the reclaimed asphalt pavement during the milling operation. If foreign matter or debris exists (dirt, leaves, etc.), the roadway shall be cleaned by power brooming.

Patching

The Contractor will repair all areas in the recycled roadway, which develop cracking and/or settlement after the cold recycling process. These areas shall be repaired by deep patching and completed prior to placement of the asphaltic concrete surfacing. The existing asphalt surfacing material, base and subgrade soil as required, shall be removed and replaced with the type of asphaltic concrete being produced on the project at that time and properly compacted to produce a stable repair.

Method of Measurement

Patching shall be measured for payment in accordance with Subsection 516.05 of the Standard Specifications.

Hydrated Lime Slurry Stabilization shall be measured for payment by the station of completed and accepted work measured along the project centerline. On irregular areas, Hydrated Lime Slurry Stabilization shall be measured in equivalent stations, this being the actual number of square meters of stabilization divided by 840.

The Hydrated Lime will be measured by the Ton (Mg) of hydrated lime used in the slurry. Using the relationship of Pure Quicklime (CaO) $\times 1.32 = \text{Hydrated Lime Ca(OH}_2\text{)}$, the basis of pay for jobsite slaked hydrated lime shall be the "calculated method" using the certified lime purity for each load as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Quicklime Delivered} \times \% \text{ purity} \times 1.32 &= A \\ \text{Quicklime Delivered} \times \% \text{ inert material} \times 1.0 &= B \\ A+B &= \text{Total Hydrated Lime Produced (Pay Quantity)}\end{aligned}$$

Emulsified Asphalt for Hydrated Lime Slurry Stabilization shall be measured for payment by the gallon (liter). The refinery certified volume shall be used as a basis of measurement if the entire shipment is used.

Basis of Payment

"Hydrated Lime Slurry Stabilization" shall be paid for at the Contract unit price per station. This price shall include the milling, processing, addition and mixing of the lime slurry and emulsified asphalt, shaping, compaction, finishing, vegetation removal, roadway sweeping, tests strips and for all equipment, labor, tools, and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

The accepted quantity of "Hydrated Lime" will be paid at the Contract unit price per ton (Mg).

The accepted quantity of "Emulsified Asphalt for Hydrated Lime Slurry Stabilization" will be paid at the Contract unit price per gallon (liter). If the actual type of Emulsified Asphalt used is different than that shown in these provisions, the unit price will be adjusted, up or down, by the difference in the invoice price of the material.

Patching, measured as provided herein, shall be paid for in accordance with Subsection 516.06 of the Standard Specifications.

Water used in the hydrated lime slurry will not be measured for payment but shall be considered subsidiary to the item "Hydrated Lime".

Table 1, Page 1
Slurry Solids Chart – 24°C

Density lbs./gal.	Slurry Solids %	Density lbs./gal.	Slurry Solids %	Density lbs./gal.	Slurry Solids %	Density lbs./gal.	Slurry Solids %
9.108	15.1	9.402	20.1	9.715	25.1	10.050	30.1
9.114	15.2	9.406	20.2	9.722	25.2	10.057	30.2
9.120	15.3	9.414	20.3	9.728	25.3	10.064	30.3
9.128	15.4	9.420	20.4	9.735	25.4	10.071	30.4
9.131	15.5	9.426	20.5	9.741	25.5	10.078	30.5
9.137	15.6	9.433	20.6	9.748	25.6	10.085	30.6
9.143	15.7	9.439	20.7	9.755	25.7	10.092	30.7
9.148	15.8	9.445	20.8	9.761	25.8	10.099	30.8
9.154	15.9	9.451	20.9	9.768	25.9	10.106	30.9
9.160	16.0	9.457	21.0	9.774	26.0	10.113	31.0
9.166	16.1	9.463	21.1	9.781	26.1	10.120	31.1
9.171	16.2	9.469	21.2	9.787	26.2	10.127	31.2
9.177	16.3	9.476	21.3	9.794	26.3	10.134	31.3
9.183	16.4	9.482	21.4	9.800	26.4	10.141	31.4
9.189	16.5	9.488	21.5	9.807	26.5	10.148	31.5
9.195	16.6	9.494	21.6	9.814	26.6	10.155	31.6
9.200	16.7	9.500	21.7	9.820	26.7	10.163	31.7
9.206	16.8	9.506	21.8	9.827	26.8	10.170	31.8
9.212	16.9	9.513	21.9	9.833	26.9	10.177	31.9
9.218	17.0	9.519	22.0	9.840	27.0	10.184	32.0
9.224	17.1	9.525	22.1	9.847	27.1	10.191	32.1
9.230	17.2	9.531	22.2	9.853	27.2	10.198	32.2
9.235	17.3	9.538	22.3	9.860	27.3	10.205	32.3
9.241	17.4	9.544	22.4	9.867	27.4	10.212	32.4
9.247	17.5	9.550	22.5	9.873	27.5	10.220	32.5
9.253	17.6	9.556	22.6	9.880	27.6	10.227	32.6
9.259	17.7	9.563	22.7	9.887	27.7	10.234	32.7
9.265	17.8	9.569	22.8	9.894	27.8	10.241	32.8
9.271	17.9	9.575	22.9	9.900	27.9	10.248	32.9
9.277	18.0	9.581	23.0	9.907	28.0	10.255	33.0
9.282	18.1	9.588	23.1	9.914	28.1	10.263	33.1
9.288	18.2	9.594	23.2	9.920	28.2	10.270	33.2
9.294	18.3	9.600	23.3	9.927	28.3	10.277	33.3
9.300	18.4	9.607	23.4	9.934	28.4	10.284	33.4
9.306	18.5	9.613	23.5	9.941	28.5	10.292	33.5
9.312	18.6	9.619	23.6	2.948	28.6	10.299	33.6
9.318	18.7	9.626	23.7	9.954	28.7	10.306	33.7
9.324	18.8	9.632	23.8	9.961	28.8	10.314	33.8
9.330	18.9	9.638	23.9	9.968	28.9	10.321	33.9
9.336	19.0	9.645	24.0	9.975	29.0	10.328	34.0
9.342	19.1	9.651	24.1	9.982	29.1	10.335	34.1
9.348	19.2	9.658	24.2	9.988	29.2	10.343	34.2
9.354	19.3	9.664	24.3	9.995	29.3	10.350	34.3
9.360	19.4	9.670	24.4	10.002	29.4	10.358	34.4
9.366	19.5	9.677	24.5	10.009	29.5	10.365	34.5
9.372	19.6	9.683	24.6	10.016	29.6	10.372	34.6
9.378	19.7	9.690	24.7	10.023	29.7	10.380	34.7
9.384	19.8	9.696	24.8	10.030	29.8	10.387	34.8
9.390	19.9	9.703	24.9	10.037	29.9	10.394	34.9
9.396	20.0	9.709	25.0	10.044	30.0	10.402	35.0

Table 1, Page 2
Slurry Solids Chart – 24°C

Density lbs./gal.	Slurry Solids %	Density lbs./gal.	Slurry Solids %	Density lbs./gal.	Slurry Solids %	Density lbs./gal.	Slurry Solids %
10.409	35.1	10.795	40.1	11.210	45.1	11.658	50.1
10.417	35.2	10.803	40.2	11.218	45.2	11.667	50.2
10.424	35.3	10.811	40.3	11.227	45.3	11.677	50.3
10.432	35.4	10.819	40.4	11.236	45.4	11.686	50.4
10.439	35.5	10.827	40.5	11.244	45.5	11.695	50.5
10.447	35.6	10.835	40.6	11.253	45.6	11.705	50.6
10.454	35.7	10.843	40.7	11.262	45.7	11.714	50.7
10.462	35.8	10.851	40.8	11.270	45.8	11.724	50.8
10.469	35.9	10.859	40.9	11.279	45.9	11.733	50.9
10.477	36.0	10.867	41.0	11.288	46.0	11.743	51.0
10.484	36.1	10.875	41.1	11.297	46.1	11.752	51.1
10.492	36.2	10.883	41.2	11.305	46.2	11.762	51.2
10.499	36.3	10.892	41.3	11.314	46.3	11.771	51.3
10.507	36.4	10.900	41.4	11.323	46.4	11.781	51.4
10.514	36.5	10.908	41.5	11.332	46.5	11.790	51.5
10.522	36.6	10.916	41.6	11.341	46.6	11.800	51.6
10.530	36.7	10.924	41.7	11.349	46.7	11.809	51.7
10.537	36.8	10.932	41.8	11.358	46.8	11.819	51.8
10.545	36.9	10.941	41.9	11.367	46.9	11.828	51.9
10.552	37.0	10.949	42.0	11.376	47.0	11.838	52.0
10.560	37.1	10.957	42.1	11.385	47.1	11.848	52.1
10.568	37.2	10.965	42.2	11.394	47.2	11.857	52.2
10.575	37.3	10.974	42.3	11.403	47.3	11.867	52.3
10.583	37.4	10.982	42.4	11.412	47.4	11.877	52.4
10.591	37.5	10.990	42.5	11.421	47.5	11.886	52.5
10.599	37.6	10.998	42.6	11.430	47.6	11.896	52.6
10.606	37.7	11.007	42.7	11.439	47.7	11.906	52.7
10.614	37.8	11.015	42.8	11.447	47.8	11.915	52.8
10.622	37.9	11.023	42.9	11.456	47.9	11.925	52.9
10.629	38.0	11.032	43.0	11.465	48.0	11.935	53.0
10.637	38.1	11.040	43.1	11.475	48.1	11.945	53.1
10.645	38.2	11.048	43.2	11.484	48.2	11.954	53.2
10.653	38.3	11.057	43.3	11.493	48.3	11.964	53.3
10.661	38.4	11.065	43.4	11.502	48.4	11.974	53.4
10.668	38.5	11.074	43.5	11.511	48.5	11.984	53.5
10.676	38.6	11.082	43.6	11.520	48.6	11.994	53.6
10.684	38.7	11.090	43.7	11.529	48.7	12.004	53.7
10.692	38.8	11.099	43.8	11.538	48.8	12.014	53.8
10.700	38.9	11.107	43.9	11.547	48.9	12.023	53.9
10.707	39.0	11.116	44.0	11.556	49.0	12.033	54.0
10.715	39.1	11.124	44.1	11.566	49.1	12.043	54.1
10.723	39.2	11.133	44.2	11.575	49.2	12.053	54.2
10.731	39.3	11.141	44.3	11.584	49.3	12.063	54.3
10.739	39.4	11.150	44.4	11.593	49.4	12.073	54.4
10.747	39.5	11.158	44.5	11.602	49.5	12.083	54.5
10.755	39.6	11.167	44.6	11.612	49.6	12.093	54.6
10.763	39.7	11.175	44.7	11.621	49.7	12.103	54.7
10.771	39.8	11.184	44.8	11.630	49.8	12.113	54.8
10.779	39.9	11.193	44.9	11.639	49.9	12.123	54.9
10.787	40.0	11.201	45.0	11.649	50.0	12.134	55.0

Table 2
Correction Factor to Adjust Slurry Densities for Temperature

Temp (C)	Factor	Temp (C)	Factor
20	0.99927	61	1.01176
21	0.99944	62	1.01218
22	0.99962	63	1.01262
23	0.99981	64	1.01305
24	1.00000	65	1.01349
25	1.00002	66	1.01394
26	1.00041	67	1.01439
27	1.00063	68	1.01485
28	1.00085	69	1.01531
29	1.00109	70	1.01578
30	1.00132	71	1.01626
31	1.00157	72	1.01673
32	1.00182	73	1.01722
33	1.00208	74	1.01770
34	1.00234	75	1.01820
35	1.00261	76	1.01870
36	1.00289	77	1.01920
37	1.00318	78	1.01971
38	1.00347	79	1.02022
39	1.00376	80	1.02074
40	1.00407	81	1.02126
41	1.00438	82	1.02179
42	1.00469	83	1.02232
43	1.00501	84	1.02286
44	1.00534	85	1.02341
45	1.00567	86	1.02395
46	1.00601	87	1.02451
47	1.00635	88	1.02506
48	1.00670	89	1.02563
49	1.00706	90	1.02619
50	1.00742	91	1.02677
51	1.00779	92	1.02734
52	1.00816	93	1.02793
53	1.00854	94	1.02851
54	1.00892	95	1.02911
55	1.00931	96	1.02970
56	1.00970	97	1.03031
57	1.01010	98	1.03091
58	1.01051	99	1.03152
59	1.01092	100	1.03214
60	1.01134	101	1.03276

TABULATION OF BORINGS (FOR INFORMATION ONLY)

Location	Distance Meters Rt or Lt of CL	Field Depth mm	Road Width Meters	Material Type	Remarks
R.P. 184.0	2.7 Rt.	254	8.3	AC	Gravel Base
R.P. 185.0	1.8 Rt.	241	8.3	AC	Gravel Base
R.P. 186.0	0.9 Rt.	254	8.3	AC	Bituminous Sand Base
R.P. 187.0	2.7 Rt.	178	8.3	AC	Bottom 2" Stripping
R.P. 188.0	1.8 Rt.	254	8.3	AC	Bottom 5" Stripping
R.P. 189.0	0.9 Rt.	197	8.3	AC	Sand Base
R.P. 190.0	2.7 Rt.	248	8.3	AC	Bottom 5" Stripping
R.P. 191.0	1.8 Rt.	241	8.3	AC	Gravel Base
R.P. 192.0	0.9 Rt.	292	8.3	AC	Gravel Base
R.P. 193.0	2.7 Rt.	267	8.3	AC	Gravel Base
R.P. 194.0	1.8 Rt.	279	8.3	AC	Gavel Base
R.P. 195.0	0.9 Rt.	362	8.3	AC	Gravel Base
R.P. 196.0	2.7 Rt.	267	8.3	AC	Bottom 5" Stripping

AGGREGATE FOR SUB-SURFACE DRAINAGE

This work shall consist of furnishing and placing granular materials for subsurface drainage as shown in the plans.

The aggregate shall conform to the requirements of fine aggregate for 47B concrete as specified in Section 1033 in the Standard Specifications.

The aggregate for subsurface drainage shall be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per cubic meter for the item "Aggregate For Sub-Surface Drainage". This price shall be considered full compensation for furnishing, placing, and compacting the granular materials, and for all labor, equipment, tools, and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

PROPOSAL GUARANTY (S1-38-0801)

As an evidence of good faith in submitting a proposal for this work or for any portion thereof as provided in the proposal form, the bidder must file with his proposal a bid bond, which must be executed on the Department of Roads' Bid Bond form, in the amount of 5 percent of the amount bid for any group of items or collection of groups for which the bid is submitted. Any alterations, conditions or limitations added to the Department of Roads' Bid Bond form will be unacceptable and cause the bid not to be opened and read.

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